

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY HYDERABAD**  
**B.TECH. III YEAR**  
**(AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING)**

V SEMESTER

R18

Course Code	Title of the Course	L	T	P	Contact Hours/Week	Credits
18PC1ME08	Heat Transfer	3	0	0	3	3
18PC1AE04	Manufacturing Technology	3	0	0	3	3
18PC1AE05	Theory of Machines	3	1	0	4	4
18PC1AE06	Vehicle Dynamics	3	0	0	3	3
	<b>Professional Elective -I</b>					
18PE1AE01	Alternative Fuels	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>
18PE1AE02	Simulation of Automotive Engines					
18PE1ME09	Mechatronic Systems					
18PE1ME10	Unconventional Machining Processes					
18PE1AE03	Quality Engineering in Manufacturing					
	<b>Open Elective -I</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>
18PC2ME05	Heat Transfer Laboratory	0	0	2	2	1
18PC2AE04	Manufacturing Technology Laboratory	0	0	2	2	1
18PC2AE05	Theory of Machines Laboratory	0	0	2	2	1
18PW4AE02	Internship	0	0	2	2	1
	<b>Total</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>23</b>
18MN6HS03	Gender Sensitization	2	0	0	2	0

## VI SEMESTER

R18

Course Code	Title of the Course	L	T	P	Contact Hours/Week	Credits
18HS1MG01	Engineering Economics and Accountancy	3	0	0	3	3
18PC1ME13	Design of Machine Elements	3	0	0	3	3
18PC1AE07	CAD/CAM	3	0	0	3	3
18PC1AE08	Automotive Electrical and Electronics	3	0	0	3	3
	<b>Professional Elective -II</b>					
18PE1AE04	Automotive Pollution and Control	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>
18PE1AE05	Mechanics of Machinery					
18PE1AE06	Automotive Embedded Systems					
18PE1AE07	Aerodynamics of Road Vehicles					
18PE1AE08	Industrial Engineering and Operations Research					
	<b>Open Elective -II</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>
18HS2EN02	Advanced English Communication Skills Laboratory	0	0	2	2	1
18PC2AE06	CAD/CAM Laboratory	0	0	2	2	1
18PC2AE07	Automotive Electrical and Electronics Laboratory	0	0	2	2	1
18PW4AE03	Design Thinking	0	0	4	4	2
<b>Total</b>		<b>18</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>23</b>

L – Lecture

T – Tutorial

P – Practical

**OE TRACKS BASED ON MEZZANINE TECHNOLOGIES:**

<b>OE TRACKS (Parent Department)</b>	<b>V SEMESTER</b>	<b>VI SEMESTER</b>	<b>VII SEMESTER</b>	<b>VIII SEMESTER</b>
<b>Smart Cities (CE)</b>	Smart Cities Planning and Development <b>(18OE1CE01)</b>	Green Building Technology <b>(18OE1CE02)</b>	Smart Materials and Structures <b>(18OE1CE03)</b>	Intelligent Transportation System <b>(18OE1CE04)</b>
<b>Waste Management (CE)</b>	Solid Waste Management <b>(18OE1CE05)</b>	Hazardous Waste Management <b>(18OE1CE06)</b>	Waste to Energy <b>(18OE1CE07)</b>	Intelligent Waste Management and Recycling System <b>(18OE1CE08)</b>
<b>Green Energy (EEE)</b>	Renewable Energy sources <b>(18OE1EE01)</b>	Renewable Energy Technologies <b>(18OE1EE02)</b>	Energy Storage Technologies <b>(18OE1EE03)</b>	Energy Management and Conservation <b>(18OE1EE04)</b>
<b>3D Printing and Design (ME)</b>	Elements of CAD <b>(18OE1ME01)</b>	Introduction to 3D Printing <b>(18OE1ME02)</b>	3D Printing - Machines, Tooling and Systems <b>(18OE1ME03)</b>	Reverse Engineering <b>(18OE1ME04)</b>
<b>Internet of Things (ECE)</b>	Sensors Transducers and Actuators <b>(18OE1EC01)</b>	Introduction to Microcontrollers and Interfacing <b>(18OE1EC02)</b>	IoT Protocols and its applications <b>(18OE1EC03)</b>	Wireless Sensor Networks <b>(18OE1EC08)</b>
<b>Augmented Reality (AR) / Virtual Reality (VR) (ECE)</b>	Introduction to C Sharp <b>(18OE1EC04)</b>	Introduction to Signal Processing <b>(18OE1EC05)</b>	Introduction to Image and Video Processing <b>(18OE1EC06)</b>	Applications of AR and VR <b>(18OE1EC07)</b>
<b>Artificial Intelligence (CSE)</b>	Mathematics for Artificial Intelligence <b>(18OE1MT02)</b>	Fundamentals of Artificial Intelligence <b>(18OE1CS01)</b>	Machine Learning Techniques <b>(18OE1CS02)</b>	Deep Learning <b>(18OE1CS03)</b>
<b>Blockchain Technologies (CSE)</b>	Fundamentals of Computer Networks <b>(18OE1CS04)</b> / Relational Data Base Management Systems <b>(18OE1CS08)</b>	Distributed Data Bases <b>(18OE1CS05)</b>	Cryptography and Network Security <b>(18OE1CS06)</b>	Blockchain Technology <b>(18OE1CS07)</b>
<b>Robotics (EIE)</b>	Fundamentals of Robotics <b>(18OE1EI01)</b>	Kinematics and Dynamics of Robotics <b>(18OE1EI02)</b>	Drives and Control Systems for Robotics <b>(18OE1EI03)</b>	Robot Programming and Intelligent Control Systems <b>(18OE1EI04)</b>
<b>Cyber Security (IT)</b>	Fundamentals of Computer Networks <b>(18OE1CS04)</b> / Relational Data Base Management Systems <b>(18OE1CS08)</b>	Cryptography and Network Security <b>(18OE1CS06)</b>	Essentials of Cyber Security <b>(18OE1IT01)</b>	Computer Forensics <b>(18OE1IT02)</b>
<b>Data Sciences / Big Data and Analytics (IT)</b>	Statistical Methods for Data Science <b>(18OE1MT03)</b>	Computational Thinking using Python <b>(18OE1IT03)</b>	Fundamentals of Data Mining <b>(18OE1IT04)</b>	Data Analysis and Visualization <b>(18OE1IT05)</b>
<b>Autonomous Vehicles (AME)</b>	Principles of Automobile Engineering <b>(18OE1AE01)</b>	Modern Automotive Technologies <b>(18OE1AE02)</b>	Electric, Hybrid and Fuel Cell Vehicles <b>(18OE1AE03)</b>	Connected and Autonomous Vehicles <b>(18OE1AE04)</b>

**GENERAL POOL OF OE COURSES:**

<b>OE TRACKS (Parent Departments)</b>	<b>COURSES</b>
<b>General- Computing (CSE / IT)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Programming through Java (<b>18OE1IT06</b>)</li><li>• Relational Data Base Management Systems (<b>18OE1CS08</b>)</li><li>• Computational Thinking using Python (<b>18OE1IT03</b>)</li><li>• Introduction to Data Analytics (<b>18OE1IT07</b>)</li><li>• Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms (<b>18OE1CS11</b>)</li></ul>
<b>General (H&amp;S)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Professional Ethics and Human Values (<b>18OE1HS01</b>)</li><li>• Entrepreneurship (<b>18OE1HS02</b>)</li><li>• Personality Development and Public Speaking (<b>18OE1HS03</b>)</li><li>• Foreign Language-French (<b>18OE1HS04</b>)</li></ul>
<b>General</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Smart Cities (<b>18OE1CE09</b>)</li><li>• Trends in Energy Sources for Sustainable Development (<b>18OE1EE05</b>)</li><li>• 3D Printing and Design (<b>18OE1ME05</b>)</li><li>• Embedded Systems for IoT (<b>18OE1EC09</b>)</li><li>• Artificial Intelligence - A Beginner's Guide (<b>18OE1CS09</b>)</li><li>• Blockchain Technology Essentials (<b>18OE1CS10</b>)</li><li>• Fundamentals of Robotics and Drones (<b>18OE1EI05</b>)</li><li>• Fundamentals of Cyber Security (<b>18OE1IT08</b>)</li><li>• Fundamentals of Data Science (<b>18OE1IT09</b>)</li><li>• Introduction to Advanced Vehicle Technologies (<b>18OE1AE05</b>)</li></ul>

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. V Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18PC1ME08) HEAT TRANSFER  
(Common to ME & AE)**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Engineering Mathematics and Thermodynamics

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand the conduction and convective modes of heat transfer in physical environment and to derive general mathematical equation
- Know the heat transfer through Homogeneous slabs, hollow cylinders, sphere, extended surfaces and fins
- Learn heat transfer during radiation, boiling and condensation
- Appreciate heat transfer through different types of heat exchangers

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Derive the general conduction equation in Cartesian, cylindrical and spherical coordinates

**CO-2:** Solve the problems related to heat transfer through homogeneous slabs, hollow cylinders, sphere, extended surfaces and fins

**CO-3:** Apply and calculate convective heat transfer equations to natural and forced convection

**CO-4:** Design the devices that transfer heat and measure their effectiveness

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Modes and mechanisms of heat transfer - Basic laws of heat transfer - Simple general discussion about applications of heat transfer. Conduction Heat Transfer: Fourier heat conduction equation - General heat conduction equation in Cartesian, Cylindrical and Spherical coordinates - simplification and forms of the field equation steady, unsteady and periodic heat transfer - Initial and boundary conditions.

**UNIT – II:**

**One Dimensional Steady State Conduction Heat Transfer:** Homogeneous slabs, hollow cylinders and sphere - overall heat transfer coefficient - electrical analogy - Critical radius of insulation - variable Thermal conductivity - systems with heat sources or Heat generation - extended surfaces and fins. One Dimensional Transient Conduction Heat Transfer: Systems with negligible internal resistance - chart solutions of transient conduction systems.

**UNIT – III:**

**Convective Heat Transfer:** Classification of systems based on causation of flow, condition of flow, configuration of flow and medium of flow - Dimensional analysis as a tool for experimental investigation - Concepts about hydrodynamic and thermal boundary layers - Buckingham Pi- Theorem and method, application for developing Semi - empirical non-dimensional correlation for convection heat transfer - Significance of non -dimensional numbers - use of empirical correlations for convective heat transfer- Forced Convection: Flat plates and horizontal pipes. Free Convection: Vertical plates and pipes.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Heat Transfer with Phase Change:** Heat transfer with boiling - pool boiling and film boiling - boiling curve for pool boiling - simple correlations for pool boiling - Condensation plates heat transfer: film wise and drop wise condensation - film condensation on vertical and horizontal cylinders using empirical correlations.

**UNIT – V:**

**Radiation Heat Transfer:** Emission characteristics and laws of black-body radiation - incident radiation - total and monochromatic quantities - laws of Planck, Wien, Kirchhoff, Lambert, Stefan and Boltzmann - heat exchange between two black bodies - concepts of shape factor - emissivity - heat exchange between grey bodies - radiation shields - electrical analogy for radiation networks.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Heat Exchangers:** Classification of heat exchangers - overall and fouling resistance - problems using LMTD – multiple passes and cross flow heat exchangers - effectiveness - NTU method of heat exchanger analysis.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Fundamentals of Engineering Heat and Mass Transfer, Sachdeva R.C., 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, New Age International, 2017
2. Heat and Mass Transfer Data Book, Kothandaraman C.P., 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, New Age International, 2018
3. Fundamentals of Heat and Mass Transfer, Thirumaleshwar M., Pearson Publisher, 2006

**REFERENCES:**

1. Heat Transfer: A Basic Approach, Ozsik, McGraw-Hill International Edition, 1985
2. Heat Transfer, Holman J.P., McGraw-Hill College, 1990
3. A Textbook on Heat Transfer, Sukhatme S.P., 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Sangam Books Ltd.
4. Heat and Mass Transfer, Kumar D. S., Katson Books, 2013
5. Fundamentals of Heat & Mass Transfer, Incopera, Dewitt, Wiley, 2006

## VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. V Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

### (18PC1AE04) MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Metallurgy and Material Science and Workshop/Manufacturing Practices

#### COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand about sand casting and metal casting techniques
- To impart the knowledge of various welding processes
- To understand about the importance of mechanical working processes
- To appreciate metal cutting process and working principles of various machine tools

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Select the suitable casting technique for making the components

**CO-2:** Perform different welding processes and understand importance of welding

**CO-3:** Know the various metal working processes.

**CO-4:** Analyze the metal cutting process and perform various machining processes

#### UNIT – I:

**Casting:** Steps involved in making a casting; Advantage of casting and its applications; Types of foundry sands, Types of patterns – Materials used for patterns, Pattern allowances; Principles of Gating, Gating ratio; Risers- Types;

**Special Casting Processes:** Centrifugal, Die, Investment casting only, Cupola furnace and Electric arc furnace only.

#### UNIT – II:

**Welding:** Classification of welding processes, types of welded joints, Gas welding, TIG & MIG welding, Resistance welding, thermit welding, friction stir welding, Soldering and Brazing, Welding defects.

#### UNIT – III:

**Mechanical Working-I:** Hot working; Cold working; Strain hardening; Recovery; Recrystallisation and grain growth; Blanking and piercing; Bending and forming; Drawing and its types; Wire drawing and Tube drawing; Coining; Hot and cold spinning.

{Limited to processes, advantages, disadvantages and applications only}

#### UNIT – IV:

**Mechanical Working-II:** Extrusion - Basic extrusion process and its characteristics; Hot extrusion and Cold extrusion; Forward extrusion and Backward extrusion – Impact extrusion; Hydrostatic extrusion; Extrusion defects. Forging Processes - Principles of forging; Tools and dies; Types of Forging; Smith forging; Drop Forging; Forging defects.

{Limited to processes, advantages, disadvantages and applications only}

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Theory of Metal Cutting:** Elements of cutting process, classification of cutting tools, geometry of single point tool, orthogonal cutting, chip formation and types of chips. Force relationships (Merchant's force circle), velocity relationships, cutting speed, feed, depth of cut. Tool wear and tool life, coolants, machinability and tool materials.

**Engine Lathe:** Principle of working, Classification, Specifications, Lathe parts, Work holders, Tool holders, Lathe attachments, Operations performed and Machining time.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Milling Machine:** Principle of working, Classification, Specifications, Features of horizontal, vertical and universal milling machines, Milling cutters, Operations performed, Overview on indexing and Machining time.

**Shaping, Slotting and Planing Machines:** Principle of working, parts, Specifications, Classification, Operations performed.

**Drilling and Boring Machines:** Principle of working, Parts, Specifications, Classification and Operations performed.

Overview on Grinding Process and Machines

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Manufacturing Technology Volume - I & II, Rao P.N., 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2018
2. Production Technology, Jain R.K., Khanna Publishers, 2004

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Manufacturing Engineering and Technology, Kalpakjian S., Schmid R., 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Publishers, 2002
2. Production Technology, Sharma P.C., 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, S. Chand Publishing, 2014
3. Principles of Modern Manufacturing, Mikell P. Groover, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Wiley, 2014

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**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. V Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>

**(18PC1AE05) THEORY OF MACHINES**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Engineering Mathematics, Engineering Mechanics and Engineering Graphics

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To know different machine elements and mechanisms
- To understand kinematic and dynamic characteristics of different mechanisms
- To select suitable drives and mechanisms for a particular application
- To discuss the concepts of governors and gyroscope

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Identify mechanisms and predict their motion

**CO-2:** Analyse kinematic and dynamic characteristics of different mechanisms

**CO-3:** Apply suitable drives and mechanisms

**CO-4:** Evaluate performance of governors and effects of gyroscopic couple

**UNIT – I:**

**Mechanisms and Machines:** Introduction, mechanism and machine, rigid and resistant bodies, link, kinematic pair, degrees of freedom, classification of kinematic pairs, kinematic chain linkage, mechanism and structure and mobility of mechanisms.

The four-bar chain, the slider-crank chain and double slider-crank chain mechanisms, inversions of these mechanisms and mechanical advantage.

**UNIT – II:**

**Kinematics:** Velocity and acceleration-motion of link in machine - Determination of velocity and acceleration diagrams, relative velocity method, application of relative velocity method-four bar chain and single slider crank chain, Klein's construction, Coriolis acceleration, determination of Coriolis component of acceleration

**Plane Motion of Body:** Instantaneous center of rotation, centrode - relative motion between two bodies-Three centers in line theorem.

**UNIT – III:**

**Cams:** Definition of cam and followers-their uses-types of followers and cams-terminology-types of follower motion-uniform velocity-simple harmonic motion and uniform acceleration, maximum velocity and acceleration during outward and return strokes in the above three cases.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Gears:** Friction wheels and toothed gears-types-law of gearing, condition for constant velocity ratio for transmission of motion, forms of teeth - Cycloidal and involute profiles. Velocity of sliding - Phenomena of interference, condition for minimum number of teeth to avoid interference, expression for arc of contact and path of contact.

**Gear Trains:** Introduction, train value, types - Simple and reverted gear trains, epicyclic gear train, methods of finding train value or velocity ratio and differential gear for an automobile.

**UNIT – V:**

**Governors:** Necessity of governor, Classification of Governors, Working principle of centrifugal governors- Watt, porter, Proell and Hartnell governors Stability of governor, Condition for stability, Concept of isochronism, Sensitivity of governor, Characteristics of governors, hunting of governors.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Gyroscope:** Angular velocity, angular acceleration, gyroscopic torque, gyroscopic effect on naval ships, stability of an automobile and stability of a two-wheel vehicle.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Theory of Machines, Ratan S.S., 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017
2. Theory of Machines, Gordon R. Pennock & Joseph E. Shigley John J. Uicker, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Oxford University Press, 2014

**REFERENCES:**

1. Theory of Machines, Thomas Bevan, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2009
2. Theory of Machines, Khurmi R. S. & Gupta J. K., S. Chand Publishing, 1976
3. Design of Machinery, Robert L. Norton, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2004
4. Theory of Machines, Sadhu Singh, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2011
5. Theory of Machines, Ballaney, P. L., Khanna Publishers, 2003

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. V Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18PC1AE06) VEHICLE DYNAMICS

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Engineering Physics, Mathematics, Engineering Mechanics and Automotive Chassis

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To identify different vehicle performance parameters
- To provide knowledge on vehicle ride model
- To study vehicle handling characteristics

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Illustrate different vehicle performance parameters

**CO-2:** Develop a vehicle ride model

**CO-3:** Understand vehicle handling characteristics

**UNIT – I:**

**Vehicle Performance:** Fundamental approach to modelling - lumped mass, vehicle fixed coordinate system, motion variables, earth fixed coordinate system, Euler angles, forces, newton's second law, dynamic axle loads - static loads on level ground, low- speed acceleration and loads on grades.

**Acceleration Performance:** Power-limited acceleration-engines, power train, automatic transmissions, traction-limited acceleration - transverse weight shift due to drive torque and traction limits.

**UNIT – II:**

**Braking Performance:** Constant deceleration, deceleration with wind resistance, energy/power, braking forces - rolling resistance aerodynamic drag, driveline drag, grade, brakes - brake factor, tyre-road friction – velocity, inflation pressure, vertical load, brake proportionating, anti-lock braking systems, braking efficiency, rear wheel lockup and pedal force gain.

**UNIT – III:**

**Tyre Dynamics:** Mechanics of pneumatic tyres, tyre forces and moments, rolling resistance of tyres, tractive (braking) effort and longitudinal slip (skid), cornering properties of tyres-slip angle and cornering force, slip angle and aligning torque, camber and camber thrust, performance of tyres on wet surfaces and ride properties of tyres.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Road Loads:** Aerodynamics - mechanics of air flow around a vehicle, pressure distribution on a vehicle, aerodynamic forces, drag components, aerodynamics aids - bumper spoilers, air dams, deck lid spoilers, window and pillar treatments, optimization, drag - air density, drag coefficient, side force, lift force, pitching moment, yawing moment, rolling moment, crosswind sensitivity.

**UNIT – V:**

**Ride:** Excitation sources - road roughness, tyre/wheel assembly, driveline excitation, engine/transmission, vehicle response properties - suspension isolation, suspension stiffness, suspension damping, active control, wheel hop responses, suspension nonlinearities, rigid body bounce/pitch motions and bounce pitch frequencies.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Handling:** Introduction, low speed turning, high speed cornering - tyre cornering forces and cornering equations, understeer gradient, characteristic speed, critical speed, lateral acceleration gain, yaw velocity gain, sideslip angle, static margin, suspension effects on cornering - roll moment distribution, camber change, roll steer, lateral force compliance steer, aligning torque, effect of tractive force on cornering and summary of under steer effects.

**TEXT BOOK:**

1. Fundamentals of Vehicle Dynamics, Thomas D. Gillespie, SAE, USA, 1992

**REFERENCES:**

1. Theory of Ground Vehicles, Wong J. Y., 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, John Wiley & Sons, USA, 2008
2. Automobile Mechanics, Giri N. K., 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, Khanna Pub. 2015

## VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. V Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

### (18PE1AE01) ALTERNATIVE FUELS

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Engineering Chemistry and Automotive Engines

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To identify various sources of alternative fuels for SI and CI engines
- To know the benefits and engine modifications required for using alternative fuels
- To provide the quality standards, regulations and third-party inspection for alternative fuel vehicles

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Select alternative fuels for using on SI and CI engines

**CO-2:** Explain the benefits and engine modifications required for using alternative fuels

**CO-3:** Recognize quality standards, regulations and third-party inspection for alternative fuel vehicles

#### **UNIT – I:**

**Hydrogen:** Properties, production, on-board storage, material compatibility, stationary storage, piping, dispensing, transportation, advantages and disadvantages, safety, standards, usage in IC engines and emissions.

**Liquid Hydrogen:** Properties, production, advantages and disadvantages, hazards, storage, transportation, piping, dispensing and emissions.

#### **UNIT – II:**

**Compressed Natural Gas:** Production, properties, storage, piping, advantages and disadvantages, dispensing, transportation, material compatibility, CNG fuel kits, engine modifications for CNG operations, CNG combustion, stoichiometric vs. lean burn CNG engines, engine optimization, vehicle emission, after treatment of exhaust, fueling station safety systems, CNG standards and regulations and third-party inspection for alternative fuels vehicles.

**Liquefied Natural Gas:** Production, properties, economics, advantages and disadvantages, transportation, storage, piping, dispensers, LNG to CNG conversion system, regulations for LNG, vehicle performance characteristics and emission.

#### **UNIT – III:**

**Liquefied Petroleum Natural Gas:** Production, properties, storage, dispensing and receptacles, material compatibility, piping, safety systems, transportation, advantages and disadvantages, LPG engine developments, LPG fuel kits, combustion, emissions and LPG Standards.

**Landfill Gas or Marsh Gas:** Production, properties, composition, monitoring pretreatment, usage, advantages and disadvantages, emissions and applications.

#### **UNIT – IV:**

**Biogas or Biomethane:** Production, composition, properties, biogas plants, treatment, storage, dispensing, advantages and disadvantages, hazards, emissions and regulations.

**Methanol:** Properties, production, applications, advantages and disadvantages, hazards, economics, storage, dispensing, combustion and emissions.

**Ethanol:** Properties, production, dry milling, material compatibility, storage, transportation, piping, dispensing, advantages and disadvantages, hazards, blends, engine modifications, combustion, emissions and standards.

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Straight Vegetable Oils:** Feedstock selection, iodine value, properties, production, degumming, storage, dispensing, material compatibility, advantages and disadvantages, engine modifications, combustion, emissions and standards.

**Biodiesel:** Feedstock selection, raw material, properties, production, storage, dispensing, material compatibility, standards, transportation, advantages and disadvantages, hazards, engine modifications, combustion and emissions.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Synthetic Alternative Fuels:** Properties, composition, production, storage, engine modifications, blends, combustion, performance and emission characteristics in SI and CI engines, advantages and disadvantages of HCNG and hythane, dimethyl ether, diethyl ether, syngas, plastic fuel and tyre pyrolysis oil.

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Alternative Fuels, Thipse S. S., Jaico Publishers, 2010

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. A Textbook of Alternative Fuel of Automobile Engine, Rami Reddy and Yousuf, Front line Publishers
2. Powering Your Vehicle with Straight Vegetable Oil, Forest Gregg

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. V Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18PE1AE02) SIMULATION OF AUTOMOTIVE ENGINES

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Thermodynamics, Applied Thermodynamics and Automotive Engines

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To identify the importance of IC engine modeling
- To impart knowledge in computer simulation of IC engine process
- To explain the concepts combustion and emission analysis
- To provide modeling and simulation for new concept engines

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Model IC engine

**CO-2:** Discuss combustion and analysis of IC engine

**CO-3:** Simulate IC engine

**CO-4:** Appreciate modeling and simulation for new concept engines

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** First law and second law analysis, governing equation, conservation of mass, momentum and energy.

**UNIT – II:**

**Combustion in SI Engines:** Combustion in premixed flames - Stages of combustion, flame propagation, rate of pressure rise, cycle-to-cycle variation, abnormal combustion – Theories and effect of engine operating variables on combustion.

**UNIT – III:**

**Combustion in CI Engines:** Combustion in diffusion flames - Droplet and spray combustion theory, stages of combustion, delay period, peak pressure, heat release, gas temperature and diesel knock.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Modeling of IC Engines:** Heat of reaction -  $H_{rp}$  and  $U_{rp}$  calculations, adiabatic, constant volume combustion, constant pressure combustion, temperature drop due to fuel vaporization, adiabatic flame temperature, mean effective pressure, torque and thermal efficiency at full throttle, part throttle and supercharged conditions. Spray models, flow models and combustion models.

**UNIT – V:**

**Simulation of IC Engines:** SI and CI engine simulation – Air standard cycle, fuel-air cycle, progressive combustion cycle and actual cycle simulation – Part throttle, full throttle and supercharged conditions.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Simulation of New Engine Concept:** Dual fuel engine, low heat rejection engine, lean burn engine, variable compression ratio engine, homogeneously charged compression ignition engine and controlled auto ignition engine.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Computer Simulation of Spark-Ignition Engine Processes, Ganesan V, Universities Press (I) Ltd, Hyderabad, 1996
2. Computer Simulation of Compression-Ignition Engine Processes, Ganesan V., University Press (I) Ltd, Hyderabad, 2000

**REFERENCES:**

1. Internal Combustion Engines, Ganesan V., Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2008
2. Internal Combustion Engine Fundamentals, Heywood J.B., McGraw Hill Book Co., USA, 1988
3. Modeling of Internal Combustion Engines Processes, Ramoss A.L., McGraw Hill Publishing Co., 1992
4. Thermodynamic Analysis of Combustion Engines, Ashley Campbel, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1986



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L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

**(18PE1ME09) MECHATRONIC SYSTEMS**  
**(Common to ME & AE)**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To design Mechatronics system and simulation for ergonomics and safety
- To do theoretical and practical aspects of computer interfacing, real time data acquisition and control
- To design of motion control, motion converter and temperature control
- To realize the concepts of real time interfacing and data acquisition

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Understand the basics and key elements of Mechatronics design process

**CO-2:** Familiar with basic system modeling

**CO-3:** Understand the concepts of engineering system and dynamic response of the system

**CO-4:** Understanding the concepts of design of Mechatronics system through case studies

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Design of Mechatronics System:** Key elements – Mechatronics design process – design parameters – mechatronics and traditional design – Advanced approaches in mechatronics design – Introduction to industrial design, modelling, simulation and analysis – Ergonomics and safety.

**UNIT – II:**

**Basic System Modelling:** Introduction – model categories – model development – Simulation using softwares – verification and validation – Mathematical modelling: Basic system modelling – mechanical electrical, fluid and thermal.

**UNIT – III:**

**Mechatronic System Modelling:** Engineering systems: Rotational – translational, electro- mechanical, pneumatic-mechanical, hydraulic-mechanical, micro electromechanical system – Dynamic responses of system: first order, second order system – Performance measures

**UNIT – IV:**

**Real Time Interfacing:** Introduction – Selection of interfacing standards- elements of data acquisition and control systems – Overview of I/O process – general purpose I/O cards and its installation – Data conversion process – Application softwares – Man machine interface.

**UNIT – V:**

**Case Studies on Design of Mechatronics System:** Motion control using DC Motor, AC Motor and Servomotor - Temperature control of hot/cold reservoir – Pick and place

robot – Car parking barriers – Motion and temperature control of washing machine – Auto focus camera, exposure control

**UNIT – VI:**

**Robotic Vision System - Image Acquisition:** Vidicon, charge coupled device (CCD) and charge injection device (CID) cameras. Image processing techniques: histogram processing: sliding, stretching, equalization and thresholding. Case studies of Mechatronics systems: Automatic camera, bar code reader, pick and place robot, automatic car park barrier system, automobile engine management system.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Mechatronics System Design, Devdas Shetty, Richard A. Kolk, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Cengage Learning, 2011
2. Mechatronic Systems: Modeling and Simulation, Georg Pelz, with HDL's, John Wiley and sons Ltd, 2003

**REFERENCES:**

1. Mechatronics Handbook, Bishop, Robert H., CRC Press, 2002
2. Mechatronics: Electronics in Products and Processes, Bradley, D. Dawson, N.C. Burd and A.J. Loader, CRC Press 1991, First Indian Print, 2010
3. Mechatronics: A Foundation Course, De Silva, Taylor & Francis, Indian Reprint, 2013

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**B.Tech. V Semester**

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<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18PE1ME10) UNCONVENTIONAL MACHINING PROCESSES  
(Common to ME & AE)**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Manufacturing Technology & Metallurgy and Material Science

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To know the importance of various non-traditional machining processes and their applicability to various metals, non-metals and alloys
- To understand the working principles of mechanical energy based and spark energy-based material removal processes
- To remember the working principles of chemical and electro-chemical based material removal processes
- To remember the working principles of thermal energy-based material removal processes

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to  
**CO-1:** Summarize various Non-traditional machining methods which are applicable for difficult-to-cut materials, defence and aerospace sectors

**CO-2:** Analyze and decide the process parameters to be adopted and applicability of various materials that are suitable for mechanical energy and spark energy-based machining processes.

**CO-3:** Analyze and decide the process parameters to be adopted and applicability of various materials that are suitable for chemical and electro-chemical based energy based machining processes

**CO-4:** Analyze and decide the process parameters to be adopted and applicability of various materials that are suitable for thermal based machining processes

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Unconventional Machining Process, Need, Classification, Brief overview of all techniques, Study of material removal phenomena.

**UNIT – II:**

**Mechanical Energy Based Processes:** Abrasive Jet Machining – Water Jet Machining – Abrasive Water Jet Machining- Ultrasonic Machining (AJM, WJM, AWJM, USM). Working Principles – equipment used – Process parameters – MRR – Applications.

**UNIT – III:**

**Electrical Energy Based Processes:** Electric Discharge Machining (EDM) - working Principles-equipments-Process Parameters-MRR- electrodes Used – Power Circuits – Dielectric – Flushing – Applications, Wire Cut EDM- Applications

**UNIT – IV:**

**Chemical and Electro-Chemistry Energy Based Processes:** Chemical Machining and Electro-Chemical machining (CHM and ECM)-Etchants-maskants -techniques of applying maskants-Process Parameters – MRR-Applications-Principles of ECM-equipments-MRR-Processes Parameters.

**UNIT – V:**

**Thermal Energy Based Processes:** Laser Beam Machining (LBM), Plasma Arc Machining (PAM) and Electron Beam Machining (EBM), Principles-Equipment-Process Parameters - Applications.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Advanced Machining Processes:** Magnetic abrasive finishing, Abrasive flow finishing, Electro stream drilling, shaped tube electrolyte machining.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Advanced Machining Processes, Vijay K. Jain, Allied Publishers
2. Modern Machining Processes, P. C. Pandey, H. S. Shan, Tata McGraw-Hill Education

**REFERENCES:**

1. Nontraditional Manufacturing Processes, Benedict G. F., Marcel Dekker
2. Advanced Methods of Machining, McGeough, Chapman and Hall, London
3. Unconventional Machining Processes, P. K. Mishra, Narosa

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(18PE1AE03) QUALITY ENGINEERING IN MANUFACTURING

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the types of factors and principles of quality loss function
- To understand the robust design methodology in solving practical engineering problems
- To comprehend the various quality control tools

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Value the concept of quality, use quality tools and obtain the quality loss

**CO-2:** Utilize the analytical techniques to find out the variation in the data and obtain optimal results

**CO-3:** Select and use the proper orthogonal arrays in designing, conducting and analyzing the experiments

**CO-4:** Formulate parameter and tolerance design strategies

**UNIT – I:**

**Quality Value and Engineering:** An overall quality system, Quality engineering in product design, Quality engineering in design of production processes, Quality engineering in production.

**Loss Function and Quality Level:** Derivation and use of Quality Loss Function (QLF), Economic consequences of tightening tolerances as a means to improve quality, Evaluations and types tolerances - N-type, S-type and L-type.

**UNIT – II:**

**Analysis of Variance (ANOVA):** NO - way ANOVA, One-way ANOVA, Two-way ANOVA, Critique of F-test, ANOVA for four level factors and multiple level factors.

**UNIT – III:**

**Orthogonal Arrays:** Introduction to OA, Degrees of Freedom, Structure of OA, Linear Graphs & Interaction tables, Strategies in Experimentation - Typical test strategies, Better test strategies & Efficient test strategies, Steps in designing, conducting and analyzing an experiment.

**Interpolation of Experimental Results:** Interpretation methods, Percent contribution, estimating the mean.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Tolerance Design and Tolerancing:** Functional limits, Tolerance design for N-type, L-type and S-type characteristics and tolerance allocation for multiple components.

**UNIT – V:**

**Parameter and Tolerance Design:** Introduction to parameter design, Signal to noise ratios, Parameter design strategy, some of the case studies on parameter and tolerance designs.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Quality Tools:** ISO-9000 Quality System, Business Process Re-engineering (BPRE), Six-sigma, Bench making, Quality circles, Brain Storming, Fishbone diagram.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Taguchi Techniques for Quality Engineering, Phillip J. Ross, McGraw Hill, Intl. 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 1995
2. Quality Engineering in Production Systems, G. Taguchi, Elsayed A., McGraw Hill Intl. Edition, 1989

**REFERENCES:**

1. Quality Engineering using Robust Design, Madhav S. Phadke, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 1989
2. Total Quality Management, Poornima M. Charantimath, Pearson Education, 2003
3. Taguchi Methods Explained: Practical Steps to Robust Resign, Tapan P. Bagchi, Prentice Hall Ind Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

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### (18OE1AE01) PRINCIPLES OF AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING

#### COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the layout of an automobile and functionalities subsystems
- To provide overview on concepts of engine, cooling, lubrication and fuel systems
- To present constructional features and working of automotive driveline and running systems
- To study the fundamentals and principles of automotive electrical systems

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Explain the functionalities of automotive systems and subsystems

**CO-2:** Give an overview on engine and engine subsystems

**CO-3:** Describe working of automotive driveline and running systems

**CO-4:** Discuss the concepts of automotive starting, ignition and charging systems

#### UNIT – I:

**Introduction:** Classification of automobiles, layout of an automobile, automobile sub systems and their role. Types of chassis, role and requirement of a chassis frame, types of frames, materials, loading points and types of bodies.

#### UNIT – II:

**Engine:** Classification and components of an engine, principle and working of four stroke and two stroke SI and CI engines, petrol fuel system - carburetor, diesel fuel system - diesel fuel pump, injectors, introduction to electronic fuel injection system – MPFI and CRDI.

#### UNIT – III:

**Cooling and Lubrication:** Necessity of cooling, air-cooling, water cooling - thermosyphon and pump cooling, radiator, pump, thermostat, antifreeze solution and radiator fan. Mist, splash and forced lubrication, oil filters and oil pumps.

#### UNIT – IV:

**Drive Line:** Clutches, principle, single plate clutch, multi plate clutch and centrifugal clutch. Gear box - Need, sliding mesh, constant mesh and synchromesh gear box. Propeller shaft, universal joint, differential, wheels and tyres.

#### UNIT – V:

**Running Systems:** Suspension systems – Objective, rigid axle and independent suspension system and torsion bar. Steering system – Layout, steering mechanism, steering geometry and steering gearboxes. Brake system – Principle, stopping distance, types of brakes and actuation.

#### UNIT – VI:

**Electrical Systems:** Starting system - Principle, working of different starter drive units and solenoid switches. Ignition system - Conventional ignition system types, ignition advance and retarding mechanisms. Charging system - Alternator principle, construction and working, cut-outs and regulators.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Advanced Vehicle Technology, Heinz Heisler, Butterworth Heinemann Publishers, 2002
2. Automobile Electrical Equipment, Crouse W. H., McGraw Hill Book Co., Inc., New York, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 1986

**REFERENCES:**

1. Motor Vehicle, Garrett T K, Newton K. and Steeds W. Butterworths & Co. Publishers Ltd., New Delhi, 2001
2. Automotive Electrical Equipment, Kohli P. L., Tata McGraw Hill Co., Ltd., New Delhi, 1975
3. Automotive Chassis and Body, Crouse W. H., McGraw Hill Book Co., 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 1976
4. Automotive Mechanics, Giri N. K., Khanna Publications, 2006



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L	T/P/D	C
0	2	1

**(18PC2ME05) HEAT TRANSFER LABORATORY**  
**(Common to ME & AE)**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Thermodynamics and Heat and Mass Transfer

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To analyze various modes of heat transfer experimentally
- To measure heat transfer through conduction
- To measure heat transfer through natural and forced convection
- To measure heat transfer through radiation

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Identify and analyse the mode of heat transfer

**CO-2:** Evaluate thermal conductivity of lagged pipe, metal bar and insulating powder

**CO-3:** Find heat transfer coefficient for natural and forced convection

**CO-4:** Estimate emissivity of the given metal

**LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:**

Any 10 experiments to be conducted from the following

1. Determination of thermal conductivity of given metal rod
2. Determination of Stefan Boltzmann constant
3. To find out critical heat flux
4. Determination of overall heat transfer coefficient of composite wall
5. Determination of thermal conductivity of lagged Pipe
6. Determination of heat transfer coefficient in forced convection apparatus
7. Determination of heat transfer coefficient in natural convection apparatus
8. Determination of thermal conductivity of insulating powder
9. Determination of effectiveness of heat exchanger
10. Measurement of emissivity of given test plate
11. Heat transfer in dropwise and film wise condensation
12. Determination of heat transfer coefficient and instantaneous heat transfer rate for transient heat conduction

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**B.Tech. V Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>

**(18PC2AE04) MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Workshop, Manufacturing Technology, Metallurgy and Material Science

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand casting techniques and sand properties
- To learn different welding processes and their applications
- To apprehend various sheet metal working practices
- To practice various machining operations

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Apply the knowledge in casting techniques

**CO-2:** Decide the selection of various welding techniques for different materials

**CO-3:** Practice the sheet metal working practices

**CO-4:** Perform various machining operations

**LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:**

Any 10 experiments to be conducted from the following

1. Pattern design and making
2. Moulding and casting
3. Moulding sand testing for strength and permeability
4. Spot welding
5. TIG welding
6. MIG welding
7. Brazing
8. Blanking and piercing
9. Bending
10. Injection moulding
11. Blow moulding
12. Machining horizontal surface on shaper
13. Plane milling /gear milling

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L	T/P/D	C
0	2	1

(18PC2AE05) THEORY OF MACHINES LABORATORY

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Theory of Machines

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To evaluate the follower movement and mass moment of Inertia
- To Understand the working of various governors
- To study the static and dynamic balancing and gyroscopic effects
- To analyze whirling of shaft and natural frequency of undamped and damped free vibration system

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Balance the static and dynamic forces and identify the effects of gyroscopic couple

**CO-2:** Calculate the natural frequency of Undamped and damped free vibration system

**CO-3:** Draw cam profile based on the follower movement and calculate the mass moment of inertia

**CO-4:** Analyse the various governors

**LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:**

Any 10 experiments to be conducted from the following

1. Pressure distribution in journal bearing
2. Follower and cam analysis
3. Hartnell governor test
4. Porter and Proell governor test
5. Static and dynamic balancing using rigid blocks
6. Motorized gyroscope
7. Bifilar and Trifilar suspension system test
8. Whirling speed of a given shaft
9. Undamped torsional vibration of a single rotor shaft and two rotor shaft system
10. Damped force vibration of a spring mass system
11. Undamped free vibration of an equivalent spring mass system
12. Coriolis's component of acceleration at various speeds of rotation
13. Study of epicyclic gear train

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### (18MN6HS03) GENDER SENSITIZATION

#### COURSE DESCRIPTION:

This course offers an introduction to Gender Studies, an interdisciplinary field that asks critical questions about the meanings of sex and gender in society. The primary goal of this course is to familiarize students with key issues, questions and debates in Gender Studies, both historical and contemporary. It draws on multiple disciplines – such as literature, history, economics, psychology, sociology, philosophy, political science, anthropology and media studies – to examine cultural assumptions about sex, gender, and sexuality. This course integrates analysis of current events through student presentations, aiming to increase awareness of contemporary and historical experiences of women, and of the multiple ways that sex and gender interact with race, class, caste, nationality and other social identities. This course also seeks to build an understanding and initiate and strengthen programmes combating gender-based violence and discrimination. The course also features a number of exercises and reflective activities designed to examine the concepts of gender, gender-based violence, sexuality, and rights. It will further explore the impact of gender-based violence on education, health and development.

#### ACTIVITIES:

Classes will consist of a combination of activities: dialogue-based lectures, discussions, collaborative learning activities, group work and in-class assignments.

#### COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To sensitize students on issues of gender in contemporary India
- To provide a critical perspective on the socialization of men and women
- To expose the students to debates on the politics and economics of work
- To enable students to reflect critically on gender violence
- To expose students to more egalitarian interactions between men and women

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Understand important issues related to gender in contemporary India

**CO-2:** Attain a finer grasp of how gender discrimination works in our society and how to counter it

**CO-3:** Acquire insight into the gendered division of labour and its relation to politics and economics

**CO-4:** Respond to put an end to gender violence

**CO-5:** Equipped to work with the other gender treating them as equals

#### MODULE 1: Introduction to Gender

- ☐ Definition of Gender
- ☐ Basic Gender Concepts and Terminology
- ☐ Exploring Attitudes towards Gender
- ☐ Social Construction of Gender

## **MODULE 2: Gender Roles and Relations**

- ☐ Types of Gender Roles
- ☐ Gender Roles and Relationships Matrix
- ☐ Gender-based Division and Valuation of Labour

## **MODULE 3: Gender Development Issues**

- ☐ Identifying Gender Issues
- ☐ Gender Sensitive Language
- ☐ Gender, Governance and Sustainable Development
- ☐ Gender and Human Rights
- ☐ Gender and Mainstreaming

## **MODULE 4: Gender-based Violence**

- ☐ The concept of violence
- ☐ Types of Gender-based violence
- ☐ The relationship between gender, development and violence
- ☐ Gender-based violence from a human rights perspective

## **MODULE 5: Gender and Culture**

- ☐ Gender and Film
- ☐ Gender and Electronic Media
- ☐ Gender and Advertisement
- ☐ Gender and Popular Literature

## **MODULE 6: Gender and Studies**

- ☐ Knowledge: Through the Lens of Gender Point of View, Gender and the Structure of Knowledge
- ☐ Whose History: Questions for Historians and Others, Reclaiming a Past, Writing Other Histories

## **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Towards a World of Equals: A Bilingual Textbook on Gender, A. Suneetha, Uma Bhrugubanda, Duggirala Vasanta, Rama Melkote, Vasudha Nagaraj, Asma Rasheed, Gogu Shyamala, Deepa Sreenivas and Susie Tharu, Telugu Akademi, Telangana Government, 2015

## **REFERENCES:**

1. Sen, Amartya, More than One Million Women are Missing, New York Review of Books 37.20 (20 December 1990). Print. 'We Were Making History' Life Stories of Women in the Telangana People's Struggle. New Delhi: Kali for Women, 1989
2. Tripti Lahiri, By the Numbers: Where Indian Women Work, Women's Studies Journal (14 November 2012) Available online at: <http://blogs.wsj.com/India-real-time/2012/11/14/by-the-numbers-where-India-women-work/>>
3. Abdulali Sohaila I Fought For My Life ...and Won Available online at:<http://www.thealternative.in/lifestyle/i-fought-for-my-lifeand-won-sohaila-abdulal/>
4. K. Kapadia, The Violence of Development: The Politics of Identity, Gender and Social Inequalities in India, London: Zed Books, 2002

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**B.Tech. VI Semester**

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**(18HS1MG01) ENGINEERING ECONOMICS AND ACCOUNTANCY**  
**(Common to all branches)**

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To explain the basic nature of pure economics and to analyse certain concepts of both Micro & Macro Economics and to know the role of managerial economics in solving problems of business enterprises
- To understand different forms of organizing private-sector and public-sector business enterprises and problems which have been encountered by public enterprises in India
- To describe each stage of product life cycle with the help of different costs and their role in maintaining optimum cost of production and overall profitability by considering different market competitions
- To analyse the process involved in preparation of project proposals, to estimate capital required to commence and carry-on business projects, to know the various sources of mobilizing required amount of capital and to evaluate investment opportunities
- To apply the basic accounting concepts & conventions and to analyse financial position of business enterprise

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Perform decision making function effectively in an uncertain framework by applying the concepts of economics, manage demand efficiently and plan future course of action

**CO-2:** Select suitable form of business organization which meets the requirements of business

**CO-3:** Fix the right price which can best meet the pre-determined objectives of the business under different market conditions

**CO-4:** Identify the best source of mobilising capital, select most profitable investment opportunity, carry out & evaluate benefit/cost, life-cycle and Break-even analysis on one or more economic alternatives

**CO-5:** Prepare book of accounts and understand overall position of the business enterprise, therefore, take appropriate measures to improve the situation

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Economics:** Definition, nature, scope and types of Economics. Concepts of Macro-Economics: Gross Domestic Product (GDP), Gross National Product (GNP), National Income (NI) & Rate of Inflation.

**Managerial Economics:** Definition, nature, scope & significance. Elements of Managerial Economics: Demand Analysis, Law of Demand, Elasticity of Demand and Demand Forecasting.

**UNIT – II:**

**Private Sector Business Enterprises:** (i) Sole Proprietorship - Definition, features, merits, limitations & suitability. (ii) Partnership - Definition, Partnership Act, features, types, merits, limitations, suitability. (iii) Joint-Stock Company - Definition, Companies Act, features, types, merits, limitations, suitability.

**Public Sector Business Enterprises:** Definition, features, objectives, merits, problems.

**UNIT – III:**

**Market Structures:** Definition & common features of market and classifications of markets. Evaluation of market structures-Perfect Competition, Monopoly, Monopolistic Competition and Oligopoly.

**Product Life-Cycle and Pricing:** Definition, various stages of PLC, and Life-Cycle Costs; objectives and methods of pricing.

**Introduction to Financial Accounting:** Definition, basic principles and double-entry book-keeping, practice of accounting process-Journal, ledger, trial balance and final accounts (simple problems)

**UNIT – IV:**

**Financial Analysis through Ratios: Meaning, computation of ratios**

**(i) Liquidity Ratios:** Current Ratio and Quick Ratio,

**(ii) Solvency Ratios:** Interest Coverage Ratio and Debt- Equity Ratio,

**(iii) Activity Ratios:** Stock/Inventory Turnover Ratio and Debt Turnover Ratio,

**(iv) Profitability Ratios:** Gross Profit Ratio, Net Profit Ratio & Earning Per Share(EPS) Ratio.

**UNIT – V:**

**Management Accounting:** Definition & nature of Management Accounting. Capital: Types of capital, factors influencing capital requirements, sources of mobilising Fixed and Working Capital.

**UNIT -VI:**

**Cost Accounting:** Definition, Types of costs – Opportunity cost, Explicit/Out-of-Pocket cost, Implicit/Imputed cost, Fixed cost, Variable cost, Semi-Variable cost, Differential cost, Sunk cost, Total cost, Average cost & Marginal cost. Break-Even/Cost-Volume-Profit (CVP) Analysis (Simple Problems).

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, Aryasri, Tata McGraw Hill, 2009
2. Managerial Economics, Varshney & Maheswari, Sultan Chand, 2009
3. Principles of Marketing: A South Asian Perspective, Kotler Philip, Gary Armstrong, Prafulla Y. Agnihotri, and Eshan ul Haque, 2010, 13<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education/Prentice Hall of India

**REFERENCES:**

1. Indian Economy, Misra S. K. and Puri, Himalaya Publishers
2. Textbook of Business Economics, Pareek Saroj, Sunrise Publishers
3. Financial Accounting for Management: An Analytical Perspective, Ambrish Gupta, Pearson Education
4. Managerial Economics, H. Craig Peterson & W. Cris Lewis, Prentice Hall of India
5. Guide to Proposal Writing, Jane C. Geever & Patricia McNeill, Foundation Centre

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3	0	3

### (18PC1ME13) DESIGN OF MACHINE ELEMENTS (Common to ME & AE)

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Mathematics, Engineering Mechanics, Mechanics of Solids, Theory of Machines

#### COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand different properties of Materials and relationship between them
- To understand the principles of stress and strain as applied to solid bodies, and structural and machine elements under the action of loads including fatigue and supports
- To understand the form mathematical equation and analyze problems by making appropriate assumptions and learn systematic and analytical engineering method to solve the practical design engineering problems
- To understand different types of elements like fasteners, joints, bearings etc.
- To understand the overview of different types of machine elements like different bearings, gears, shafts, power screws, clutches, couplings, flywheels, and flexible mechanical elements to gain a comprehensive view of the use of various elements in machinery

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Model and analyze design problems in mechanical/ structural engineering

**CO-2:** Apply knowledge of standard elements and their use in designing the machine elements

**CO-3:** Predict modes of failure in materials/ machine elements caused by different types of loads under operation

**CO-4:** Apply knowledge of design procedures to design the basic machine elements

#### UNIT – I:

**Introduction:** The meaning of design; Mechanical engineering design; The phases of design; Recognition and identification; Evaluation and presentation; Design considerations; Factor of safety; Codes and standards; Economics; Reliability; Safety and product liability; Units.

**Stress Analysis:** Stress; Mohr's circle; Triaxial stress states; Uniformly distributed stresses; Elastic strain; Stress strain relations; Shear and moment; Singularity functions.

Normal stresses in bending; Vector programming; Beams with unsymmetrical sections; Shear stresses in beams; Shear stresses in rectangular-section beams; Flexural shear for other shapes; Shear center; Torsion; Stresses in cylinders; Press and shrink fits

**Strain Energy:** Concepts, The theorem of Castigliano; Overview of columns

#### UNIT – II:

**Design for Static Strength:** Static strength; Static loads and factor of safety; Failure theories; The maximum-normal-stress theory; The maximum-shear-stress theory; The distortion– energy theory; Failure of ductile materials; Failure of brittle materials; Stress



concentration; Determination of stress concentration factors; Stress-concentration charts; Stress concentration and static loads.

#### **UNIT – III:**

**Design for Fatigue Strength:** Introduction; The S-N diagram, Low-cycle fatigue; High-cycle fatigue; Endurance-limit modifying factors; Surface finish; Size effects; Reliability; Temperature effects; Stress concentration effects; Fluctuating stresses; Fatigue strength under fluctuating stresses.

#### **UNIT – IV:**

**Design of Screws, Fasteners and Connections:** Thread standard and definitions; The mechanics of power screws; Thread stresses; Threaded fasteners; Bolted joints in tension; Compression of bolted members; Torque requirements; Strength specifications; Bolt preload; Selecting the nut; Fatigue loading; Gasketed joints; Bolted and riveted joints loaded in shear; Centroids of bolt groups; Shear of bolts and rivets due to eccentric loading; Keys, pins, and retainers.

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Welded, Brazed and Bonded Joints:** Welding; Butt and fillet welds; Torsion in welded joints; Bending in welded joints; The strength of welded joints.

**Mechanical Springs:** Stresses in helical springs; Deflection of helical springs; Extension springs; Compression springs; Spring materials; Design of helical springs; Critical frequency of helical springs; Overview of Fatigue loading.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Rolling Contact Bearings:** Bearing types; Bearing life; Bearing load; Selection of ball and straight roller bearings; Selection of tapered roller bearings; Lubrication; Mounting and enclosure. Introduction to lubrication and journal bearings, Gears-spur, helical, worm and bevel types, shafts, power screws, clutches, couplings, flywheels, and flexible mechanical elements.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Mechanical Engineering Design (SI Edition), J.E. Shigley, McGraw Hill
2. Mechanical Engineering Design (SI Edition), J.E. Shigley and Mischke

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Machine Design, R.L. Norton, McGraw Hill
2. Schaum's Outline of Machine Design, TMH
3. Mechanical Engineering Design (International Edition), J.E. Shigley, Mischke, and Budynas, McGraw Hill
4. Mechanical Engineering Design (International edition), J.E. Shigley, Mischke, R.G. Budynas, and K.J. Nisbett, TMH

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VI Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18PC1AE07) CAD/CAM

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Engineering Graphics and Manufacturing Technology

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the mathematics behind the transformations and projections in design of products on CAD devices
- To know the various types of modeling and fundamentals of part programming for manufacturing a product
- To appreciate the integration of design and manufacturing functions through CAD and CAM
- To provide basic knowledge in automation and robotics

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Select the types of computer devices and solve the problems on transformations and use them in CAD software

**CO-2:** Compare the different types of models and prepare part programs for the manufacturing of products

**CO-3:** Integrate the knowledge learnt in CAD and CAM

**CO-4:** Appreciate the applications of robotics in automation

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Computers in Industrial Manufacturing, Product cycle, CAD and CAM, Computer graphics - Raster scan graphics, Coordinate systems, Database structure for graphics modeling, Transformation of geometry and 3D Transformations.

**UNIT – II:**

**Geometric Modeling:** Geometric models, Geometric construction methods, Curve representation, Surface representation methods, Modeling facilities desired and Solid modeling.

**UNIT – III:**

**Computer Numerical Control:** Introduction to NC machines and CNC machines, Structure of CNC machine tools, Features of Machining center, Concept of ATC & APC and Feedback control

**CNC Part Programming:** Fundamentals, Introduction to G & M codes and Manual part programming methods.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Group Technology:** Philosophy of Group Technology, Part families, Methods of Parts Classification and Coding, Advantages and Limitations.

**Computer Aided Processes Planning:** Introduction, Retrieval type and Generative type, Benefits.

**Computer Aided Quality Control:** Introduction, Terminology in quality control, The computer in QC, Contact inspection methods, Noncontact inspection methods-optical and non-optical.

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Introduction to Automation:** Basic principles of automation, Hard Automation, Flexible Automation, basic elements of automated system, levels of automation.

**Robotics:** An overview of Robotics, Classification by Coordinate Systems and control systems. Components of the Industrial Robotics: Degrees of freedom, End effectors – Mechanical gripper, Magnetic, Vacuum cup and other types of grippers.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Robot Actuators and Feedback Components:** Actuators – Pneumatic, Hydraulic and Electric actuators, DC Servo motors, Stepper motors. Feedback components – Position sensors, Potentiometers, Resolvers and Encoders, Velocity sensors, tactile sensors.

**Robot Applications in Manufacturing:** Material Handling and transfer, Welding, Assembly, Inspection, Future applications

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. CAD/CAM: Computer-Aided Design and Manufacturing, Zimmers A. and Groover P., Prentice Hall International/Pearson Education, 1983
2. CAD/CAM Principles and Applications, Rao P. N., 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2012
3. Industrial Robotics, Mikell Groover, Mitchell Weiss, Roger Nagel, Nicholas Odrey and Ashish Dutta, Pearson Education, 2017

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. CAD / CAM Theory and Practice, Ibrahim Zeid, Tata McGraw Hill, 2015
2. CAD / CAM / CIM, Radhakrishnan and Subramanian, Pearson Education, 2009
3. Principles of Computer Aided Design and Manufacturing, Farid Amirouch, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2004
4. CAD/CAM: Concepts and Applications, Alavala, Prentice Hall International, 2008
5. Automation, Production Systems and Computer Integrated Manufacturing Groover, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2015

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VI Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18PC1AE08) AUTOMOTIVE ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering, Automotive Chassis and Automotive Engines

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To study the fundamentals, working and advanced concepts of automotive battery, ignition and starting systems
- To learn basics of automotive electronics and working principle of sensors and actuators
- To understand the working of basic and advanced concepts of automotive charging and lighting systems
- To provide an overview on control system concepts in engine control

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Explain the fundamentals, working and advanced concepts of automotive battery, ignition and starting systems

**CO-2:** Discuss the working of basic and advanced concepts of automotive charging and lighting systems

**CO-3:** Present basics of automotive electronics and working principle of sensors and actuators

**CO-4:** Apply control system concepts in engine control

**UNIT – I:**

**Starting System and Battery:** Principle and construction of starter motor, working of different starter drive units and solenoid switches. Battery – Lead acid battery, rating, characteristics, and testing.

**UNIT – II:**

**Ignition System:** Ignition system types and components, ignition timing, spark advance and retarding mechanisms, types of spark plugs. Electronic ignition systems programmed ignition and distributor-less ignition.

**UNIT – III:**

**Charging and Lighting System:** Generator and alternator - principle, construction and working, third brush regulation, rectification, cut-outs, relays and regulators. Details of head light and side light, LED lighting system, head light dazzling, preventive methods and adaptive lighting system.

**UNIT- IV:**

**Accessories and Wiring:** Horn, wiper, speedometer, fuel, oil and temperature gauges, power windows, mirrors, sunroof and defrosters. Fuses, cables, connectors, automotive wiring - Insulated and earth return system, wiring diagrams, symbols and standards.

**UNIT – V:**

**Fundamentals of Embedded System:** Microcomputer - Fundamentals, tasks and operations, CPU registers, microprocessor architecture, reading instructions, microcomputer hardware and microcontroller applications in automotive systems.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Electronic Management System:** Role of engine management system, power train control Systems – air/fuel ratio control, control of spark timing, idle-speed control, transmission control, body control module, engine mapping and on-board diagnostics.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Automobile Electrical Equipment, Crouse W. H., McGraw Hill Book Co., Inc., New York 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 1986
2. Understanding Automotive Electronics, William B. Ribbens, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Butter worth Heinemann Woburn, 1998
3. Understanding Automotive Electronics Bechhold SAE, 1998

**REFERENCES:**

1. Modern Electrical Equipment of Automobiles, Judge A. W., Chapman & Hall, London, 1992
2. Automotive Handbook Robert Bosch, SAE, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2000
3. Automotive Electrical Equipment, Kohli P. L., Tata McGraw Hill Co., Ltd., New Delhi, 1975
4. Automotive Electrical Equipment, Young A. P. and Griffiths L., ELBS & New Press, 1999
5. Automotive Electrics Automotive Electronics, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Robert Bosch GmbH, 2004

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VI Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18PE1AE04) AUTOMOTIVE POLLUTION AND CONTROL**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Automotive Engines

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the sources of automotive emissions and their ill effects on environment and human beings
- To present the formation of pollutants from SI and CI and the operating parameters influences emission
- To learn various emission measurement techniques, standards and test procedures
- To provide different techniques used to control emission from SI and CI engine vehicles

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Analyse the sources of automotive emissions and their ill effects on environment and human beings

**CO-2:** Explain the formation of pollutants from SI and CI and the operating parameters influences emission

**CO-3:** Identify various pollution measurement techniques, standards and control of emissions

**CO-4:** Apply techniques used to control emission from SI and CI engine vehicles

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Types of emission and transient operational effects on pollution, sources of emission, effect of pollution on human health, emission standards for 2&3 wheelers, light duty vehicles and heavy-duty vehicle engines – Indian, European and US.

**UNIT -II:**

**Pollutant Formation in IC Engines:** Mechanism of carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen, unburned hydrocarbon, soot and particulate formation. Effects of design and operating variables in SI and CI engines.

**UNIT – III:**

**Emission Test Procedures:** Driving cycles – Indian driving cycle, modified Indian driving cycle, test cycles for light and medium duty vehicles, test cycles for heavy duty vehicle engines, test cycles for motor vehicles and evaporative emission test procedures and standards.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Emission Measurement Techniques:** NDIR analyzer, FID detector, NMHC measurement, Chemiluminescent analyzer, oxygen analyzer, formaldehyde measurement, constant volume sampling, diesel smoke measurement, PM and PN measurement.

**UNIT – V:**

**Emission Control in SI Engines:** Engine design parameters, add-on systems for emission control within the engine, thermal exhaust aftertreatment, catalytic exhaust aftertreatment, PM and PN emission control and on-board diagnosis systems.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Emission Control in CI Engines:** Fuel injection variables, exhaust gas recirculation, turbocharging, control of engine oil consumption, exhaust gas aftertreatment, catalytic exhaust aftertreatment and diesel particulate filters.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Engine Emissions-Fundamentals and Advances in Control, Pundir B. P., 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Narosa Publishing House, 2017
2. Internal Combustion Engine Fundamentals, John B. Heywood, McGraw Hill International Edition, 1988

**REFERENCES:**

1. Internal Combustion Engines, Ganesan V., 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2012
2. Internal Combustion Engine Analysis and Practice, Obert E. F., International Textbook Co., Scranton, Pennsylvania, 1988
3. SAE Transactions- Vehicle Emission-1982 (3 volumes)
4. Advanced Engine Technology, Heinz Heisler, SAE 1995

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VI Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18PE1AE05) MECHANICS OF MACHINERY**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Engineering Graphics, Engineering Mathematics and Theory of Machines

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To identify the significance of dynamic principles of equilibrium and Flywheel
- To understand designing and balancing of different mechanisms
- To know suitable clutches and breaks for different applications
- To discuss the concepts of various vibration systems

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Analyze kinematic and dynamic characteristics of different mechanisms

**CO-2:** Design various mechanisms

**CO-3:** Apply suitable clutches and breaks for different applications

**CO-4:** Evaluate natural frequency of various vibration systems

**UNIT – I:**

**Dynamic Force Analysis:** Inertia force and Inertia torque, D'Alembert's principle, Dynamic Analysis in reciprocating engines, Inertia effect of connecting rod, Bearing loads, Crank shaft torque, Turning moment diagrams, Fly Wheels and Flywheels of punching presses.

**UNIT – II:**

**Synthesis of Linkages:** Three position synthesis, four position synthesis, precision positions, structural error, Chebyshev's spacing, Freudenstein's Equation and problems.

**UNIT – III:**

**Balancing:** Static and dynamic balancing – Balancing of rotating masses, Balancing of several masses in different planes, Balancing of reciprocating mass, Partial balancing in engines, effects of partial balancing of locomotives, secondary balancing, balancing of in-line engines and V- engines

**UNIT – IV:**

**Clutches:** Single plate, multi plate, cone clutch, centrifugal clutches.

**Brakes and Dynamometers:** Simple block brake - Internal expanding brake band brake of vehicle. Dynamometers - absorption and transmission types, General description and methods of operation.

**UNIT – V:**

**Free Vibration:** Basic features of vibratory systems – Degrees of freedom – single degree of freedom – Free vibration – Equations of motion – Natural frequency – Types of Damping – Damped vibration – Torsional vibration of shaft – Critical speeds of shafts – Torsional vibration – Two and three rotor torsional systems.



**UNIT – VI:**

**Forced Vibration:** Response of one-degree freedom systems to periodic forcing – Harmonic disturbances –Disturbance caused by unbalance – Support motion – transmissibility – Vibration isolation vibration measurement.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Theory of Machines, S.S. Ratan, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017
2. Theory of Machines, Gordon R. Pennock & Joseph E. Shigley John J. Uicker, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Oxford University Press, 2014

**REFERENCES:**

1. Theory of Machines, R. S. Khurmi & J. K. Gupta, S. Chand Publications, 2005
2. Theory of Machines, Thomas Bevan, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2009
3. Design of Machinery, Robert L. Norton, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2004
4. Theory of Machines: Kinematics and Dynamics, Sadhu Singh, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson education, 2011
5. Theory of Machines and mechanisms, P. L. Ballaney, 25<sup>th</sup> Edition, Khanna Publishers, 2003

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VI Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18PE1AE06) AUTOMOTIVE EMBEDDED SYSTEMS**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Basics of Electrical and Electronics Engineering, Automotive Chassis and Automotive Engines

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand characteristics and architectures of various microprocessors and microcontrollers
- To understand basic programming concepts and software tools
- To learn various interfacing circuits necessary for various applications
- To learn various interfacing concepts

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Understand the architecture of microprocessor/ microcontroller and their operation

**CO-2:** Demonstrate programming skills in assembly language for processors and Controllers

**CO-3:** Analyze various interfacing techniques and apply them for the design of processor/ controller-based systems

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Embedded Systems:** Embedded Systems Definition - Components of embedded systems - Hardware Module - Microprocessor, microcontrollers, on-chip peripherals - Program memory (PM), Data memory (DM), parallel port structures, timer, input capture & output compare units, ADC, PWM. Embedded system programming - Up-loaders, ISP, ROM emulators, in-circuit emulators. Debug Interfaces - BDM and JTAG.

**UNIT – II:**

**Hardware Modules:** 16-bit microcontrollers-architectural overview of C166 family-memory organization, fundamental CPU concepts and optimization measures, on-chip system resources, peripheral event controller (PEC) and interrupt control, external bus interface, parallel ports, general purpose timers (GPT), watchdog timer, serial channels, capture/compare units, pulse width modulation unit, analog to digital converter, real time clock, on-chip I2C bus module, universal serial bus (USB) interface.

**UNIT – III:**

**Software Development Tools:** Introduction to Integrated development environment (IDE), creating new project, creating new file, adding files to project, options for target, compile and building project, simulation and debugging, set breakpoints, monitor on-chip peripherals using simulators, study of example programs.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Integration of Hardware and Software:** Introduction to microcontroller development kit (easy kit), developing project using IDE software, downloading embedded

software into target system, introduction to on-chip debugging resources (JTAG), debugging target system using on-chip debugging support (OCDS).

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Drive-by-Wire:** Challenges and opportunities of X-by-wire system and design requirements, steer-by-wire, brake-by-wire, electronic throttle including adaptive cruise control, shift-by-wire.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Automotive Control System Design:** Digital Engine Control, Features, Control Modes for Fuel Control, Discrete Time Idle Speed Control, EGR Control, Variable Valve Timing Control, Electronic Ignition Control, Integrated Engine Control System, Summary of Control Modes, Cruise Control System, Cruise Control Electronics, Anti-locking Braking System, Electronic Suspension System

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Automotive Embedded Systems Handbook, Nicolas Navet and Françoise Simonot-Lion, CRC press, 2009
2. Embedded Systems – A contemporary Design Tool, James K. Peckol, John Wiley, 2008

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Embedded System Design: An Introduction to Processes, Tools, and Techniques Arnold Berger, CMP Books, 2001
2. An Embedded Software Primer, David E Simon, Pearson Education, Asia, 2001
3. Computers as Components Wayne Wolf, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2001

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VI Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18PE1AE07) AERODYNAMICS OF ROAD VEHICLES

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Automotive Chassis and Vehicle Dynamics

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand of fundamentals of aerodynamics for high-performance cars and commercial vehicles
- To identify the road loads (aerodynamic, tractive, and rolling resistance) experienced by a vehicle
- To provide design aspects, stability, safety and comfort of the vehicles
- To describe wind tunnels and testing techniques

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Explain the fundamentals of vehicle aerodynamics for different types of vehicles

**CO-2:** Analyze the road loads (aerodynamic, tractive, and rolling resistance) experienced by a vehicle

**CO-3:** Design and analyze the stability, safety and comfort of the vehicles

**CO-4:** Carryout testing of vehicle bodies in wind tunnel

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Scope, historical developments, fundamentals of fluid mechanics, flow phenomenon related to vehicles, external and Internal flow problem, resistance to vehicle motion, performance, fuel consumption and performance potential of vehicle aerodynamics.

**UNIT – II:**

**Engine Cooling, Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning:** Engine cooling requirement, aspects of climate, components, air flow to passenger compartment, duct for air conditioning, cooling of transverse engine and rear engine.

**UNIT – III:**

**Aerodynamic Drag of Cars:** Cars as a bluff body, flow field around car, drag force, types of drag force, analysis of aerodynamic drag, drag coefficient of cars, strategies for aerodynamic development, low drag profiles.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Shape Optimization of Cars:** Front end modification, front and rear wind shield angle, boat tailing, hatch back, fast back and square back, dust flow patterns at the rear, effects of gap configuration, effect of fasteners.

**UNIT – V:**

**Vehicle Handling:** Origin of forces and moments on a vehicle, lateral stability problems, methods to calculate forces and moments – vehicle dynamics under side winds, the effects of forces and moments, characteristics of forces and moments, dirt accumulation on the vehicle, wind noise, drag reduction in commercial vehicles.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Wind Tunnels for Automotive Aerodynamics:** Introduction, principle of wind tunnel technology, limitation of simulation, stress with scale models, full scale wind tunnels, measurement techniques, equipment and transducers, road testing methods, numerical methods.

**TEXT BOOK:**

1. Aerodynamic of Road Vehicles, Hucho W. H., Butterworth Co. Ltd., 1997

**REFERENCES:**

1. Vehicle Aerodynamic, SP-1145, SAE, 1996
2. Pope A, Wind Tunnel Testing, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1974
3. Automotive Aerodynamic, Update SP-706, SAE, 1987

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VI Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18PE1AE08) INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING AND OPERATIONS RESEARCH

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Engineering Mathematics

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To formulate and solve using linear programming
- To solve transportation, sequencing, replacement and queuing problems
- To understand the role and application of industrial engineering
- To explain the theory of games, replacement and inventory and their solution methodology for solving problems

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Analyze linear programming models in practical and their practical use

**CO-2:** Evaluate transportation, sequencing, replacement and queuing problems and their solution methodology

**CO-3:** Appreciate the role and application of industrial engineering

**CO-4:** Apply theory of games, replacement and inventory models for solving problems

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Origin, development, definition, characteristics and phases, types of OR models, applications and limitations.

**Allocation:** Linear programming problem formulation, graphical solution, simplex method, artificial variables technique, two phase method, big-M method and duality principle.

**UNIT – II:**

**Transportation Problem:** Formulation-Optimal solution-unbalanced transportation problem-Degeneracy. Assignment problem-Formulation-Optimal solution-Variations of Assignment Problem-Travelling Salesman Problem.

**Sequencing:** Introduction, flow shop sequencing-n jobs through two machines-n jobs through three machines-Job shop sequencing-two jobs through m machines.

**UNIT – III:**

**Replacement:** Introduction, replacement of items that deteriorate with time-when money value is not counted and counted-Replacement of items that fail completely and group replacement

**Theory of Games:** Introduction, minimax (maximin), criterion and optimal strategy-Solution of games with saddle points-Rectangular games without saddle points-principles of dominance- $m \times 2$  and  $2 \times n$  games-graphical method.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Waiting Lines:** Introduction, single channel - poisson arrivals-exponential service times- with infinite population and finite population models-Multichannel-Poisson arrivals- exponential service times with infinite population single channel Poisson arrivals.

**UNIT – V:**

**Inventory:** Introduction, single item-Deterministic models-Purchase inventory models with one price break and multiple price breaks-shortages not allowed-Stochastic models-demand may be discrete variable or continuous variable-Instantaneous production, Instantaneous demand and continuous demand and no set up cost-single period model.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Marketing:** Functions of marketing, marketing mix, product life cycle, channels of distribution and sales management. Manufacturing planning - MRP, MRP-II, JIT and CIM. Work Study: Concept of productivity, method study - Basic steps in method study, process charts, diagrams, models and templates, principles of motion economy, micro motion study, therbligs and SIMO Chart. Work Measurement - Stop watch procedure of time study, performance rating, allowances, work sampling and simple problems.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Operations Research, Sharma J. K., 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Mac Milan, 2012
2. Operations Research, Pannerselvam R., Kindle Edition, Prentice Hall International, 2012
3. Operations Research, Natarajan A. M., Balasubramani P., Tamilarasi A., 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2005

**REFERENCES:**

1. Introduction to OR, Hamdy A. Taha, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson, 2019
2. Operations Research, Wagner, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall International, 1975
3. Operations Research, Sharma S. D., Kedarnath, 2012
4. Introduction to Operations Research, Hiller and Liebermann, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2011
5. Industrial Engineering Management, Khanna O. P., Dhanpat Rai Publications, 2018

## VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VI Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

### (18OE1AE02) MODERN AUTOMOTIVE TECHNOLOGIES

#### COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To provide an overview on advanced engine control system concepts
- To know the interdisciplinary concepts and intelligent automotive systems  
To understand the interdisciplinary concepts and GPS-enabled applications in automobile
- To present intelligent vehicle technologies like comfort, safety and security systems

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Apply advanced engine control system concepts in engineering

**CO-2:** Discuss the need for implementation intelligent vehicle technologies

**CO-3:** Address the key technologies in automotive navigation

**CO-4:** Appreciate the technological advancements driver assistance systems

#### UNIT – I:

**Advanced Engine Controls:** Concept of an electronic engine control system, engine control module, powertrain control module, electronic fuel injection - throttle body fuel injection, multi-point fuel injection, gasoline direct injection, common rail direct injection, electronic ignition control, engine mapping, on-board diagnostics.

#### UNIT – II:

**Introduction to Intelligent Vehicles:** Driver information, driver perception, driver convenience, driver monitoring, general vehicle control, longitudinal and lateral control, collision avoidance, vehicle monitoring.

#### UNIT – III:

**Telematics:** Global positioning system, geographical information systems, navigation system, architecture, automotive vision system, road recognition.

#### UNIT – IV:

**Comfort Systems:** Adaptive cruise control system, active suspension system, power steering, collapsible and tiltable steering column, power windows.

#### UNIT – V:

**Safety Systems:** Active and passive safety, airbags, seat belt tightening system, forward collision warning systems, child lock, anti-lock braking systems, traction control system, lane departure warning system.

#### UNIT – VI:

**Security Systems:** Anti-theft technologies – mechanical, electromechanical and electronic immobilizers, alarm system, stolen vehicle tracking system, remote keyless entry, smart card system, number plate coding.



**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Understanding Automotive Electronics, William B. Ribbens, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Butter worth Heinemann Woburn,1998
2. Intelligent Vehicle Technologies: Theory and Applications, Ljubo Vlacic, Michel Parent and Fumio Harashima, Butterworth-Heinemann Publications, Oxford, 2001

**REFERENCES:**

1. Automotive Handbook, Robert Bosch, SAE, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2000
2. Navigation and Intelligent Transportation Systems – Progress in Technology, Ronald K. Jurgen, Automotive Electronics Series, SAE, USA, 1998
3. Understanding Automotive Electronics, Bechhold, SAE, 1998

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VI Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>

**(18HS2EN02) ADVANCED ENGLISH COMMUNICATION SKILLS LABORATORY  
(Common to all branches)**

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Enable the students to create clear, accurate, and succinct content to write business letters, resume, SOP, Proposals and Technical Reports for academics as well as for workplace
- Enable students to adjust technical content to meet the needs of a specific target audience
- Groom students to speak accurately and fluently and prepare them for real world activities through behavioral skills
- Train students in soft skills through role play and group discussion to improve their EQ

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Summarize and synthesize information and produce technical writing that is required in academics as well as in the engineering profession

**CO-2:** Write covering letters, resume, SOP, Project Proposals and Technical Reports

**CO-3:** Speak fluently and address a large group of audience and participate in debates and discussions

**CO-4:** Negotiate terms, manage situations through interpersonal skills, persuade people and make quick decisions

**UNIT – I:**

**Application Writing:**

1. Cover Letter & Resume Writing
2. Statement of Purpose

**UNIT – II:**

**Correspondence Skills:**

1. E-Correspondence
2. Netiquette
3. Social Media Etiquette

**UNIT – III:**

**Employability Skills-1:**

1. Grooming
2. Social Etiquette
3. Nonverbal Communication

**UNIT – IV:**

**Employability Skills-2:**

1. Group Discussions
2. Interview Skills – Face to Face
3. Interview Skills – Telephonic / Video

**UNIT – V:****Presentation Skills:**

1. Oral Presentations
2. Powerpoint Presentations

**UNIT – VI:****Report Writing:**

1. Technical Report Writing
2. White Paper Writing
3. Writing Agenda & Minutes

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Effective Technical Communication, Ashraf, Rizvi M., 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2005
2. Technical Communication, A Reader-Centered Approach, Anderson, Paul V. Reports in Paul V. Anderson's, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, Heinle, Boston, 2003
3. Technical Communication: A Practical Approach, William S. Pfeiffer, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson, 2012

**REFERENCES:**

1. Technical Communication, Burnett, Rebecca, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Cengage Learning, 2001
2. Technical Writing Process and Product, Gerson Sharon J. and Steven Gerson, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall, 1999
3. Technical Communication: Situations and Strategies, Markel, Mike, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2006-07
4. Business Correspondence and Report Writing, R. C. Sharma and K. Mohan, 20<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2017
5. Technical Communication, Principles and Practices, M. Raman and S. Sharma, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, OUP, 2015

## VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VI Semester

L	T/P/D	C
0	2	1

### (18PC2AE06) CAD/CAM LABORATORY

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Mechanics of Materials and CAD/ CAM

#### COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Understand the ways in which 2D sketches and 3D models – solid and surface are made using appropriate CAD packages
- Know the procedure of building assembly drawings and obtain drafted views from it
- Learn the part programming techniques in turning, milling and drilling operations
- Understand the determination of stresses and strains in systems like trusses and beams

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Summarize the skills learnt in sketching and modeling using CAD packages

**CO-2:** Design product assemblies and obtain drafted views from it

**CO-3:** Produce components with different features using CNC machines and machining centers

**CO-4:** Analyze the stress and strain in various structures

#### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

Any 10 experiments to be conducted from the following

#### CAD

1. 2D Drawing using Sketcher workbench – 1 exercise containing at least 3 drawings
2. 3D modeling using 3D features– 1 exercise containing at least 3 models
3. Assembly and drafting – 1 exercise containing 1 assembly
4. Surface Modeling – 1 exercise
5. Sheet Metal modeling – 1 exercise

**Softwares:** AutoCAD, CATIA, CREO

#### CAM

1. Part programming for Turning, Facing, Chamfering, Grooving, Step turning, Taper turning operations
2. Part programming for Point to point motions, Linear motions, Circular interpolation, Contour motion, Pocket milling - Circular, Rectangular and Mirror commands
3. Part Programming using Fixed or Canned Cycles for Drilling, Peck drilling, Boring, Tapping, Turning, Facing, Taper turning, Thread cutting
4. Generation of tool path, NC part program and its simulation
5. Machining of small components using CNC Lathe, CNC Mill and CNC Turning center

**Softwares:** CNC Offline Simulation, EdgeCAM

**CAE**

1. Determination of deflection and stresses in 2D and 3D trusses and beams
2. Determination of Principal/ Von-mises stresses and deflections, in plane stress/ plane strain/ axisymmetric models
3. Determination of stresses in 3D and shell structures

**Softwares:** ANSYS, HyperWorks

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VI Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>

**(18PC2AE07) AUTOMOTIVE ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS LABORATORY**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering and Automotive Electrical and Electronics

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Study and demonstrate different electrical and electronic systems in a vehicle
- Test and analyze automotive battery, starting, charging and ignition systems
- Calibrate automotive sensors for measurement
- Interface automotive sensors with ADC

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Demonstration different electrical and electronic systems in a vehicle

**CO-2:** Test automotive battery, starting, charging and ignition systems

**CO-3:** Calibrate and use automotive sensors for measurement

**CO-4:** Interface automotive sensors with ADC

**LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:**

Any 10 experiments to be conducted from the following

1. Study and demonstration of automobile electrical wiring system
2. Study and demonstration of electronic fuel injection system
3. Battery charging and maintenance
4. Starting motor and alternator testing
5. Diagnosis of ignition system
6. Temperature measurement and interfacing RTD with ADC
7. Temperature measurement and interfacing thermistor with ADC
8. Displacement measurement and interfacing LVDT with ADC
9. Load measurement and interfacing load cell with ADC
10. Pressure measurement and interfacing with ADC
11. Testing and control of DC motor

## VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VI Semester

L	T/P/D	C
0	4	2

### (18PW4AE03) DESIGN THINKING

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Inculcate core design principles and applied creativity to develop innovative strategies that better connect engineers with their end users
- Build mindset leading to flow of creative ideas, validating those ideas and prioritizing the best ones
- Incorporate tools that designers need to take a design project from inspiration and insights to ideation and implementation
- To instil full scope of organizational innovation and strategy through knowledge, insight and analytical skills

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Use design thinking and hypothesis-driven innovation processes to develop viable solutions to user challenges

**CO-2:** Use multiple brainstorming techniques to find innovative solutions

**CO-3:** Develop and test a business model or business case to support the viability of the solution

**CO-4:** Prototype a solution to a user challenge

**CO-5:** Investigate the cultural, emotional, technological and business factors relevant to developing new product or service design concept

#### **Module 1: Revisiting Design Thinking**

Creative thinking as basis of innovation; Empathy process for deep understanding of challenge with practical ingenuity; Making sense of observations and insights; Defining a point of view and context

Design thinking skills for Problem Discovery, Definition, and Ideation – Identifying problems in daily lives and in the world at large, Understanding user and customer perspectives, Thinking from the problem before thinking of a solution

#### **Module 2: Ideation Process**

Clear Articulation of problem statement with focus on latent needs; Brainstorming potential solutions; Ideation methods with case-study based approach to using Systematic Inventive Thinking (SIT) Methods such as Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division and Task Unification

Strategic Innovation for competition in future: Linear Innovation vs. non-linear innovation, Understanding and identifying weak signals, 3-box thinking, 3-Box framework and Box-3 ideation

#### **Module 3: Designing Customer Experience**

Understanding Innovation through Design Thinking; Enhancing Customer Experience; Service Design and Development Process and Case Studies; Service Experience Cycle and Case Studies

#### **Module 4: Sustainable Design Approaches**

Concern for Environment and Sustainability in Design, Case Studies to understand good Design For Environment (DFE) Decisions; Design Considerations in the five stages of the Product Life Cycle

#### **Module 5: Integrative Engineering Design Solutions**

Identifying and resolving issues with working in diverse teams, Modularising, prototype building by different engineering disciplines within the team, validated learning with accessible metrics

#### **Module 6: Capstone Project (Interdisciplinary)**

Applying Design Thinking Principles and Methods for Ideation and Prototyping, Testing Solution, Refining Solution, and Taking the Solution to the Users

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. 101 Design Methods: A Structured Approach for Driving Innovation in Your Organization, Vijay Kumar, John Wiley & Sons, ISBN: 978-1118083468, 2012
2. Living with Complexity, Donald A Norman, MIT Press, ISBN: 978-0262528948, 2016
3. Design Thinking for Entrepreneurs and Small Businesses: Putting the Power of Design to Work, Beverly Rudkin Ingle, A Press, ISBN: 978-1430261810, 2013

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Emotionally Durable Design: Objects, Experiences and Empathy, Jonathan Chapman, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Routledge, ISBN: 978-0415732161, 2015
2. Innovation Design: How Any Organization Can Leverage Design Thinking to Produce Change, Drive New Ideas, and Deliver Meaningful Solutions, Thomas Lockwood, Edgar Papke, New Page Books, ISBN: 978-1632651167, 2017
3. Design Thinking Business Analysis: Business Concept Mapping Applied, Thomas Frisendal, Springer, ISBN: 978-3642434822, 2012
4. Chapter 1: A Simple Framework for Leading Innovation, The Three Box Solution, HBR Press, 2016
5. Design a Better Business: New Tools, Skills and Mindset for Strategy and Innovation, Patrick Van Der Pijl, Justin Lokitz, Lisa Kay Solomon, Erik van der Pluijm, Maarten van Lieshout, Wiley, ISBN: 978-8126565085, 2016



# **OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES**

# **SMART CITIES**

## SMART CITIES

In the twenty-first century, engineers are being tasked with solving ever more complex and subtle societal challenges – from climate change to unprecedented urbanisation that is materially affecting the lives of many urban populations. As engineers become ever more interdisciplinary and the boundaries of disciplines soften, they need to reflect as a community as to the appropriateness of the engineering paradigm to address these needs. Currently the engineering community is pointing to the digital technologies and the 'smart city' as a deliverer of efficiency and resilience without fully acknowledging the intricate socio-political context in which it is situated.

The domain of EIE was developed to modernise and automate these operations using the technological advancements in the realm of electronics. Even outside the industry, common household appliances — such as washing machine, air-conditioner, geyser, and microwave oven — cannot attract customers without features such as auto cut-off after certain time or temperature, which is again an example of instrumentation. The field of Instrumentation Engineering is also core to the recent advances such as smart home appliances, smart cities and automobiles. It is thus not far from the truth to claim that the fourth industrial revolution.

The world population is continuously growing and reached a significant evolution of the society, where the number of people living in cities surpassed the number of people in rural areas. This puts national and local governments under pressure because the limited resources, such as water, electricity, and transports, must thus be optimized to cover the needs of the citizens. Therefore, different tools, from sensors to processes, service, and artificial intelligence, are used to coordinate the usage of infrastructures and assets of the cities to build the so-called smart cities.

Different definitions and theoretical models of smart cities are given in literature. However, smart city can usually be modelled by a layered architecture, where communication and networking layer plays a central role. In fact, smart city applications lay on collecting field data from different infrastructures and assets, processing these data, taking some intelligent control actions, and sharing information in a secure way. Thus, a two-way reliable communications layer is the basis of smart cities. This chapter introduces the basic concepts of this field and focuses on the role of communication technologies in smart cities. Potential technologies for smart cities are discussed, especially the recent wireless technologies adapted to smart city requirements.

### ***What is the concept of a smart city?***

There is no universally accepted definition for a smart city because people can interpret different meanings for it. Hence, it means different things to different people. Here, you will get a basic definition that captures the essence of what a smart city is and what it does. While the concept varies from area to area depending on the resources, the basic idea behind it remains the same. A smart city aims to bring various components together to live harmoniously and attempts to do with the least environmental damage or impact. In other words, a smart city is a place with high standards of living, which survives and thrives on eco-friendly means.

The size and amenities within a smart city vary according to geography, resources available, geopolitical scenario and investment received.

Growth in Global population continues to drive citizens from rural areas to cities. With rapid expansion of urban areas, cities need to become intelligent to handle this large scale urbanization. This is driving city operators to look at smarter ways to manage complexities, increase efficiencies and improve quality of life. Today we need cities that monitor & integrate infrastructure to better optimize resources while maximizing service to its citizens. So to meet all the needs we need our cities to be smarter which brings a concept "**Smart cities**" Smart cities optimize the use of technology in the design & operation of infrastructure and buildings in such a way which meets the current and future needs of their citizens. To be truly smart they also require consideration of governance & growth, urban development and infrastructure, the environment & natural resources, society and community.

Smart city programs provide a range of technologies that can be applied to solve infrastructure problems associated with ageing infrastructure and increasing demands. The potential for infrastructure and urban improvement remains unrealized, however, due to technical, financial, and social constraints and criticisms that limit the implementation of smart cities concepts for infrastructure management. The discussion presented here provides a review of smart technologies including sensors, crowdsourcing and citizen science, actuators, data transmission, Internet of Things, big data analytics, data visualization, and blockchain, which can be used for infrastructure management. Smart infrastructure programs are reviewed to explore how enabling technologies have been applied across civil engineering domains, including transportation systems, water systems, air quality, energy infrastructure, solid waste management, construction engineering and management, structures, and geotechnical systems.

Making cities "smarter" by efficient management of resources and infrastructure, greener environment, and smart governance resulting in a better quality of living of its citizens. This can be enabled by the effective use of information and communication technologies (ICTs) tools, which have the ability to provide eco-friendly and economically viable solutions for cities.

Setting up a smart city is more than improving the old system with technology by simply adding sensors, remote supervision, and control to essential city services. It should be a complete shift of a paradigm in daily life when using new technologies, especially new ICT leading to smart outcomes.

### **Smart solutions**

Another important feature of smart cities is that they will provide smart solutions to modern problems. These include:

- Public information systems
- Redressal of grievances
- Electronic service delivery
- Maximum engagement of citizens
- Reduced energy and fuel usage



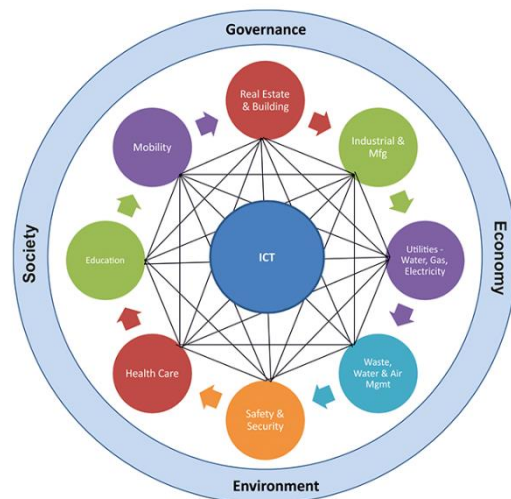
- Reduces the development of wastes
- Smart water monitoring
- Treatment of wastewater
- Sustainable monitoring water quality
- Maximum utilization of renewable energy sources
- Usage of green building techniques
- Smart parking to reduce clutter
- Intelligent traffic management system.

### ***Advantages of a smart cities,***

1. Promotion of mixed land usage resulting in higher efficiency and reduced wastage of land.
2. Expanded housing opportunities.
3. Reduced congestion, air pollution and resource depletion.
4. Helps to boost local economies by promoting localized trade and interactions.
5. Efficient use of public transport to reduce fuel wastage.
6. Safe and secure localities.
7. Preservation of open spaces.
8. Reduction in urban heating.
9. Promotion of transit-oriented development.
10. Making governance more people-friendly and cost-effective.

Here's a look at some projects that have taken inspiration from the concepts used for the design of smart cities. These projects will help you build energy-efficient systems that will help heal the world.

1. **Home Automation using IoT**
2. **Smart Irrigation System**
3. **Smart Building using IoT**
4. **Smart Energy Meter using GSM**
5. **Solar and Smart Energy Systems**
6. **Smart Water Monitoring**
7. **Automated Street Lighting**
8. **Automated Railway Crossing**
9. **Intelligent Transportation Systems**
10. **Smart Sewage Maintenance Systems.**



To develop new smart cities and to transform our cities into smart cities the engineers in particular are stepping up as leaders.

**Civil & Environmental Engineers** are working to harness the potential of latest technologies and data for our urban infrastructure, which is among the most complex system in the world. They provide sustainable, resilient and advanced means of transportation system, green building, better water management system and better waste management system. This not only develop physical infrastructure but also develop institutional & social infrastructure that enable our societies to

function. Modelling these systems of systems will require managing data at an unprecedented scale.

To support them Computer and **Electronics & Communication Engineers** help in creating future cities that are digital, build and operate cities ICT landscape across application and infrastructure like IOT (Internet of Things), e-payment, e-market, the latest communication devices etc which is leveraging next generation technologies. They create a platform for conveyance of different city services, leverage big data analytics to manage city performance and proactive crisis management.

**Electrical Engineers** developing new renewable source of energy to meet ever increasing power demands. They also develop methods of effective power transmission with minimum losses which is more economical and safer. They also work on developing microchips to micro sensors which are helping in making our households, institution efficient and safer.

### **Conclusion**

It is clear that dreaming of a smart city without active contribution of engineers is a myth. So, there will always be demand of Engineers and because of which even after crises in the placement scenario still the maximum science students choose Engineering as their first career choice in hope of a better future.

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. V Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1CE01) SMART CITIES PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To Introduce students on smart city basic concepts, global standards and Indian context of smart cities
- To understand smart community, smart transportation and smart buildings
- To understand Energy demand, Green approach to meet Energy demand and their capacities
- To identify Smart Transportation Technologies in cities and concepts towards smart city

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Recognize smart city concepts and their international and national standards

**CO-2:** Recognize smart community, transportation and building concepts

**CO-3:** Develop and calibrate energy demand and their capacity limits

**CO-4:** Predict the various smart urban transportation systems and the transition from existing city towards a smart city

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Smart Urban Infrastructures and Smart Cities:** Introduction to City Planning - Understanding Smart Cities - Dimensions of Smart Cities - Global Experience of Smart Cities Smart Cities – Global Standards and Performance Benchmarks, Practice Codes -Indian scenario - India “100 Smart Cities” Policy and Mission.

**UNIT – II:**

**Smart Cities Planning and Development:** Introduction to Smart Community - Smart community concepts: Concept of Smart Community - Smart Transportation - Smart Building and Home Device - Smart Health - Smart Government - Smart Energy and Water – Cyber Security, Safety, and Privacy - Internet of Things, Blockchain, Artificial Intelligence, Alternate Reality, Virtual Reality.

**UNIT – III**

**Smart Urban Energy Systems – I:** Conventional vs. Smart, City components, Energy demand, Green approach to meet Energy demand, Index of Indian cities towards smartness – a statistical analysis -Meeting energy demand through direct and indirect solar resources - Efficiency of indirect solar resources and its utility, Capacity limit for the indirect solar resources - Effectiveness in responsive environment in smart city; Smart communication using green resources.

#### **UNIT – IV:**

**Smart Urban Energy Systems – II:** Introduction to PV technology - PV of various scale for smart city applications - Energy efficiency - Policies of Solar PV in smart domains (RPO, REC, Carbon credit, etc.) Definition - Structure of Smart Grid - Indian Perspective - Advantage & limitation - Definition, Structure of Smart Grid- Indian Perspective- Advantage & limitation.

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Smart Urban Transportation Systems:** Smart Transportation Technologies - Driverless and connected vehicles - ride sharing solutions - The "improve" pathway - The "shift" pathway – Smart Roads and Pavement systems.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Towards Smart Cities:** The transition of legacy cities to Smart -. Right transition process - the benefit of citizens, cities to adopt effective management and governance approaches - factors in the transition phase of legacy cities to smart cities and their managerial implications.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Internet of Things in Smart Technologies for Sustainable Urban Development, G. R. Kanagachidambaresan, R. Maheswar, V. Manikandan, K. Ramakrishnan, Springer, 2020
2. Society 5.0: A People-centric Super-smart Society, Hitachi-UTokyo Laboratory (H-UTokyo Lab), Springer, 2020
3. The Routledge Companion to Smart Cities, Katharine S. Willis, Alessandro Aurigi, Routledge International Handbooks, 2020

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Smart Cities in Asia: Governing Development in the Era of Hyper-Connectivity Yu-min Joo, Yu-Min Joo, Teck-Boon Tan, Edward Elgar Pub, 2020
2. Urban Systems Design: Creating Sustainable Smart Cities in the Internet of Things Era, Yoshiki Yamagata, Perry P. J. Yang, Elsevier, 2020
3. Smart Cities and Artificial Intelligence: Convergent Systems for Planning, Design, and Operations, Christopher Grant Kirwan, Zhiyong Fu, Elsevier, 2020



**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VI Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18OE1CE02) GREEN BUILDING TECHNOLOGY**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Smart Cities Planning and Development

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To expose the students to green buildings, their features and importance in the present context of sustainable development
- To introduce various sustainable building materials for green buildings
- To acquire knowledge on various design concepts and construction aspects of green buildings
- To learn the various policies and incentives for green buildings and also different green building rating systems and codes

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Explain the importance, features and requisites of a green building

**CO-2:** Identify suitable sustainable building materials for construction of green building

**CO-3:** Plan and design various systems for green buildings

**CO-4:** Explain various codal provisions of green buildings and accordingly rate a building

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Definition of Green Buildings - Typical features of green buildings - Benefits of Green Buildings - Green Building Materials and Equipment in India - Key Requisites for Constructing a Green Building - Important Sustainable features for Green Building - Climate responsive buildings - Carbon footprint and eco footprints of buildings.

**UNIT – II:**

**Green Building Materials:** Introduction to sustainable building materials – Sustainable Concrete – Partial replacements in concrete - Natural building materials - Bio materials - Mycelium - Engineered Wood - Structural insulated panels (SIPs) - Natural Fiber - Nontoxic materials: low VOC paints, organic paints, coating and adhesives - Use of waste materials such as paper, Cellulose, glass bottles, tires, shipping containers - Use of industrial waste such as fly-ash, bags, building demolition waste.

**UNIT – III:**

**Design of Green Buildings:** Indoor environmental quality requirement and management: Thermal comfort - HVAC - Visual perception - Illumination requirement - Auditory requirement – Energy Efficiency - Lighting and day lighting - Steady and non-steady heat transfer through the glazed window and the wall – Indoor air quality - Local climatic conditions – temperature, humidity, wind speed and direction.

#### **UNIT – IV:**

**Construction of Green Buildings:** IoT Integrated Automated Building Systems - Synthetic Roof Underlayment - Green Roofs - Grid Hybrid System - Passive Solar - Greywater Plumbing Systems - Electrochromic Glass - Solar Thermal Cladding - Structural 3D Printing - Self-healing Concrete - Bird Friendly Design - Landscaping for Parking Lot Runoff - Composting Toilets - Proactive Maintenance - Green Cleaning.

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Green Building Policies and Incentives:** Green products and material certification - parameters making products green - products transparency movement - Cradle to cradle certification - Product emission testing - Carbon trust - carbon credit - returns on investments - savings Policies towards electrical power in India – Case study - Tax credits & Grants - Green construction guide.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Green Building Rating Systems and Codes:** Green building rating systems: BREEM, LEED and GRIHA, ISO 14020 – Green building codes: ECBC and NBC 2016 - Green materials: Standard specifications – Case Studies: Dockland Building in Hamburg, SOKA Building in Wiesbaden, KSK Tuebingen, Nycomed, Constance, DR Byen, Copenhagen.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Green Building Handbook, Tomwoolley and Samkimings, 2009
2. Sustainable Construction: Green Building Design and Delivery, Charles J. Kibert, 2012

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Green Building Fundamentals-II, Mike Montoya, Pearson, USA, 2010
2. Sustainable Construction - Green Building Design and Delivery, Charles J. Kibert, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2008
3. Sustainable Construction and Design-II, Regina Leffers, Pearson / Prentice Hall, USA, 2009
4. Introduction to Environmental Economics, Nick Hanley, Jason, F. Shogren and Ben White, Oxford University Press, 2001

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VII Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18OE1CE03) SMART MATERIALS AND STRUCTURES**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Smart Cities Planning and Development, Green Building Technology

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To introduce the students to various smart materials and their working principles
- To learn about various smart sensors, actuators and their application in structural health monitoring
- To acquire knowledge on different smart composite materials and their modelling concepts
- To learn about the advancements in the field of smart structures, materials and their application in engineering domain

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Explain the different smart materials and their principles

**CO-2:** Identify suitable smart sensors and actuators for a specific engineering application

**CO-3:** Explain the mechanics of smart composite materials

**CO-4:** Gain the knowledge on smart materials and smart structures

**UNIT I:**

**Overview of Smart Materials:** Introduction to Smart Materials, Principles of Piezoelectricity, Perovskite Piezoceramic Materials, Single Crystals vs Polycrystalline Systems, Piezoelectric Polymers, Principles of Magnetostriction, Rare earth Magnetostrictive materials, Giant Magnetostriction and Magneto-resistance Effect, Introduction to Electro-active Materials, Electronic Materials, Electro-active Polymers, Ionic Polymer Matrix Composite (IPMC), Shape Memory Effect, Shape Memory Alloys, Shape Memory Polymers, Electro-rheological Fluids, Magneto Rheological Fluids

**UNIT-II:**

**High-Band Width, Low Strain Smart Sensors:** Piezoelectric Strain Sensors, In-plane and Out-of Plane Sensing, Shear Sensing, Accelerometers, Effect of Electrode Pattern, Active Fibre Sensing, Magnetostrictive Sensing, Villari Effect, Matteuci Effect and Nagoka-Honda Effect, Magnetic Delay Line Sensing, Application of Smart Sensors for Structural Health Monitoring (SHM), System Identification using Smart Sensors

**UNIT-III:**

**Smart Actuators:** Modelling Piezoelectric Actuators, Amplified Piezo Actuation – Internal and External Amplifications, Magnetostrictive Actuation, Joule Effect, Wiedemann Effect, Magnetovolume Effect, Magnetostrictive Mini Actuators, IPMC and Polymeric Actuators, Shape Memory Actuators, Active Vibration Control, Active Shape Control, Passive Vibration Control, Hybrid Vibration Control

**UNIT –IV:**

**Smart Composites:** Review of Composite Materials, Micro and Macro-mechanics, Modelling Laminated Composites based on Classical Laminated Plate Theory, Effect of Shear Deformation, Dynamics of Smart Composite Beam, Governing Equation of Motion, Finite Element Modelling of Smart Composite Beams

**UNIT-V:**

**Advances in Smart Structures & Materials:** Self-Sensing Piezoelectric Transducers, Energy Harvesting Materials, Autophagous Materials, Self-Healing Polymers, Intelligent System Design, Emergent System Design

**UNIT –VI:**

Applications to Engineering Domains – Case studies

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Smart Structures: Analysis and Design, A. V. Srinivasan, D. Michael McFarland, Cambridge University Press, 2000
2. Smart Structures: Physical Behaviour, Mathematical Modelling and Applications, Paolo Gaudenzi, Wiley, 2009

**REFERENCES:**

1. Smart Structures and Materials, Brian Culshaw, Artech House, 2000
2. Smart Structures, Gauenzi, P., Wiley, 2009
3. Piezoelectricity, Cady, W. G., Dover Publication

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VIII Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1CE04) INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Smart Cities Planning and Development, Green Building Technology, Smart Materials and Structures

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand ITS architecture and standards
- To apply appropriate ITS technology depending upon site specific conditions
- To design and implement ITS components
- To understand concept and application of Automated Highway Systems

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Differentiate different ITS user Services

**CO-2:** Apply ITS for road user safety

**CO-3:** Interpret importance of AHS in ITS

**CO-4:** Extend future research and special project

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction To ITS:** System Architecture, Standards, Database – Tracking Database – Commercial Vehicle Operations – Intelligent Vehicle Initiative - Metropolitan ITS – Rural ITS – ITS for Rail network.

**UNIT – II:**

**ITS Travel Management:** Autonomous Route Guidance System – Infrastructure based systems – Telecommunications – Vehicle – Roadside communication – Vehicle Positioning System – Electronic Toll Collection – Electronic Car Parking

**UNIT – III:**

**ITS Designs:** Modeling and Simulation Techniques - Peer – to – Peer Program – ITS for Road Network – System Design – Mobile Navigation Assistant – Traffic Information Center – Public Safety Program.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Introduction to Automated Highway Systems:** Evolution of AHS and Current Vehicle Trends - Vehicles in Platoons – Aerodynamic Benefits - Integration of Automated Highway Systems – System Configurations - Step by Step to an Automated Highway System.

**UNIT – V:**

**Evaluation and Assessment of AHS:** Spacing and Capacity for Different AHS Concepts – Communication Technologies for AHS - The Effects of AHS on the Environment – Regional Mobility - Impact Assessment of Highway Automation.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Implementation of ITS:** ITS programs globally- overview of ITS in developed countries and developing countries – ITS at Toll Plazas – Parking lots – Highways.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Intelligent Transport Systems Handbook 2000: Recommendations for World Road Association (PIARC), Kan Paul Chen, John Miles
2. Intelligent Transport Systems – Cases and Policies, Roger R. Stough, Publisher: Edward Elgar, 2001
3. Intermodal Freight Transport, David Lowe, Elsevier Butterworth-Heinemann Publishers, 2005

**REFERENCES:**

1. Positioning Systems in Intelligent Transportation Systems, Chris Drane and Chris Rizos, Artech House Publishers, London, 2000
2. Perspectives on Intelligent Transport Systems, Joseph M. Sussman, Springer Publishers, 2000
3. Intelligent Transport System, Intelligent Transportation Primer, Washington, US, 2001

# **WASTE MANAGEMENT**

## **WASTE MANAGEMENT**

The courses such as solid waste management (SWM), hazardous waste management (HWM), waste to energy (WTE) and intelligent waste management and recycling system (IWM&RS) are the courses available in the waste management track stream which having a potential syllabus content to meet out the industrial and research needs.

Solid waste management is an interesting track course which actual highlights the day-to-day problems where everybody is facing due to the improper management of industrial, domestic and household waste. Further, the enthusiastic aspects involved in the track courses such as: awareness on its impact over on environment, formal or scientific way of handling and management of waste and disposal scenarios.

In hazardous waste management course, handling and management of nuclear waste at national and international level have been highlighted. Further, the content enlightens about the legal process of state, central and industrial responses toward any emergency situations arise by hazardous waste. Finally, it deals about natural resource damage assessment and restoration.

Waste to energy is a pioneering course available in the track; it is one of the interesting and mindboggling course in the track which highlights the importance of converting the waste materials into wealth. It gives enough space to understand the basic process technologies in a theoretical and industrial way such as: thermal, chemical and biological conversion process. From the above, biological conversion process is in its embryonic state and having potential to expands its technological wings in the near future and having enormous scope of industrial applications where students can be benefited. Finally, conversion devices is an innovative module have been framed to explore the young minds in the line of designing and creating a demand based conversion device products which even lays an entrepreneurial pathway to them.

First of its kind, even at both international and national level a dedicated and extensive course for intelligent waste management and recycling system have been framed with conventional and advanced modules. It is really an interesting course where a student can apply his/her innovative creations to solve the existing and futuristic problems in a smart way with the help of smart tools. Optimistic modules such as: life cycle assessment and carbon-footprint-based IWMS, principles of systems engineering and regulatory frameworks have been incorporated to meet out the international requirements.

In the pathway of exploring the fundamentals and basic knowledges about the course, the six units of all the courses have been formulated keeping in the mind that the students can be able to competitive among the international community at the end of semester. In this context, comprehensive theoretical and industrial processes have been incorporated in each and every module of courses. Further, it is highly believed that the framed syllabus modules having 100% industrial



applications which can make the students to feel motivated, satisfied and confidence to compete with the international community.

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. V Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18OE1CE05) SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand the concepts of solid waste management
- Remember the characteristics of solid waste and source reduction techniques
- Acquire the knowledge & skills in the collection, storage, transport and engineering principles of solid waste
- Remember and Understand the treatment, disposal and recycling and various laws and regulation of solid waste management

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Apply the fundamental concepts of solid waste management

**CO-2:** Apply the acquired knowledge to resolve the practical problems on source reduction

**CO-3:** Apply the knowledge on collection, storage, transport and waste processing of solid waste in real time situation

**CO-4:** Impart the gained knowledge and skills and various laws & regulations on treatment of SW in real time societal problems

**UNIT – I:**

**Sources and Classification:** Types and Sources of solid and hazardous wastes - Need for solid and hazardous waste management – Elements of integrated waste management and roles of stakeholders - Financing and Public Private Participation for waste management- Integrated solid waste management.

**UNIT – II:**

**Waste Characterization and Source Reduction:** Waste generation rates and variation - Composition, physical, chemical and biological properties of solid wastes – Hazardous Characteristics – TCLP tests – waste sampling and characterization plan - Source reduction of wastes –Waste exchange - Extended producer responsibility - Recycling and reuse.

**UNIT – III:**

**Storage, Collection and Transport of Wastes:** Handling and segregation of wastes at source – storage and collection of municipal solid wastes – Analysis of Collection systems - Need for transfer and transport – Transfer stations Optimizing waste allocation– compatibility, storage, labeling and handling of hazardous wastes – hazardous waste manifests and transport.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Waste Processing Technologies:** Objectives of waste processing – material separation and processing technologies – biological and chemical conversion

technologies – methods and controls of Composting - thermal conversion technologies and energy recovery – incineration – solidification and stabilization of hazardous wastes- treatment of biomedical wastes - Health considerations in the context of operation of facilities.

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Waste Disposal:** Waste disposal options – Disposal in landfills - Landfill Classification, types and methods – site selection - design and operation of sanitary landfills, secure landfills and landfill bioreactors – leachate and landfill gas management – landfill closure and environmental monitoring – Rehabilitation of open dumps-remediation of contaminated sites.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Regulatory Frameworks:** Salient features of Indian legislations on management and handling of municipal solid wastes, hazardous wastes, biomedical wastes, nuclear wastes - lead acid batteries, electronic wastes, plastics waste, bio-medical waste, construction and demolition waste and fly ash waste.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Integrated Solid Waste Management, George Tchobanoglous, Hilary Theisen and Samuel A, Vigil, Mc-Graw Hill International edition, New York, 1993
2. CPHEEO, Manual on Municipal Solid Waste Management, Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization, Government of India, New Delhi, 2014

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Handbook of Solid Waste Management, Frank Kreith, George Tchobanoglous, Mc Graw Hill, 2002
2. Waste Management Practices, John Pichtel, CRC Press, Taylor and Francis Group, 2014
3. Municipal Solid Waste Management, Processing, Energy Recovery, Global Examples, P. Jayarama Reddy, BS Publications, CRC Press, Taylor and Francis Group, 2011
4. Gol, Ministry of Environment and Forest and Climate Change, Various Recent Laws and Rules of Solid Waste Management

## VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VI Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

### (18OE1CE06) HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Solid Waste Management

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand the concepts of hazardous waste management
- Understand the principle of waste characterization, storage, transport and processing
- Understand the principles of nuclear waste and Hazardous Management (HM) and emergency Response
- Understand the principle and process of landfills and natural resource Damage Assessment & Restoration

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Apply the fundamental concepts of hazardous waste management

**CO-2:** Apply the knowledge to resolve the problems on storage, transport and processing

**CO-3:** Apply the knowledge to resolve the practical problems on nuclear waste and HM & emergency response

**CO-4:** Impart the gained knowledge and skills to resolve the practical problems on landfills and natural resource damage assessment & restoration on field

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Need for hazardous waste management – Sources of hazardous wastes – Effects on community – terminology and classification – Storage and collection of hazardous wastes – Problems in developing countries – Protection of public health and the environment.

**UNIT – II:**

**Waste Characterization, Storage, Transport and Processing:** Hazardous Waste Characterization and Definable Properties - Analytical- Analytical methods – Hazardous waste inventory- Source reduction of hazardous wastes - Handling and storage of Hazardous wastes –Waste Compatibility Chart – Hazardous Waste Transport- Manifest system – Transboundary movement of wastes – Basal Convention – Hazardous waste treatment technologies – Physical, chemical and thermal treatment of hazardous waste – Solidification – Chemical fixation – Encapsulation – Incineration.

**UNIT – III:**

**Nuclear Waste:** Characteristics – Types – Nuclear waste – Uranium mining and processing – Power reactors – Refinery and fuel fabrication wastes – spent fuel – Management of nuclear wastes – Decommissioning of Nuclear power reactors – Health and environmental effects.

#### **UNIT – IV:**

**Management of Hazardous Wastes:** Identifying a hazardous waste – methods – Quantities of hazardous waste generated – Components of a hazardous waste management plan – Hazardous waste minimization – Disposal practices in Indian Industries – Future challenges - Emergency Response - National Response Team and Regional Response Teams; National Contingency Plan and Regional Contingency Plans; National Response Center; State, Local and Industry Response Systems.

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Secure Landfills:** Hazardous waste landfills – Site selections – landfill design and operation – Regulatory aspects – Liner System- Liners: clay, geomembrane, HDPE, geonet, geotextile – Cover system- Leachate Collection and Management – Environmental Monitoring System- Landfill Closure and post closure care - Underground Injection Wells.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Natural Resource Damage Assessment and Restoration:** Natural Resource Damage Assessment Laws and Regulations - Central and State government agencies - Damage Assessment and Restoration Procedures - Groundwater Hydrology and Contamination Processes - Groundwater Contamination Detection, Analysis and Monitoring - Overview of CERCLA - Remedial Action Process and RCRA Correction Action Program - Preliminary Assessments and Site Inspections - Hazard Ranking System - National Priorities List - State Priorities List - Remedial Investigations and Feasibility Studies - Records of Decision and the Administrative Process - Remedial Design - Remedial Action - NPL Deletion Process.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Hazardous Waste Management, Charles A. Wentz., 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill International, 1995
2. Standard Handbook of Hazardous Waste Treatment and Disposal, Harry M. Freeman, McGraw Hill, 1997

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Hazardous Waste (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, Ministry of Environment and Forests, Government of India, New Delhi
2. Guidelines and Criteria for Hazardous Waste Landfills and Hazardous Waste Treatment Disposal Facilities, Central Pollution Control Board, New Delhi, 2010
3. Hazardous Waste Management, Prof. Anjaneyulu
4. Hazardous Waste Management, M. LaGrega and others, McGraw-Hill Publication

## VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VII Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

### (18OE1CE07) WASTE TO ENERGY

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Solid Waste Management, Hazardous Waste Management

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand the concepts of energy from waste
- Understand the principle and process of thermal conversion technology (TCT)
- Understand the principle and process of chemical and biological conversion technology (CCT & BCT)
- Understand the principles and processes of biomass energy technology (BET) and conversion process and devices (P&D) for solid wastes

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Apply the fundamental concepts of energy from waste

**CO-2:** Apply the acquired knowledge to resolve the practical problems on TCT

**CO-3:** Apply the knowledge to resolve the practical problems on CCT and BCT

**CO-4:** Impart the gained knowledge and skills to resolve the practical problems on BET and P&D

#### **UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Energy from Waste:** Classification of waste as fuel – agro based, forest residue, industrial waste, MSW – conversion devices – incinerators, gasifiers, digesters, Environmental monitoring system for land fill gases, Environmental impacts; Measures to mitigate environmental effects due to incineration.

#### **UNIT – II:**

**Thermal Conversion Technologies:** Fundamentals of thermal processing – combustion system – pyrolysis system – gasification system – environmental control system – energy recovery system – incineration.

#### **UNIT – III:**

**Chemical Conversion Technologies:** Acid & Alkaline hydrolysis – hydrogenation; solvent extraction of hydrocarbons; solvolysis of wood; biocrude; biodiesel production via chemical process; catalytic distillation; transesterification methods; Fischer-Tropsch diesel: chemicals from biomass - various chemical conversion processes for oil, gas, cellulose acetate.

#### **UNIT – IV:**

**Biological Conversion Technologies:** Nutritional requirement for microbial growth – types of microbial metabolism – types of microorganisms – environmental requirements – aerobic biological transformation – anaerobic biological transformation – aerobic composting – low solid anaerobic digestion – high solid anaerobic digestion – development of anaerobic digestion processes and technologies for treatment of the organic fraction of MSW – Biodegradation and

biodegradability of substrate; biochemistry and process parameters of biomethanation - other biological transformation processes.

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Biomass Energy Technologies:** Biomass energy resources – types and potential; Energy crops - Biomass characterization (proximate and ultimate analysis); Biomass pyrolysis and gasification; Biofuels – biodiesel, bioethanol, Biobutanol; Algae and biofuels; Pellets and bricks of biomass; Biomass as boiler fuel; Social, economic and ecological implications of biomass energy.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Conversion Devices:** Combustors (Spreader Stokes, Moving grate type, fluidized bed), gasifier, digesters. Briquetting technology: Production of RDF and briquetted fuel. Properties of fuels derived from waste to energy technology: Producer gas, Biogas, Ethanol and Briquettes – conversion process with basic device formulation for agricultural residues and wastes including animal wastes; industrial wastes; municipal solid wastes; E-waste; Bio-medical waste; C&D waste; plastic waste and batteries waste.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Integrated Solid Waste Management, George Tchobanoglous, Hilary Theisen and Samuel A, Vigil, Mc-Graw Hill International Edition, New York, 1993
2. Energy from Waste - An Evaluation of Conversion Technologies, C. Parker and T. Roberts (Ed), Elsevier Applied Science, London, 1985

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Introduction to Biomass Energy Conversion, Capareda S., CRC Press, 2013
2. Thermo-chemical Processing of Biomass: Conversion into Fuels, Chemicals and Power, Brown RC and Stevens C, Wiley and Sons, 2011
3. Biomass Conversion Processes for Energy and Fuels, Sofer, Samir S. (ed.), Zaborsky, R. (ed.), New York, Plenum Press, 1981
4. Energy Recovery from Municipal Solid Waste Thermal Conversion Technologies, P. Jayarama Reddy, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, London, UK, 2016

## VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VIII Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

### (18OE1CE08) INTELLIGENT WASTE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM AND RECYCLING SYSTEM

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Solid Waste Management, Hazardous Waste Management, Waste to Energy

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand the concepts of Solid waste
- Understand the principle and process of IWMS Tools
- Understand the applications of IoT, ML, DL, BC and LCA & Carbon Foot Print (CFP) based SWM
- Understand the principles of Process Systems Engineering (PSE) and various laws and regulation of SWM

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Apply the fundamental concepts of Solid waste

**CO-2:** Apply the knowledge to resolve the practical problems with the help of IWMS Tools

**CO-3:** Apply the knowledge of IoT, ML, DL, BC and LCA & CFP to resolve the practical problems in SWM

**CO-4:** Impart the PSE knowledge and various laws and regulation to resolve the practical problems in SWM

#### **UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Solid Waste:** Sources, Generation, Classification and Types of Solid Waste – Biomedical Waste – E-Waste – Construction and Demolition Waste – Plastic Waste – Batteries Waste – Hazardous Waste - Waste Management Through Waste Hierarchy: Reduce, Reuse, Recycle, Recover, and Disposal - Waste Operational Units: Equipment and Facilities: Collection and Transportation - Mechanical Treatment - Biological Treatment - Thermal Treatment – Disposal.

#### **UNIT – II:**

**Introduction to IWMS Tools:** Introduction – Need of the IWMS – functional elements of IWMS – Ultrasonic Sensor, Arduino Board, GSM Module, Bread Board, Power Supply (Battery) – Jump Wires - Navigation system – Cloud Services - Zero Waste Principle.

#### **UNIT – III:**

**Applications in Intelligent Waste Management System:** Introductory Applications of IoT, Machine Learning, Deep Learning and Block Chain Technology in Waste Characterization and Source Reduction, Storage, Collection and Transport of Wastes, Waste Processing Technologies and Waste Disposal.

#### **UNIT – IV:**

**Life Cycle Assessment and Carbon-Footprint-Based IWMS:** Phases of Life Cycle Assessment: Goal and Scope Definition - Life Cycle Inventory - Life Cycle Impact



Assessment – Interpretation - LCA Waste Management Software - Umberto Software - SimaPro Software - LCA Assessment Methodology: Life Cycle Inventory Analysis - Life Cycle Impact Assessment – Interpretation - Sensitivity Analysis - Carbon-Footprint-Based SWM - The Global-Warming Potential Impact - GHG Accounting - GWP Assessment for Solid Waste Management.

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Principles of Systems Engineering:** Systems Engineering Principles and Tools for SWM - Planning Regional Material Recovery Facilities - Optimal Planning for Solid Waste Collection, Recycling, and Vehicle Routing - Multiattribute Decision Making with Sustainability Considerations - Decision Analysis for Optimal Balance between Solid Waste Incineration and Recycling Programs - Environmental Informatics for Integrated Solid Waste Management - Future Perspectives.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Regulatory Frameworks:** Salient features of Indian legislations on management and handling of municipal solid wastes, hazardous wastes, biomedical wastes, nuclear wastes - lead acid batteries, electronic wastes, plastics waste, bio-medical waste, construction and demolition waste and fly ash waste.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Sustainable Solid Waste Management - A Systems Engineering Approach, Ni-Bin Chang and Ana Pires, IEEE & John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey, 2015
2. Integrated Solid Waste Management, George Tchobanoglous, Hilary Theisen and Samuel A, Vigil, McGraw Hill International edition, New York, 1993

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Manual on Municipal Solid Waste Management, CPHEEO, Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization, Government of India, New Delhi, 2014
2. Smart Waste Management- Nutshell, Vishal Gupta, Amazon.com Services LLC, September 11, 2017
3. Recyclable Household Waste Management System for Smart Home in IOT, Manpreet Kaur & Dr. Kamaljit Singh Saini, Independently Published, June 12, 2018
4. GoI, Ministry of Environment and Forest and Climate Change, Various Recent Laws and Rules of Solid Waste Management

**GREEN ENERGY**

## 1. RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES

### What we are studying?

The climate landscape is changing rapidly, and new technologies and solutions keep arising to respond to global and local challenges.

Renewable energy sources course makes you discover how Solar Thermal Energy conversion system works. It makes you understand how a Solar Photo voltaic generation system generates electricity. Scope of the course also includes wind energy generation. It also navigates you through Biomass and geo thermal energy generation systems.

### Job opportunities:

When it comes to the hottest and most buzzing careers in the 21st century, the majority of people think of hardcore technical domains such as data science, machine learning & artificial intelligence. Few people might also come up with biotechnology (or biosciences). But, quite often people forget about one of the dark horses – the Renewable Energy sector. Even Bill Gates lobbied for the Energy sector as one of the top three career choices for making an impactful career.

### Reference:

<https://www.stoodnt.com/blog/careers-in-renewable-energy-job-opportunities-fields-of-study-and-top-universities/>

## 2. RENEWABLE ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES

Within Crisis, there are seeds of opportunity..! We are at the wedge of fossil fuel end. After few years you can witness fuel crisis all over the world, as an engineer one must aware of the solution. To design sustainable systems those last for decades, one must use renewable energy as main or auxiliary source of energy. The application may be electrical or mechanical or chemical, one must convert energy from renewable source into electricity for ease of use.

Renewable Energy Technologies course will introduce you to Different types of Solar PV systems and their characteristics. Students will know the functionality of Power Converters such as Inverters etc., through block diagram approach. Fuel cell technology, which is one of the solutions for energy crisis will be discussed in detail. Course will conclude by discussing impact of PV panel production on environment and disposal of it.

### Job Opportunities:

Green jobs in the renewable energy sector are expected to touch new figures with 6 digit monthly income. Following link may describe the interesting interdisciplinary careers for budding engineers.

### Reference:

<https://www.businessinsider.in/slideshows/miscellaneous/21-high-paying-careers-for-people-who-want-to-save-the-planet-and-also-have-job-security/slidelist/70677782.cms#slideid=70677804>

### **3. ENERGY STORAGE TECHNOLOGIES**

Battery technology is an essential skill for every engineer in present scenario. Course on energy storage technologies will enable student to, Design storage system Residential loads integrated to Renewable and storage systems for Electric Vehicles. It will make student to understand various electrochemical storages such as Lead acid, Li Ion cell etc. and their characteristics. The course enables student to compare non-electric, electric storage systems and analyze application of them to various domains.

#### **Job opportunities:**

Upon successful completion of course student will enhance the chances of getting into EV industry , which almost open fact. Job Profiles include

- i. Battery algorithms engineer
- ii. Battery management engineer
- iii. Battery modeling expert
- iv. Design engineer – EV

### **4. ENERGY MANAGEMENT AND CONSERVATION**

Energy Management And Conservation course is mainly intended to monitor Energy consumption of industries and to manage energy systems. This course also deals with methods of improving efficiency of electric machinery and to design a good illumination system. It also teaches student calculate pay back periods for energy saving equipment.

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. V Semester

L	T/P/D	C
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(18OE1EE01) RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand the role of solar power
- Know components of PV system conversion
- Learn Operation of windmills
- Understand the principle operation of biomass and geo thermal energy systems

**COURSE OUT COMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Understand Solar Thermal Energy conversion systems

**CO-2:** Understand Solar Photo voltaic systems

**CO-3:** Analyze wind energy conversion system

**CO-4:** Understand the principle operation of Biomass and geo thermal energy systems

**UNIT – I:**

**Principles of Solar Radiation:** Role and potential of new and renewable source, the solar energy option, Environmental impact of solar power, physics of the sun, the solar constant, extraterrestrial and terrestrial solar radiation, solar radiation on tilted surface, instruments for measuring solar radiation and sunshine, solar radiation data.

**UNIT – II:**

**Solar Thermal Energy Conversion:**

**Solar Heating:** Some basic calculations, The performance of solar heating devices, Available energy from the sun, The apparent motion of the sun, Evaluation of sunlight received by a collector, Flat solar panels - Different technologies of thermal solar collectors-Evaluation of the performance of solar collectors- Selective coatings for collectors and glazing, Solar heating systems -Individual and collective solar water heaters- Combined solar systems for the heating of buildings

**Power Stations:** Concentric Solar Power Plants- Concentrating systems- Components for production of heat and conversion into electricity

**UNIT – III:**

**Solar PV Conversion:** The PV Cell-Crystalline Solar cells-Thin film solar cell, Module, Array, Equivalent Electrical circuit, Open circuit voltage and Short circuit current, I-V, P-V Curves, Array design- Sun angle- effect of Temperature-Sun tracking, PV system components

**UNIT – IV:**

**Wind Energy:** Sources and potentials, horizontal and vertical axis windmills, performance characteristics, Betz criteria, Maximum power Tracking of wind mills, Site selection of Wind mills, working Induction generator (Principle only)

**UNIT – V:**

**Bio-Mass:** Principles of Bio-Conversion, Anaerobic/aerobic digestion, types of Bio-gas digesters, gas yield, combustion characteristics of bio-gas, utilization for cooking, I.C. Engine operation and economic aspects.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Geothermal & Ocean Energy:** Resources, types of wells, methods of harnessing the energy, potential in India. OTEC, Principles utilization, setting of OTEC plants, thermodynamic cycles. Tidal and wave energy: Potential and conversion techniques, mini-hydel power plants, and their economics.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Non-Conventional Energy Sources, G. D. Rai, Khanna Publishers
2. Renewable Energies, John Claude Sabbonedere, ISTE & John Wiley Publishers, 2007
3. Renewable Energy Resources, Twidell & Wier, CRC Press (Taylor & Francis), 2016

**REFERENCE:**

1. Wind & Solar Power Systems, Mukund R. Patel, CRC Press, 2003

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VI Semester**

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<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18OE1EE02) RENEWABLE ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Renewable Energy Sources

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To provide necessary knowledge about the modeling, design and analysis of various PV systems
- To show that PV is an economically viable, environmentally sustainable alternative to the world's energy supplies
- To understand the power conditioning of PV and WEC system's power output

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Model, analyze and design various photovoltaic systems

**CO-2:** Know the feasibility of PV systems as an alternative to the fossil fuels

**CO-3:** Design efficient stand alone and grid connected PV and WEC power systems

**UNIT – I:**

**Behavior of Solar Cells-Basic Structure and Characteristics:** Types - equivalent circuit-modeling of solar cells including the effects of temperature, irradiation and series/shunt resistances on the open-circuit voltage and short-circuit current-Solar cell arrays- PV modules-PV generators- shadow effects and bypass diodes- hot spot problem in a PV module and safe operating area.

**UNIT – II:**

**Types of PV Systems:** Grid connected PV systems- Net-metering- Estimation of actual a.c. output power from PV systems

Stand-alone system- Approach to designing an off-grid PV system with battery- with battery and diesel generator- Stand-alone solar water pumping system- Sizing/designing PV water pumping system- Problems

**UNIT – III:**

**Power Converters for PV and Wind:** Basic switching devices, AC-DC Rectifier, DC-AC inverter (Basic operation), DC DC converter - Buck, Boost converters Basic operation, Battery charger (Basic operation), grid interface requirements in Renewable energy integration

**UNIT – IV:**

**Maximum Power Point Tracking:** Various Sources of Losses in PV system, Charge Control in Battery Backed PV Systems, Maximum Power Point Tracking (MPPT)- Role of DC-DC converter in MPP tracking- Perturb and Observe Method-pseudo program for P&O method, Advanced Issues & Algorithms- search steps-variable step size algorithm. Peak Power operation of Wind Energy conversion system.

**UNIT – V:**

**Fuel Cell Technology:** History of Fuel cells, Fuel Cell Vehicle Emissions, Hydrogen safety factors, Principle of Operation- Fuel cell Model- cell voltage, Power and

efficiency of fuel cell, Various types of fuel cells, Various storage systems for Hydrogen, Applications

**UNIT – VI:**

**Solar Thermal Electricity Generation:** Sterling Engine, Solar Pond, Solar Chimney

**Solar PV System Environment Impact:** Potential Hazards in production of PV cell, Energy payback and CO<sub>2</sub> emission calculations of PV systems, Procedure for decommissioning of PV plant, Future Trends of Wind Energy system

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Handbook of Renewable Energy Technology, Ahmed F. Zobaa, World Scientific Publishing Company, 2011
2. Wind and Solar Power Systems Design, Analysis, and Operation, Patel M. R., 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, CRC Press, New York, 2005
3. Practical Handbook of Photovoltaics - Fundamentals and Applications, Augustin McEvoy, Tom Markvart, T. Markvart, L. Castaner, Elsevier Science, 2003

**REFERENCE:**

1. Electric Powertrain - Energy Systems, Power Electronics & Drives for Hybrid, Electric & Fuel Cell Vehicles, Goodarzi, Gordon A., Hayes, John G, John Wiley & Sons, 2018



## VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VII Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

### (18OE1EE03) ENERGY STORAGE TECHNOLOGIES

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Renewable Energy Sources, Renewable Energy Technologies

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand Techno economic analysis of various storage systems
- To know Feasibility of different storage technologies
- To learn Operation of several electrochemical storage systems
- To understand Functionality of non-electric storage systems

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to  
**CO-1:** Design storage system Residential loads integrated to Renewable and storage systems for Electric Vehicles

**CO-2:** Understand various electrochemical storage system

**CO-3:** Understand terminology and characteristics of Electro chemical systems

**CO-4:** Compare non-electric and electric storage system

**CO-5:** Analyze application of storage systems to various domains

**UNIT – I:**

**Techno-economic Analysis of Various Energy Storage Technologies:** Electrical Energy Storage (EES)-Definition-Role, Energy storage components, Applications and Technical support, Financial Benefits of EES, Techno economic analysis, Classification of Energy Storage systems, Comparison

**UNIT – II:**

**Estimation of Energy Storage and Feasibility Analysis:** Background-Solar Power-Wind Power (Brief discussion), Estimation-daily residential load-daily available solar energy-daily available wind energy-Importance, Estimation of Storage sizing- Steps for Storage sizing- Grid connected residential PV-grid connected residential Wind-hybrid system, Feasibility analysis of Storage systems- Various Terms involved- Case study of comparison between Off grid and grid connected systems

**UNIT – III:**

**Electro Chemical Storage:** Standard Batteries- Lead Acid- VRLA - Ni-cd, Modern Batteries- Ni MH- Li Ion, Flow Batteries – Br<sub>2</sub> Zn-Vanadium Redox, Battery composition, construction, Principle of operation, Types, Advantages and disadvantages to above batteries.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Terminology & Characteristics:** Battery Terminology, Capacities, Definitions of various characteristics, Different States of charge-DOD-SOC-SOE-SOH-SOF, Resistance, Battery Design, Battery Charging, Charge Regulators, Battery Management, General Equivalent Electrical Circuit, Performance Characteristics

**UNIT – V:**

**Non-Electric Storage Technologies:** Flywheel, Energy Relations, Flywheel System Components, Benefits of Flywheel over Battery, Superconducting Magnet Energy Storage, Compressed Air Energy storage, Overview Thermal Energy Storage. Capacitor bank storage, Comparison of storage Technologies

**UNIT –VI:**

**Applications:** Domains of applications of Energy storage- Starter-Traction-stationary-mobile or nomadic, Review of storage requirements, Storage for Electric Vehicle application, Storage for hybrid vehicle-Regenerative Braking-Super capacitor-hybrid capacitor

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Energy Storage Technologies and Applications, Ahmed Faheem Zobaa, InTech Publishers, 2013
2. Lithium Batteries and Other Electrochemical Storage Systems, Christian Glaize, Sylvie Geniès, ISTE & John Wiley, 2013
3. Wind and Solar Power Systems, Mukund R. Patel, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, CRC Press, 2006

**REFERENCES:**

1. Rechargeable Batteries Applications Handbook, EDN Series for Design Engineers, Elsevier

## VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VIII Semester

L	T/P/D	C
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### (18OE1EE04) ENERGY MANAGEMENT AND CONSERVATION

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Renewable Energy sources, Renewable Energy Technologies, Energy Storage Technologies

#### COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the necessity of conservation of Energy
- To Know the methods of Energy management
- To identify the factors to increase the efficiency of electrical equipment
- To know the benefits of carrying out energy Audits

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** To conduct Energy Audit of industries

**CO-2:** To manage energy Systems

**CO-3:** To specify the methods of improving efficiency of electric motor

**CO-4:** To improve power factor and to design a good illumination system

**CO-5:** To calculate pay back periods for energy saving equipment

#### UNIT – I:

**Basic Principles of Energy Audit:** Energy audit- definitions, concept, types of audit, energy index, cost index, pie charts, Sankey diagrams, load profiles, Energy conservation schemes- Energy audit of industries- energy saving potential, energy audit of process industry, thermal power station, building energy audit

#### UNIT – II:

**Energy Management:** Principles of energy management, organizing energy management program, initiating, planning, controlling, promoting, monitoring, reporting- Energy manager, Qualities and functions, language, Questionnaire - check list for top management

#### UNIT – III:

**Energy Efficient Motors:** Energy efficient motors, factors affecting efficiency, loss distribution, constructional details, characteristics - variable speed, variable duty cycle systems, RMS hp- voltage variation-voltage unbalance- over motoring- motor energy audit

#### UNIT – IV:

**Power Factor Improvement, Lighting and Energy Instruments:** Power factor – methods of improvement, location of capacitors, p.f with non-linear loads, effect of harmonics on p.f., p.f motor controllers – simple problems

#### UNIT – V:

**Lighting Energy Audit and Energy Instruments:** Good lighting system design and practice, lighting control, lighting energy audit - Energy Instruments- watt meter, data loggers, thermocouples, pyrometers, flux meters, tongue testers, application of PLC's

**UNIT – IV:**

**Economic Aspects and Analysis:** Economics Analysis-Depreciation Methods, time value of money, rate of return, present worth method, replacement analysis, life cycle costing analysis.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Analysis of Energy Efficient Motor:** Energy efficient motors- calculation of simple payback method, net present worth method- Power factor correction, lighting - Applications of life cycle costing analysis, return on investment.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Energy Management, W. R. Murphy & G. Mckay, Butterworth-Heinemann Publications
2. Energy Management, Paul o' Callaghan, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Book Company, 1998

**REFERENCES:**

1. Energy Efficient Electric Motors, John C. Andreas, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Marcel Dekker Inc. Ltd., 1995
2. Energy Management Handbook, W. C. Turner, John Wiley and Sons
3. Energy Management and Good Lighting Practice: Fuel Efficiency Booklet12-EEO

# **3D PRINTING AND DESIGN**

## **3D PRINTING AND DESIGN**

3D Printing is a process for making a physical object from a three-dimensional digital model by laying down many successive thin layers of a material. It brings a digital CAD model into its physical form by adding layer by layer of materials. Thus called 'Additive Manufacturing'. It is the opposite of subtractive manufacturing i.e., removing material from an object using a mechanical machine. It enables to produce complex shapes using less material than traditional manufacturing methods. There are several different techniques to 3D print an object. It saves time through prototyping and is also responsible for manufacturing impossible shapes. Due to these, it has many applications in different fields like consumer products (eyewear, footwear, design, furniture, industrial products (manufacturing tools, prototypes, functional end-use parts, dental products, prosthetics, architectural scale models, reconstructing fossils, replicating ancient artefacts, reconstructing evidence in forensic pathology etc.

3D printing has good prospects from career perspective. Various positions that could be available are CAD designers, engineers, technical developers, software developers, electronics engineers, etc.

This OE track consists of 04 courses and is designed with an objective to provide an overview of all the constituents of 3D Printing starting from elements of CAD that are needed to create CAD models, followed by basics of 3D Printing required for setting the parameters, then the machines and tools used in 3D Printing for thorough understanding of systems and processes and finally the reverse engineering of 3D printing models from actual objects.

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. V Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1ME01) ELEMENTS OF CAD

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand the basics of CAD and devices used
- Know the various types of modeling used in CAD
- Appreciate the concept of feature-based modeling and geometric transformations
- Comprehend the assembly modeling procedure and data exchange formats

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Know the fundamentals of CAD and devices used

**CO-2:** Identify the types of CAD modeling techniques and utilize them

**CO-3:** Evaluate the objects or models using geometric transformations and manipulations

**CO-4:** Perform the assembly modeling and assess the various data exchange formats

**UNIT – I:**

**Fundamentals of CAD:** Introduction to Computer Aided Design (CAD), Design process, Application of computers for Design and Manufacturing, Benefits of CAD, Brief overview of computer peripherals for CAD.

**UNIT – II:**

**Geometric Modeling:** Introduction to Geometric Model, Types of modeling, Curve representation

**Wireframe Modeling:** Introduction, advantages, limitations and applications, Wire frame entities-analytic and synthetic, Basic definitions of Cubic, Bezier and B-spline curves

**UNIT – III:**

**Surface Modeling:** Introduction, advantages, limitations and applications, surface entities, Basic definitions of analytic surfaces - planar surface, ruled surface, tabulated cylinder, surface of revolution; Basic definitions of synthetic surfaces - Bezier surface, B-spline surface

**UNIT – IV:**

**Solid Modeling:** Introduction, advantages, limitations and applications, Solid Entities, Solid Representation schemes – Boundary Representation (B-Rep) scheme, Constructive Solid Geometry (CSG) scheme.

Feature-based Modeling: Introduction, Feature entities, Feature representation, 3D Sketching, Parameter, Relations and Constraints

**UNIT – V:**

**Geometric Transformations:** Introduction to 2D & 3D transformations, Brief treatment on Translation, Scaling, Reflection and Rotation using Homogeneous and concatenated transformations

Manipulations: Displaying, Segmentation, Trimming, Intersection, Projection

**UNIT – VI:**

**Assembly Modeling:** Introduction, Assembly modeling, Assembly Tree, Mating Conditions, Bottom-up and Top-down approach

Product Data Exchange: Introduction, Graphics Standards, Types of translators, Importance of formats in 3D Printing, Data exchange formats - IGES, STEP and STL

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. CAD/CAM Theory and Practice, Ibrahim Zeid, Tata McGraw Hill
2. Mastering CAD/CAM, Ibrahim Zeid, Tata McGraw Hill
3. CAD/CAM-Computer Aided Design and Manufacturing, Mikell P. Groover, E.W. Zimmers, Pearson Education/Prentice Hall



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B.Tech. VI Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1ME02) INTRODUCTION TO 3D PRINTING

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Elements of CAD

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand the need of 3D Printing
- Understand about the process chain involved in 3D Printing
- Know about the two-dimensional layer by layer techniques, solid based systems & 3D Printing data exchange formats
- Know the post processing methods involved in 3D Printing

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Summarize the importance of 3D Printing

**CO-2:** Explain the process chain involved in 3D Printing

**CO-3:** Explain about two-dimensional layer-by-layer techniques, solid based systems and 3D printing data exchange formats

**CO-4:** Apply the knowledge gained in the post-processing methods

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to 3D Printing:** Introduction to 3D Printing, 3D Printing evolution, Classification of 3D Printing, Distinction between 3D Printing & CNC Machining, Advantages of 3D Printing

**UNIT – II:**

**Generalized 3D Printing Process Chain:** Process chain, Materials for 3D Printing, Design for 3D Printing and Overview of Medical Modeling & Reverse Engineering.

**UNIT – III:**

**Two-Dimensional Layer-By-Layer Techniques:** Stereolithography (SL), Selective Laser Sintering (SLS), Selective Powder Building (SPB), Advantages and Applications.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Solid Based Systems:** Introduction, basic principles, Fused Deposition Modeling, Multi-Jet Modeling, Laminated Object Manufacturing (LOM), Advantages and Applications.

**UNIT – V:**

**3D Printing Data Exchange Formats:** STL Format, STL File Problems, Brief Overview of other translations like IGES File, HP/GL File and CT data only.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Post-Processing:** Introduction, Support Material Removal, Surface Texture Improvements, Accuracy Improvements, Aesthetic Improvements.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Additive Manufacturing Technologies: Rapid Prototyping to Direct Digital Manufacturing, Ian Gibson, David W Rosen, Brent Stucker, Springer, 2010
2. Rapid Prototyping: Principles & Applications, Chuaa Chee Kai, Leong Kah Fai, World Scientific, 2010

**REFERENCES:**

1. Rapid Prototyping: Theory and Practice, Ali K. Karmani, Emand Abouel Nasr, Springer, 2006
2. Understanding Additive Manufacture: Rapid Prototyping, Rapid Tooling and Rapid Manufacture, Andreas Gebhardt, Hanser Publishers, 2013
3. Rapid Manufacturing: Advanced Research in Virtual and Rapid Prototyping, Hopkinson, N. Haque, and Dickens, Taylor and Francis, 2007

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B.Tech. VII Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1ME03) 3D PRINTING-MACHINES, TOOLING AND SYSTEMS

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Elements of CAD, Introduction to 3D Printing

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand the need of prototyping
- Understand about the liquid and solid based 3D printing systems
- Know about the liquid-based 3D printing systems & rapid tooling
- Know the applications of 3D Printing

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Summarize the importance of 3D Printing

**CO-2:** Explain the process involved in liquid and solid based 3D printing systems

**CO-3:** Explain about the liquid-based 3D printing systems and rapid tooling

**CO-4:** Adapt the knowledge gained in applications of 3D Printing

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Prototype Fundamentals, Types of Prototypes, Roles of Prototypes, Phases of Development Leading to Rapid Prototyping, Fundamentals of Rapid Prototyping.

**UNIT – II:**

**Liquid Based 3D Printing Systems:** Introduction, Principles, Processes and Applications of Solid Ground Curing, Material Jetting & Binder Jetting

**UNIT – III:**

**Solid Based 3D Printing Systems:** Introduction, Principles, Processes and Applications of Fused Deposition Modelling (FDM), Paper Lamination Technology (PLT) and Laminated Object Manufacturing (LOM)

**UNIT – IV:**

**Laser Based 3D Printing Systems:** Selective Laser Sintering (SLS)-Principle, Process and Applications, Three-Dimensional Printing- Principle, Process and Applications, Laser Engineered Net Shaping (LENS)- Principle, Process and Applications

**UNIT – V:**

**Rapid Tooling:** Introduction and need for Rapid Tooling, Overview of Indirect and Direct Processes, Applications

**UNIT – VI:**

**3D Printing Applications:** Brief overview of Applications in Design, Engineering, Aerospace Industry, Automotive Industry and Biomedical Industry

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Additive Manufacturing Technologies: Rapid Prototyping to Direct Digital Manufacturing, Ian Gibson, David W Rosen, Brent Stucker, Springer, 2010

2. Rapid Prototyping: Principles & Applications, Chuaa Chee Kai, Leong Kah Fai, World Scientific, 2010

**REFERENCES:**

1. Rapid Prototyping: Theory and Practice, Ali K. Karmani, Emand Abouel Nasr, Springer, 2006
2. Understanding Additive Manufacture: Rapid Prototyping, Rapid Tooling and Rapid Manufacture, Andreas Gebhardt, Hanser Publishers, 2013
3. Rapid Manufacturing: Advanced Research in Virtual and Rapid Prototyping, Hopkinson, N. Haque, and Dickens, Taylor and Francis, 2007

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VIII Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18OE1ME04) REVERSE ENGINEERING**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Elements of CAD, Introduction to 3D Printing, 3D Printing Machines, Tooling & Systems

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand the Reverse Engineering (RE) methodology
- Disassemble products and specify the interactions between its subsystems and their functionality
- Understand Computer-Aided RE and Rapid Prototyping technology

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Basic understanding of engineering systems

**CO-2:** Understanding the terminologies related to re-engineering, forward engineering, and reverse engineering

**CO-3:** Understanding of reverse engineering methodologies

**CO-4:** Understanding of reverse engineering of systems

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Scope and tasks of RE - Domain analysis- process of duplicating

**UNIT – II:**

Functionality – dimensional - developing technical data - digitizing techniques - construction of surface model - solid-part material - characteristics evaluation - software and application - prototyping - verification

**UNIT – III:**

History of Reverse Engineering – Preserving and preparation for the four-stage process Evaluation and Verification - Technical Data Generation, Data Verification, Project Implementation

**UNIT – IV:**

Data reverse engineering – Three data Reverse engineering strategies – Definition – organization data issues - Software application – Finding reusable software components

**UNIT – V:**

Recycling real-time embedded software – Design experiments to evaluate a Reverse Engineering tool – Rule based detection for reverse Engineering user interfaces – Reverse Engineering of assembly programs: A model-based approach and its logical basics

**UNIT – VI:**

Cognitive approach to program understated – Integrating formal and structured methods in reverse engineering – Integrating reverse engineering, reuse and specification tool environments to reverse engineering –coordinate measurement – feature capturing – surface and solid members

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Design Recovery for Maintenance and Reuse, T J Biggerstaff, IEEE Corpn, July 1991
2. White paper on RE, S. Rugaban, Technical Report, Georgia Instt. of Technology, 1994
3. Reverse Engineering, Katheryn, A. Ingle, McGraw-Hill, 1994

# **INTERNET OF THINGS**

## INTERNET OF THINGS

**Internet of Things:** The IoT creates opportunities for more direct integration of the physical world into computer-based systems, resulting in efficiency improvements, economic benefits, and reduced human exertions. *IoT is changing how we live, work, travel, and do business. It is even the basis of a new industrial transformation, known as Industry 4.0, and key in the digital transformation of organizations, cities, and society overall.* The IoT track helps students to learn about how to

- Learn different protocols and connectivity technologies used in IOT.
- Expose the various sensors and transducers for measuring mechanical quantities.
- Develop simple applications using 8051 microcontrollers.
- Understand the key routing protocols for sensor networks and their design issues.

**Some of the more common career paths in the Internet of Things path are**

- IoT Developer. ...
- IoT Architect...
- IoT Embedded Systems Designer...
- IoT Solutions Engineer...
- Professional in Sensors and Actuators...
- Embedded Programs Engineer...
- Safety Engineer...



**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. V Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18OE1EC01) SENSORS TRANSDUCERS AND ACTUATORS**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Engineering Physics, Electronic Measuring Instruments

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To expose the students to various sensors and transducers for measuring mechanical quantities
- To make the students familiar with the specifications of sensors and transducers
- To make the students identify for various sensors and transducers for various applications
- To expose the students to various actuators

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Familiar with classification and characteristics of various sensors and transducers

**CO-2:** Familiar with the principle and working of various sensors and transducers

**CO-3:** Familiar with the principle and working of various actuators

**CO-4:** Able to select proper Transducer / Sensor for a specific measurement application

**CO-5:** Able to select proper Actuator for a specific measurement application

**UNIT – I:**

**Primary Sensing Elements and Transducers:** Mechanical devices as primary detectors, mechanical spring devices, pressure sensitive primary devices, flow rate sensing elements, Transducers-electrical Transducers, classification of Transducers, characteristics and choice of Transducers, factors influencing the choice of Transducers.

**UNIT – II:**

**Electric Transducers:** Resistive transducers, Potentiometers, Strain gauges, Types of Strain gauges, Resistance thermometers, Thermistors, Thermocouples, variable Inductance Transducers, Linear Variable Differential Transformer, Synchros, Resolvers, Capacitive Transducers, Piezo electric Transducers.

**UNIT – III:**

**Magnetic & Optical Transducers:** Hall Effect Transducers, Magneto resistors, Magneto-Elastic and Magneto-Strictive Transducers, Opto electronic Transducers, Digital Encoding Transducers, Photo Optic Transducers.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Smart Sensors & Applications:** Introduction, Primary Sensors, Excitation, Amplification, Filters, Converters, Compensation, Information Coding/Processing, Data Communication, Standards for Smart Sensor Interface, the Automation. Sensors Applications: Introduction, On-board Automobile Sensors (Automotive Sensors), Home Appliance Sensors, Aerospace Sensors, Sensors for Manufacturing, Sensors for environmental Monitoring.

**UNIT – V:**

**Mechanical and Electrical Actuators:** Mechanical Actuation Systems-Types of motion, Kinematic chains, Cams, Gears, Ratchet and pawl, Belt and chain drives, Bearings, Mechanical aspects of motor selection, Electrical Actuation Systems, Electrical systems, Mechanical switches, Solid-state switches, Solenoids, D.C. Motors, A.C. Motors, Stepper motors.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Pneumatic and Hydraulic Actuators:** Pneumatic and Hydraulic Actuation Systems-Actuation systems, Pneumatic and hydraulic systems, Directional Control valves, Pressure control valves, Cylinders, Servo and proportional control valves, Process control valves, Rotary actuators.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. A Course in Electrical and Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation, A. K. Sawhney, Puneet Sawhney, 19<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2011
2. Sensors and Transducers, D. Patranabis, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, PHI Learning Private Limited, 2013
3. Mechatronics, W. Bolton, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education Limited, 2018

**REFERENCES:**

1. Sensors and Actuators, Patranabis, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, PHI, 2013

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VI Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18OE1EC02) INTRODUCTION TO MICROCONTROLLER AND INTERFACING**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Sensors Transducers and Actuators

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Differentiate various number systems
- Understanding programming concepts
- Develop simple applications using 8051 microcontrollers

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Understand basic computing concepts

**CO-2:** Know architecture of 8051 microcontrollers

**CO-3:** Program internal resources of 8051 microcontroller

**CO-4:** Interface peripherals to 8051 microcontroller

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Computing:** Numbering and Coding Systems: Binary, Decimal, Hexadecimal and conversions, Binary and Hexadecimal Arithmetic, Complements, Alphanumeric codes. Digital Premier, Inside the Computer

**UNIT – II:**

**Embedded System Design:** Embedded system - Definition, Characteristics of embedded computing applications, Design challenges, Requirements, Specification, Architecture design, Designing hardware and software components, system integration, Design example: Model train controller.

**UNIT – III:**

**8051 Microcontroller:** Microcontrollers and Embedded Processors, Architecture and Programming Model of 8051, Special Function Register formats, Memory Organization, Timers and Counters- Operating modes, Serial port, Interrupts

**UNIT – IV:**

**8051 Programming in C:** Data types, software delay generation, Logical operations, Accessing code and data space in 8051, I/O port programming, Timer/counter programming.

**UNIT – V:**

**8051 Programming:** Serial IO modes and their programming in C, interrupts programming in C: serial, timer and external interrupts.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Introduction to Arduino:** Features of Arduino, Arduino components and IDE, Interfacing: Seven Segment Display, Pulse Width Modulation, Analog Digital Converter, Wireless connectivity to Arduino. Case study: From BT To WiFi: Creating WiFi Controlled Arduino Robot Car.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. The 8051 Microcontroller: Programming, Architecture, Ayala & Gadre, Cengage Publications 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2008
2. The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems: Using Assembly and C, Muhammad Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillispie Mazidi, Rolin D. McKinlay, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2005

**REFERENCES:**

1. Digital Design, Morris Mano, PHI, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2006
2. Embedded Systems: Architecture, Programming and Design, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, TMH

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VII Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18OE1EC03) IOT PROTOCOLS AND ITS APPLICATIONS**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Sensors Transducers and Actuators, Introduction to Microcontrollers and Interfacing

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the basics of Internet of Things and Cloud of things
- To learn different protocols and connectivity technologies used in IOT
- To understand various IoT platforms
- To learn different applications with IoT

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Understand the concepts of Internet of Things and Cloud of things

**CO-2:** Analyze various protocols for IoT

**CO-3:** Apply IOT to different applications in the real world

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Internet of Things:** Definition and Characteristics of IoT, Physical Design of IoT, Logical Design of IoT, IoT enabled Technologies – Wireless Sensor Networks, Cloud Computing, Big data analytics, Communication protocols, Embedded Systems, IoT Levels and Deployment Templates, M2M, IoT vs M2M.

**UNIT – II:**

**IoT Protocols:** Message Queuing Telemetry Transport (MQTT), Secure Message Queuing Telemetry Transport (SMQTT), Constrained Application Protocol (CoAP), Extensible Messaging and Presence Protocol (XMPP), Advanced Message Queuing Protocol (AMQP)

**UNIT – III:**

**Connectivity Technologies:** IEEE802.15.4, ZIGBEE, 6LOWPAN, Wireless HART, Z-Wave, Bluetooth, NFC, RFID.

**Prototyping Embedded Device:** Sensors, Actuators, Embedded computing Basics, System on chips.

**UNIT – IV:**

**IoT Platforms:** IoT Platforms – Introduction to IoT Platforms (AWS IoT, IBM Watson, ARM Mbed), Cloud Storage models and communication APIs, Python web application framework Designing a RESTful web API.

**UNIT – V:**

**Cloud of Things:** Grid/SOA and Cloud Computing – Cloud Middleware – Cloud Standards – Cloud Providers and Systems – Mobile Cloud Computing – The Cloud of Things Architecture.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Domain Specific Applications of IoT:** IoT Design Methodology, Applications of IoT– Home, Health, Environment, Energy, Agriculture, Industry and Smart City.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Internet of Things: A Hands-On Approach, Vijay Madisetti, Arshdeep Bahga, Universities Press, 2015
2. The Internet of Things – Key Applications and Protocols, Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick, Omar Elloumi, Wiley, 2012
3. The Internet of Things in the Cloud: A Middleware Perspective, Honbo Zhou, CRC Press, 2012

**REFERENCES:**

1. Internet of Things: Converging Technologies for Smart Environments and Integrated Ecosystems, Dr. Ovidiu Vermesan, Dr. Peter Friess, River Publishers, 2013
2. Building the Internet of Things, Sara Cordoba, Wimer Hazenberg, Menno Huisman, BIS Publishers, 2011
3. Designing the Internet of Things, Adrian Mcewen, Hakin Cassimally, John Wiley and Sons, 2015

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VIII Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1EC08) WIRELESS SENSOR NETWORKS

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Sensors Transducers and Actuators, Introduction to Microcontrollers and Interfacing, IoT Protocols and its applications

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To expose basic concepts of wireless sensor network technology
- To study medium access control protocols and various issues in a physical layer
- To understand the key routing protocols for sensor networks and their design issues
- To understand sensor management in networks and design requirements

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Appreciate various design issues of wireless sensor networks

**CO-2:** Understand the hardware details of different types of sensors and select the application specific sensor

**CO-3:** Understand radio standards and communication protocols to be used for wireless sensor networks

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Overview of sensor network architecture and its applications, sensor network comparison with Ad Hoc Networks, Sensor node architecture with hardware and software details.

**UNIT – II:**

**Hardware:** Examples like mica2, micaZ, telosB, cricket, Imote2, tmote, btnode, and Sun SPOT, Software (Operating Systems): TinyOS, MANTIS, Contiki, and RetOS.

**UNIT – III:**

**Programming Tools:** C, nesC. Performance comparison of wireless sensor networks simulation and experimental platforms like open source (ns-2) and commercial (QualNet, Opnet, NetSim)

**UNIT – IV:**

**Overview of Sensor Network Protocols (Details of at least 2 important protocol per layer):** Physical, MAC and routing/ Network layer protocols, node discovery protocols, multi-hop and cluster-based protocols, Fundamentals of 802.15.4, Bluetooth, BLE (Bluetooth low energy), UWB.

**UNIT – V:**

**Data Dissemination and Processing:** Differences compared with other database management systems, Query models, In-network data aggregation, data storage; query processing.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Specialized Features:** Energy preservation and efficiency; security challenges; Fault tolerance, Issues related to Localization, connectivity and topology, Sensor deployment mechanisms; coverage issues; sensor Web; sensor Grid, Open issues for future research, and Enabling technologies in wireless sensor network.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Wireless Sensor Networks Technology, Protocols, and Applications, Kazem Sohraby, Daniel Minoli, Taieb Znati, John Wiley & Sons, 2007
2. Protocols and Architectures for Wireless Sensor Networks, H. Karl and A. Willig, John Wiley & Sons, India, 2012
3. Wireless Sensor Networks, C. S. Raghavendra, K. M. Sivalingam, and T. Znati, Editors, 1<sup>st</sup> Indian Reprint, Springer Verlag, 2010

**REFERENCES:**

1. Wireless Sensor Networks: An Information Processing Approach, F. Zhao and L. Guibas, Morgan Kaufmann, 1<sup>st</sup> Indian Reprint, 2013
2. Wireless Sensor Network and Applications, Yingshu Li, My T. Thai, Weili Wu, Springer Series on Signals and Communication Technology, 2008
3. Principles of Mobile Communications, Gordon L. Stuber, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Springer International, 2001



**AUGMENTED  
REALITY (AR) /  
VIRTUAL REALITY  
(VR)**

## **AUGMENTED REALITY (AR) / VIRTUAL REALITY (VR)**

**Augmented reality and virtual reality (AR & VR):** Augmented reality (AR) and Virtual Reality (VR) bridge the digital and physical worlds. They allow you to take in information and content visually, in the same way you take in the world. AR dramatically expands the ways our devices can help with everyday activities like searching for information, shopping, and expressing yourself. VR lets you experience what it's like to go anywhere from the front row of a concert to distant planets in outer space.

### **Job Roles in Augmented reality and virtual reality (AR & VR) Track**

- Design Architect. ...
- Software Designer. ...
- System Validation Engineers. ...
- Software Developer. ...
- 3D Artist...

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. V Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1EC04) INTRODUCTION TO C-SHARP

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand the foundations of CLR execution
- Learn the technologies of the .NET framework and object-oriented aspects of C#
- Be aware of application development in .NET
- Learn web-based applications on .NET (ASP.NET)

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Explain how C# fits into the .NET platform

**CO-2:** Analyze the basic structure of a C# application

**CO-3:** Develop programs using C# on .NET

**CO-4:** Design and develop Web based applications on .NET

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to C#:** Introducing C#, Understanding .NET, overview of C#, Literals, Variables, Data Types, Operators, checked and unchecked operators, Expressions, Branching, Looping, Methods, implicit and explicit casting, Constant, Arrays, Array Class, Array List, String, String Builder, Structure, Enumerations, boxing and unboxing.

**UNIT – II:**

**Object Oriented Aspects of C#:** Class, Objects, Constructors and its types, inheritance, properties, indexers, index overloading, polymorphism, sealed class and methods, interface, abstract class, abstract and interface, operator overloading, delegates, events, errors and exception, Threading.

**UNIT – III:**

**Application Development on .NET:** Building windows application, Creating our own window forms with events and controls, menu creation, inheriting window forms, SDI and MDI application, Dialog Box (Modal and Modeless), accessing data with ADO.NET, DataSet, typed dataset, Data Adapter, updating database using stored procedures

**UNIT – IV:**

SQL Server with ADO.NET, handling exceptions, validating controls, windows application configuration.

**UNIT – V:**

**Web Based Application Development on .NET:** Programming web application with web forms, ASP.NET introduction, working with XML and .NET, Creating Virtual Directory and Web Application, session management techniques, web.config, web services, passing datasets, returning datasets from web services, handling transaction, handling exceptions, returning exceptions from SQL Server.

**UNIT – VI:**

**CLR and .NET Framework:** Assemblies, Versioning, Attributes, reflection, viewing meta data, type discovery, reflection on type, marshalling, remoting, security in .NET

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. The Complete Reference: C# 4.0, Herbert Schildt, Tata McGraw Hill, 2012
2. Professional C# 2012 with .NET 4.5, Christian Nagel et al. Wiley India, 2012

**REFERENCES:**

1. Pro C# 2010 and the .NET 4 Platform, Andrew Troelsen, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, A Press, 2010
2. Programming C# 4.0, Ian Griffiths, Matthew Adams, Jesse Liberty, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, O'Reilly, 2010

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VI Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18OE1EC05) INTRODUCTION TO SIGNAL PROCESSING**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Introduction to C Sharp

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand various fundamental characteristics of signals and systems
- To analyze signals in frequency domain
- To know principles of signal transmission through systems
- To understand fundamentals of digital signal

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Classify signals and implement various operations on signals

**CO-2:** Analyze the characteristics of signals and systems

**CO-3:** Understand the basics of filter design

**CO-4:** Appreciate the processes of Multirate systems

**UNIT – I:**

**Representation of Signals:** Continuous time and Discrete Time signals, Classification of Signals – Periodic and aperiodic, even and odd, energy and power signals, deterministic and random signals, causal and non-causal signals, complex exponential and sinusoidal signals. Concepts of standard signals. Various operations on Signals.

**UNIT – II:**

**Representation of Systems:** Classification of discrete time Systems, impulse response, Concept of convolution in time domain and frequency domain, response of a linear system, System function, Signal bandwidth, system bandwidth. Ideal filter characteristics.

**UNIT – III:**

**Sampling Theorem:** Representation of continuous time signals by its samples - Sampling theorem – Reconstruction of a Signal from its samples, aliasing  
**Z –Transform:** Basic principles of z-transform, region of convergence, properties of ROC, Inverse z-transform using Partial fraction.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Introduction to Digital Signal Processing:** Applications of Z-Transforms- Solution of Linear Constant Coefficient Difference equations (LCCD), System function, Frequency Response of the system.

**UNIT – V:**

**Discrete Fourier Transforms:** Circular convolution, Comparison between linear and circular convolution, Computation of DFT.

**IIR Digital Filters:** Design of IIR Digital filters (H(s) to be given) - Impulse invariance transformation techniques, Bilinear transformation method.

**UNIT – VI:**

**FIR Digital Filters:** Characteristics of linear phase FIR filters and its frequency response, Comparison of IIR and FIR filters. Design of FIR filters using Fourier Method and Windowing Technique (only Hanning).

**Realization of IIR and FIR Filters:** Direct and Cascade forms.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Signals, Systems and Communications, B.P. Lathi, BS Publications, 2009
2. Signals and Systems, Alan V. Oppenheim, Alan S. Willsky and S. Hamid Nawab, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, PHI
3. Digital Signal Processing: Principles, Algorithms and Applications, John G. Proakis, D.G. Manolakis, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Perason/PHI, 2009

**REFERENCES:**

1. Signals and Systems, Simon Haykin and Barry Van Veen, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, John Wiley
2. Signals, Systems and Transforms, C.L. Philips, J. M Parr and Eve A. Riskin, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson, 2004
3. Signals and Systems, Schaum's Outlines, Hwei P. Hsu, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2004
4. Digital Signal Processing – A Practical Approach, Emmanuel C. Ifeacher, Barrie W. Jervis, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VII Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1EC06) INTRODUCTION TO IMAGE AND VIDEO PROCESSING

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Introduction to C Sharp, Introduction to Signal Processing

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To introduce fundamentals of digital image and video processing
- To demonstrate digital signal processing techniques in spatial and frequency domains
- To study and compare various image and video compression algorithms
- To study applications of motion estimation in video processing

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Acquire, represent the digital image and transforms

**CO-2:** Apply various pixel position and intensity-based image processing techniques

**CO-3:** Understand and analyze the performance of block matching algorithms in MPEG video coding standards

**UNIT – I:**

**Fundamentals of Image Processing and Image Transforms:** Basic steps of Image processing system sampling and quantization of an Image – Basic relationship between pixels, 2 – D Discrete Fourier Transform, Discrete Cosine Transform, Introduction to Wavelet transforms.

**UNIT – II:**

**Image Enhancement-Spatial Domain Methods:** Point Processing, Histogram Processing, Fundamentals of Spatial Filtering, Smoothing Spatial filters, Sharpening Spatial filters.

**UNIT – III:**

**Image Enhancement-Frequency Domain Methods:** Basics of filtering in frequency domain, Image Smoothing, Image Sharpening, Selective Filtering.

**Image Segmentation:** Segmentation Concepts, Point, Line and Edge Detection, Thresholding, Region Based Segmentation.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Image Compression:** Image compression fundamentals – coding Redundancy, spatial and temporal redundancy.

**Compression Models:** Lossy and Lossless, Huffmann coding, Arithmetic coding, LZW coding, run length coding, Bit Plane coding, transform coding.

**UNIT – V:**

**Basic Steps of Video Processing:** Analog video, Digital Video, Time varying Image Formation models: 3D motion models, Geometric Image formation, Photometric Image formation, sampling of video signals.

**UNIT – VI:**

**2-D Motion Estimation:** Optical flow, pixel-based motion estimation, Block matching algorithm, Mesh based motion Estimation, global Motion Estimation, Region based motion estimation, multi resolution motion estimation. Application of motion estimation in video coding.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Digital Image Processing, Gonzalez and Woods, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson
2. Video Processing and Communication, Yao Wang, Joem Ostarmann and Ya – Quin Zhang, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, PHI

**REFERENCES:**

1. Digital Video Processing, M. Tekalp, Prentice Hall International
2. Image Acquisition and Processing with LabVIEW, Relf, Christopher G., CRC Press
3. Inverse Synthetic Aperture Radar Imaging with MATLAB Algorithms, Aner Ozdemi R, John Wiley & Sons
4. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing, A Practical Approach with Examples in Matlab, Chris Solomon, Toby Breckon, John Wiley & Sons



VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VIII Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1EC07) APPLICATIONS OF AR AND VR

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Introduction to C Sharp, Introduction to Signal Processing, Introduction to Image & Video Processing

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:** Throughout the course, Students will be expected to develop AR VR applications by being able to do each of the following:

- A review of current Virtual Reality (VR) and Augmented Reality (AR) technologies
- The fundamentals of VR/AR modeling and programming
- Provides a detailed analysis of engineering scientific and functional aspects of VR/AR

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Acquire knowledge in main applications VR / AR technologies

**CO-2:** Analyze different tools for VR/AR applications

**CO-3:** Developing VR/AR applications

**UNIT – I:**

**Augmented Reality and Virtual Reality:**

**Augmented Reality:** Introduction to Augmented Reality (AR), Fundamentals, Chronicle order of AR, features

**Virtual Reality:** Introduction to Virtual Reality (VR), Features of VR and Chronicle order of VR; Difference between AR and VR.

**UNIT – II:**

**Types of Augmented Reality:** Marker based AR, Marker less AR, Projection based AR, Super Imposition based AR, Applications of AR.

**UNIT – III:**

**Types of Virtual Reality:** Non- immersive simulation, Semi-immersive simulations, Fully immersive simulations; Applications VR.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Making an AR App with Simple CUBE:** Introduction to Unity, Installation steps, Fundamentals while implementing Project, importing a cube, Create an account in Vuforia, license manager, target manager, downloading database and uploading target database in unity.

**UNIT – V:**

**AR App with Interaction:** Introduction to C#, Scripting interactive objects, implementation C# Script using unity, uploading target object, deploying application into ANDROID Device.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Creating an Virtual Reality:** Creating an Virtual Reality Scene in unity, adding colliders, Settings of Unity to make the application compatible with Google cardboard.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Virtual Reality & Augmented Reality in Industry, Ma, D., Gausemeier, J., Fan, X., Grafe, M. (Eds.) Springer, 2011

**REFERENCES:**

1. <http://www.realitytechnologies.com/augmented-reality/vitual-reality>
2. [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Augmented\\_reality/vitual-reality](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Augmented_reality/vitual-reality)
3. <https://computer.howstuffworks.com/augmented-reality.html>
4. <https://www.theguardian.com/technology/augmented-reality>

**ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:**

1. <https://jasoren.com/making-an-ar-app-with-vuforia-and-unity3d/>
2. <http://www.psych.purdue.edu/~willia55/120/6.S-PMM.pdf>

# **ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE**

## **ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE**

Artificial Intelligence (AI) is a cognitive science with highly research activities in the major areas like Machine Learning, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and image processing. This track will cover basic foundations of artificial intelligence it will make the students industry-ready for artificial intelligence and data science job roles. Artificial intelligence is used in wide range of industrial applications such as healthcare, transportation, entertainment, insurance, transport and logistics, and customer service.

Future applications of AI would be utilized in automated transportation, cyborg technology, solving problems associated with climate change, deep-sea and space exploration.

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B.Tech. V Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1MT02) MATHEMATICS FOR ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To introduce the basic concepts of probability and matrices in the field of Artificial Intelligence
- To identify, explore the complex problem-solving strategies
- To develop problem solving skills related to algorithmic analysis required for AI
- To apply and build mathematical model to solve real-world problems

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Explore and demonstrate practical approaches related to implementation of the AI algorithms using probability concepts

**CO-2:** Formulate and solve the Artificial intelligence related problems by using the knowledge of matrices and vectors

**CO-3:** Demonstrate the understanding of mathematical ideas from artificial intelligence perspective and machine learning

**CO-4:** Analyze and solve the complexity of a given problem with suitable optimization techniques

**UNIT – I:**

**Probability:** Basic rules and axioms, events, sample space, frequentist approach, dependent and independent events, conditional probability, Random variables, continuous and discrete, expectation, variance, distributions - joint and conditional, Bayes' theorem, Popular distributions - Bernoulli, Binomial, Poisson, Normal.

**UNIT – II:**

**Descriptive Statistics & Linear Regression:** Classification and tabulation of univariate data, graphical representation, Frequency curves. Descriptive measures - Central tendency and Dispersion. Simple Linear Regression Models.

**UNIT – III:**

**Vector Space:** Vectors, definition, scalars, addition, scalar multiplication, inner product (dot product), vector projection, cosine similarity, orthogonal vectors, normal and orthonormal vectors, vector norm, vector space, linear combination, linear span, linear independence, basis vectors.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Matrices:** Matrices definition, rank, System of equations: Direct methods - LU decomposition method, Tri-diagonal system; Applications of linear systems - Network flows and Mechanical systems.

**UNIT – V:**

**Eigen Values & Eigen Vectors:** Eigen values & eigen vectors, concept, intuition, significance, how to find principle component analysis, concept, properties, applications, Singular value decomposition, concept, properties, applications.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Multivariate Calculus:** Functions, Scalar derivative, partial derivatives, Gradient, chain rule, properties, method for derivative of vector-valued function with respect to scalar, vector four combinations - Jacobian, Hessian, Gradient of vector valued function, Gradient of matrices. Local/global maxima and minima, saddle point, convex functions, gradient descent algorithms - Learning rate, momentum, stochastic, Constrained optimization (Lagrange Multiplier method), convex optimization.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Mathematics for Machine Learning, Peter Deisenroth, A. Aldo Faisal, and Cheng Soon Ong, Cambridge University Press, 2020
2. Linear Algebra and it's Applications, David C. Lay, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Publications
3. Probability and Statistics for Engineers, Richard A. Johanson, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Prentice-Hall, 1995

**REFERENCES:**

1. Math for Machine Learning: Open Doors to Data Science and Artificial Intelligence, Richard Han, Paperback, 2018
2. Artificial Intelligence Engines: A Tutorial Introduction to the Mathematics of Deep Learning, James V Stone
3. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Erwin Kreyszig, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VI Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1CS01) FUNDAMENTALS OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Mathematics for Artificial Intelligence

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand and analyze the importance and basic concepts of artificial intelligence and the use of agents
- Identify, explore the complex problem-solving strategies and approaches
- Analyze the concepts of basic concepts of neural networks and learning process
- Explore and analyze the methodology used in machine learning

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Apply the basic concepts of artificial intelligence and the use of agents into the real-world scenario

**CO-2:** Design and formulate complex problem solutions with the use of various searching techniques

**CO-3:** Correlate the algorithmic approach of machine learning algorithms for a given case study

**CO-4:** Analyse the phenomenon of neural networks and apply basic learning laws

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to AI:** Foundations of AI – History of AI - Applications of AI, Intelligent Agents – Agents and Environments – Nature of Environments – Structure of Agents – Problem solving Agents – Problem formulation – Example Problems.

**UNIT – II:**

**Searching Techniques:** Uninformed Search Strategies – Breadth first search – Depth first search – Depth limited search - Bidirectional search – comparison – Search with partial information - Heuristic search – Greedy best first search – A\* search – Memory bounded heuristic search - Heuristic functions - Local search- Hill climbing – Simulated annealing search - Local beam search, Genetic algorithms.

**UNIT – III:**

**Constraint Satisfaction Problems:** Backtracking search for CSP's - local search for constraint satisfaction problem. *Adversarial search* – Games - Minimax algorithm, Alpha beta pruning, cutting-off search.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Knowledge Representation and Reasoning:** Propositional Logic, Rules of Inference, First Order Logic (FOL) Syntax, Semantics, Entailment.

**UNIT – V:**

**Classical Planning:** Definition of Classical Planning, Algorithms for Planning with State Space Search, Planning Graphs, other Classical Planning Approaches, Analysis of Planning approaches.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Planning and Acting in the Real World:** Time, Schedules, and Resources, Hierarchical Planning, Planning and Acting in Nondeterministic Domains, Multi agent Planning.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall, 2010
2. Machine Learning, Tom M. Mitchell, McGraw Hill Publications
3. Neural Networks A Comprehensive Foundation, Simon Haykin, Pearson Education, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2004

**REFERENCES:**

1. Artificial Intelligence, Elaine Rich & Kevin Knight, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, TMH
2. Artificial Intelligence-A New Synthesis, Nils J. Nilsson, Elsevier
3. Artificial Neural Networks, Yegnanarayana B., PHI



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B.Tech. VII Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

**(18OE1CS02) MACHINE LEARNING TECHNIQUES**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Mathematics for Artificial Intelligence, Fundamentals of Artificial Intelligence

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand applications in computational learning theory
- To analyse the pattern comparison techniques

COURSE OUTCOMES: After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Familiarize the basic concepts, notations, mathematical understanding required for machine learning applications

**CO-2:** Understand various kinds of models and algorithms used for machine learning

**CO-3:** Apply the suitable machine learning techniques to solve real world applications

**CO-4:** Demonstrate given technique for various data analysis applications

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Machine Learning:** Perspectives and issues in machine learning, Goals and applications of machine learning. Aspects of developing a learning system: training data, concept representation, function approximation.

**UNIT – II:**

**Supervised Learning:** Classification, decision boundaries; nearest neighbor methods, Decision Tree Learning – Introduction, decision tree representation, appropriate problems for decision tree learning, Linear classifiers Bayes' Rule and Naive Baye's classification

**Regression:** Regression types, gradient descent; features of Over fitting and complexity; training, validation, test data, Logistic regression and applications.

**UNIT -III:**

**Unsupervised Learning:** Clustering, k-means, hierarchical, partition-based clustering, overlapping clustering, Support vector machines, Support vector regression.

**UNIT -IV:**

**Reinforcement Learning:** Introduction to Reinforcement learning, the learning task, rewards and actions, temporal difference learning, generalizing from examples, relationship to dynamic programming.

**UNIT- V:**

**Instance-Based Learning:** Introduction, k-nearest neighbour algorithm, locally weighted regression, radial basis functions, case-based reasoning, remarks on lazy and eager learning.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Neural Networks:** Introduction to neural networks, neural network representation, appropriate problems for neural network learning, perceptions, multilayer networks and Convolution neural networks.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Machine Learning, Tom M. Mitchell, McGraw-Hill
2. Neural Networks and Learning Machines, S. Haykin, Pearson, 2008

**REFERENCES:**

1. Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective, Stephen Marshland, Taylor & Francis
2. Machine Learning: The Art and Science of Algorithms that make Sense of Data, Peter Flach, Cambridge, University Press
3. Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective, Kevin P. Murphy, MIT Press, 2012

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B.Tech. VIII Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1CS03) DEEP LEARNING

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Mathematics for Artificial Intelligence, Fundamentals of Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning Techniques

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To introduce the foundations of deep learning
- To acquire the knowledge on Deep Learning Concepts

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Identify and select appropriate learning network models required for real world problems

**CO-2:** Design an efficient model with various deep learning techniques

**CO-3:** Implement deep learning algorithms and solve real-world problems

**CO-4:** Apply optimization strategies necessary for problem solving required for large scale applications

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Deep Learning:** History of Deep Learning, Deep Learning Success Stories, Biological Neuron, Idea of computational units, McCulloch Pitts Neuron, Thresholding Logic, Perceptrons, Perceptron Learning Algorithm and Convergence.

**UNIT – II:**

**Feedforward Networks:** Multilayer Perceptron, Gradient Descent, Back-propagation, Kohonen Self-Organizing Feature Maps, Learning Vector Quantization, Counter Propagation Networks, Adaptive Resonance Theory Networks.

**UNIT – III:**

**Regularization for Deep Learning:** Parameter norm Penalties, Norm Penalties as Constrained Optimization, Regularization and Under-Constrained Problems, Dataset Augmentation, Noise Robustness, Semi-Supervised learning, Multi-task learning, Early Stopping, Parameter Typing and Parameter Sharing, Sparse Representations, Bagging and other Ensemble Methods, Dropout, Adversarial Training, Tangent Distance, tangent Prop and Manifold, Tangent Classifier.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Optimization for Training Deep Models:** Challenges in Neural Network Optimization, Basic Algorithms, Parameter Initialization Strategies, Algorithms with Adaptive Learning Rates, Approximate Second-Order Methods, Optimization Strategies and Meta-Algorithm.

**UNIT – V:**

**Convolutional Neural Networks:** LeNet, AlexNet, ZF-Net, VGGNet, GoogLeNet, ResNet, Markov Networks, Object Detection, RCNN, Fast RCNN, Faster RCNN, YOLO

**UNIT – VI:**

**Auto-Encoders:** Regularization in auto-encoders, De-noising auto-encoders, Sparse auto-encoders, Contractive auto-encoders, Structured probabilistic models of deep learning.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Deep Learning: An MIT Press Book, Ian Goodfellow and Yoshua Bengio and Aaron Courville
2. Neural Networks and Learning Machines, Simon Haykin, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Prentice Hall

**REFERENCES:**

1. Neural Networks: A Systematic Introduction, Raúl Rojas, 1996
2. Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Christopher Bishop, 2007

# **BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGIES**

## **BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGIES**

The blockchain is one of the fastest growing skills in the IT sector today. This track will help the students to gain knowledge in blockchain technology, it has taken quite a turn in the industry given its popularity in providing safe and secured online transactions. Most individuals and organizations have started adopting blockchain because of the many benefits it offers to the industry today. It is used in many industry applications such as banking sector, voting, health care, real estate, the legal industry and government.

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B.Tech. V Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1CS04) FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTER NETWORKS

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To introduce the fundamental various types of computer networks
- To demonstrate the TCP/IP and OSI models with merits and demerits
- To explore the various layers of OSI model
- To introduce UDP and TCP models
- To have the concept of different routing techniques for data communications

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Understand and explore the basics of Computer Networks and Various Protocols and in a position to understand the World Wide Web concepts

**CO-2:** Position to administrate a network and flow of information

**CO-3:** Understand easily the concepts of network security, Mobile and ad-hoc networks

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Networks:** Internet, Protocols and Standards, The OSI Model, Layers in OSI Model, TCP/IP Suite, Addressing.

**Physical Layer:** Multiplexing, Transmission Media, Circuit Switched Networks, Datagram Networks, and Virtual Circuit Networks.

**UNIT – II:**

**Data Link Layer:** Introduction, Checksum, Framing, Flow and Error Control, Noiseless Channels, Noisy Channels, Random Access Controlled Access, Channelization, IEEE Standards, Ethernet, Giga-Bit Ethernet, Wireless LANs, SONET-SDH, Frame Relay and ATM.

**UNIT – III:**

**Network Layer:** Logical Addressing, Internetworking, Tunneling, Address Mapping, ICMP, IGMP, Forwarding, Routing-Flooding, Bellman& Ford, Disjkstra's routing protocols, RIP, OSPF, BGP and Multicast Routing Protocols. Connecting Devices- Passive Hubs, Repeaters, Active Hubs, Bridges, Routers.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Transport Layer:** Process to Process Delivery, UDP, TCP and SCTP Protocols, Congestion, Congestion Control, Quality of Service.

**UNIT – V:**

**Application Layer:** Domain Name Space, DNS in Internet, Electronic Mail, File Transfer Protocol, WWW, HTTP, SNMP, Multi-Media.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Network Security:** Security services, mechanisms and attacks, IPSec, SSL, VPN, Firewall. Bluetooth, Zigbee, IPv4, IPv6.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Data Communications and Networking, Behrouz A. Forouzan, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2006
2. Computer Networks, Andrew S. Tanenbaum, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education
3. Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet, James F. Kurose, K. W. Ross, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education

**REFERENCES:**

1. Data Communications and Networks, William Stallings
2. Data Communication and Networks, Bhusan Trivedi, Oxford University Press, 2016
3. An Engineering Approach to Computer Networks, S. Keshav, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education
4. Understanding Communications and Networks, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, W.A. Shay, Cengage Learning



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B.Tech. V Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1CS08) RELATIONAL DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the basic concepts and the applications of database systems
- To master the basics of SQL and construct queries using SQL
- To understand the relational database design principles
- To become familiar with the basic issues of transaction processing and concurrency control
- To become familiar with database storage structures and access techniques

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Demonstrate the basic elements of a relational database management system

**CO-2:** Ability to identify the data models for relevant problems

**CO-3:** Ability to design entity relationship model and convert entity relationship diagrams into RDBMS and formulate SQL queries on the data

**CO-4:** Apply normalization for the development of application software

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Database System Applications, Purpose of Database Systems, View of Data, Database Languages – DDL, DML, Relational Databases, Database Design, Data Storage and Querying, Transaction Management, Database Architecture, Data Mining and Information Retrieval, Specialty Databases, Database Users and Administrators, History of Database Systems.

**Introduction to Database Design:** Database Design and ER diagrams, Entities, Attributes and Entity sets, Relationships and Relationship sets, Additional features of ER Model, Conceptual Design with the ER Model, Conceptual Design for Large enterprises.

**Relational Model:** Introduction to the Relational Model, Integrity Constraints over Relations, Enforcing Integrity constraints, Querying relational data, Logical data base Design: ER to Relational, Introduction to Views, Destroying /Altering Tables and Views.

**UNIT – II:**

**Relational Algebra and Calculus:** Preliminaries, Relational Algebra, Relational calculus – Tuple relational Calculus, Domain relational calculus, Expressive Power of Algebra and calculus.

**SQL:** Queries, Constraints, Triggers: Form of Basic SQL Query, UNION, INTERSECT, and EXCEPT, Nested Queries, Aggregate Operators, NULL values Complex Integrity Constraints in SQL, Triggers and Active Data bases, Designing Active Databases.

**UNIT – III:**

**Schema Refinement and Normal Forms:** Introduction to Schema Refinement, Functional Dependencies - Reasoning about FDs, Normal Forms, Properties of

Decompositions, Normalization, Schema Refinement in Database Design, Other Kinds of Dependencies.

#### **UNIT – IV:**

**Transaction Management:** Transactions, Transaction Concept, A Simple Transaction Model, Storage Structure, Transaction Atomicity and Durability, Transaction Isolation, Serializability, Transaction Isolation and Atomicity Transaction Isolation Levels, Implementation of Isolation Levels.

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Concurrency Control:** Lock-Based Protocols, Multiple Granularity, Timestamp-Based Protocols, Validation-Based Protocols, Multiversion Schemes.

Recovery System-Failure Classification, Storage, Recovery and Atomicity, Recovery Algorithm, Buffer Management, Failure with loss of nonvolatile storage, Early Lock Release and Logical Undo Operations, Remote Backup systems.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Storage and Indexing:** Overview of Storage and Indexing: Data on External Storage, File Organization and Indexing, Index Data Structures, Comparison of File Organizations.

**Tree-Structured Indexing:** Intuition for tree Indexes, Indexed Sequential Access Method (ISAM), B+ Trees: A Dynamic Index Structure, Search, Insert, Delete.

Hash- Based Indexing: Static Hashing, Extendible hashing, Linear Hashing, Extendible vs. Linear Hashing.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Database Management Systems, Raghu Ramakrishnan, Johannes Gehrke, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited
2. Database System Concepts, A. Silberschatz, Henry. F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited,
3. Database Systems, R. Elmasri, Shamkant B. Navathe, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Database System Concepts, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel, Cengage Learning
2. Introduction to Database Management, M. L. Gillenson and others, Wiley Student Edition
3. Database Development and Management, Lee Chao, Auerbach Publications, Taylor & Francis Group
4. Introduction to Database Systems, C. J. Date, Pearson Education

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B.Tech. VI Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1CS05) DISTRIBUTED DATA BASES

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Fundamentals of Computer Networks

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Introducing distributed databases and exploring several algorithms for processing queries and be able to use them
- Describe the methods to translate complex conceptual data models into logical and Physical database designs
- Demonstrating query optimization and its algorithms
- Enumerating the concepts behind distributed transaction processing

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Analyze issues related to distributed database design

**CO-2:** Apply Partitioning techniques to databases

**CO-3:** Design and develop query processing strategies

**CO-4:** Describe transaction processing and concurrency control in distributed databases

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Features of Distributed versus Centralized Databases,

**Levels of Distribution Transparency:** Reference Architecture for Distributed Databases, Types of Data Fragmentation, Distribution transparency for Read – only Applications, Distribution transparency for update Applications, Distributed database Access primitives, Integrity Constraints in Distributed Databases.

**UNIT – II:**

**Distributed Database Design:** A framework, the design of database fragmentation, the allocation of fragments.

**Translation of Global Queries to Fragment Queries:** Equivalence Transformations for Queries, Transforming Global Queries into Fragment Queries, Distributed Grouping and Aggregate Function Evaluation, Parametric Queries.

**UNIT – III:**

**Optimization of Access Strategies:** A Framework for Query Optimization, Join Queries, General Queries.

**UNIT – IV:**

**The Management of Distributed Transactions:** A Framework for Transaction Management, Supporting Atomicity of Distributed Transactions, Concurrency Control for Distributed Transactions, Architectural aspects of Distributed Transactions.

**UNIT – V:**

**Concurrency Control:** Foundation of Distributed Concurrency Control, Distributed Deadlocks, Concurrency Control based on Timestamps, Optimistic Methods for Distributed Concurrency Control.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Reliability:** Basic Concepts, Nonblocking Commitment Protocols, Reliability and concurrency Control, Determining a Consistent View of the Network, Detection and Resolution of Inconsistency, Checkpoints and Cold Restart.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Principles of Distributed Database Systems, M. Tamer OZSU and Patuck Valduriez, Pearson Education Asia, 2001
2. Distributed Databases, Stefano Ceri and Willipse Pelagatti, McGraw Hill

**REFERENCES:**

1. Database System Concepts, Henry F. Korth, A. Silberchatz and Sudershan, MGH
2. Database Management Systems, Raghuramakrishnan and Johhanes Gehrke, MGH

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VII Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18OE1CS06) CRYPTOGRAPHY AND NETWORK SECURITY**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Fundamentals of Computer Networks, Distributed Data Bases

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Outline security concepts, threats, attacks, services and mechanisms
- Describe various cryptosystems- symmetric key cryptography, public key cryptography
- Apply authentication services and Secure hash functions
- Discuss the concepts of IP Security, web security, viruses and firewalls

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Analyze the security attacks, services, goals and mechanism of security

**CO-2:** Develop a security model using conventional approach to prevent the attacks

**CO-3:** Apply public key cryptography principles, examine authenticity and integrity of the messages in the communication

**CO-4:** Build a model for IP security, firewall and test the security issues

**UNIT – I:**

**Security Attacks:** Security Attacks (Interruption, Interception, Modification and Fabrication), Security Services (Confidentiality, Authentication, Integrity, Non-repudiation, access Control and Availability) and Mechanisms, A model for Internetwork security, Internet Standards and RFCs, Buffer overflow & format string vulnerabilities, TCP session hijacking, ARP attacks, route table modification, UDP hijacking, and man-in-the-middle attacks.

**UNIT – II:**

**Conventional Encryption:** Classical Encryption techniques, Fiestel Cipher Structure, Data Encryption Standard, Block Cipher Design Principles and Modes of Operation, Triple DES, RC-4, Evaluation criteria for AES, AES Cipher, Placement of Encryption Function, Traffic Confidentiality.

**UNIT – III:**

**Public Key Cryptography and Authentication:** Confidentiality using Symmetric Encryption – Principles of Public key Cryptosystems, RSA algorithm, Key Management, Diffie-Hellman key Exchange, Elliptic Curve Cryptography. Authentication requirements, Authentication functions, Message Authentication Codes

**UNIT – IV:**

**Hash Functions:** Hash Functions, Security of Hash Functions and MACs, MD5 message Digest algorithm, Secure Hash Algorithm, HMAC, Digital Signatures, Authentication Protocols, Digital Signature Standard, Authentication Applications: Kerberos, X.509 Authentication Service

**UNIT – V:**

**Network Security:** Email Security and Web Security

Electronic Mail Security – PGP/ SMIME, IP security- Architecture, Authentication Header, Encapsulating Security Payload, Key Management, Web Security- Secure Socket Layer, Transport Layer Security and Secure Electronic Transaction

**UNIT – VI:**

**System Level Security:** Intrusion detection – password management – Viruses and related Threats – Virus Counter measures – Firewall Design Principles – Trusted Systems.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Cryptography and Network Security – Principles and Practices, William Stallings, Prentice Hall of India, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2005
2. Hack Proofing Your Network, Ryan Russell, Dan Kaminsky, Rain Forest, Puppy, Joe Grand, David Ahmad, Hal Flynn Ido Dubrawsky, Steve W. Manzuik and Ryan Permech, Wiley Dreamtech

**REFERENCES:**

1. Network Security Essentials: Applications and Standards, William Stallings Prentice Hall, 1999, ISBN 0130160938
2. Security in Computing, Charles B. Pfleeger, Shari Lawrence Pfleeger, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2003

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VIII Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18OE1CS07) BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Fundamentals of Computer Networks, Distributed Data Bases, Cryptography and Network Security

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Get the terminologies and overview of blockchain technologies
- Study the concepts and foundation of blockchain technology
- Understand security mechanism and consensus in blockchain
- Design use cases and architecture blockchain technology

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Gain a clear understanding of the concepts that underlie digital distributed ledger

**CO-2:** Understand key mechanisms like Decentralization, Transparency and trust, Immutability, High availability, Highly secure and different types of Blockchain

**CO-3:** Apply the concept of Hash Function and Related Hash Algorithm

**CO-4:** Design and implement applications using Blockchain Technology

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Blockchain Part I:** Introduction to Centralized, Decentralized and Distributed system, History of Blockchain, Various technical definitions of Blockchain.

**Introduction to Blockchain Technology Part II:** Generic elements of a blockchain: Block, Transaction, Peer-to-peer network, Node, Smart contract, Why It's Called "Blockchain", Characteristics of Blockchain Technology, Advantages of blockchain technology.

**UNIT – II:**

**Concept of Blockchain Technology Part I:** Cryptography, Hashing, Nonce, Distributed database, Consensus, Smart Contract, Component of block, Structure of Block chain, Technical Characteristics of the Blockchain.

**Concept of Blockchain Technology Part II:** Applications of blockchain technology, Tiers of blockchain technology Blockchain 0, Blockchain 1, Blockchain 2, Blockchain 3, Generation of Blockchain X.

**UNIT – III:**

**Technical Foundations Part I:** Cryptography, Confidentiality, Integrity, Authentication, Cryptographic primitives, Public and private keys, RSA, Discrete logarithm problem, Hash Function: Message Digest (MD), Secure Hash Algorithms (SHAs), Design of Secure Hash Algorithms (SHA), SHA-256, Design of SHA3, Elliptic Curve Digital signature algorithm.

**Technical Foundations Part II:** Consensus algorithm: Proof of work (PoW), Proof-of-Stake (PoS), Byzantine Fault Tolerance (BFT)

**UNIT – IV:**

**Types of Blockchain:** Public blockchains, Private blockchains, Semi-private blockchains, Side chains, Permissioned ledger, Distributed ledger, Shared ledger, Fully private and proprietary blockchains, Tokenized blockchains, Tokenless blockchains, CAP theorem and blockchain

**UNIT – V:**

Financial markets and trading, Trading, Exchanges, Trade life cycle, Order anticipators, Market manipulation.

**Crypto Currency:** Bitcoin, Bitcoin definition, Keys and addresses, Public keys in Bitcoin, Private keys in Bitcoin, Bitcoin currency units

**UNIT – VI:**

**Implementation Platforms:** Hyperledger as a protocol, Reference architecture, Hyperledger Fabric, Transaction Flow, Hyperledger Fabric Details, Fabric Membership, Fabric Membership

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Mastering Blockchain, Imaran Bashir, Second Edition, Packt
2. Blockchain Basic, Daniel Drescher, A Press

**REFERENCES:**

1. Blockchain For Dummies®, IBM Limited Edition, John Wiley & Sons Inc.



# ROBOTICS

## ROBOTICS

Robotics is a field of study that involves the design, construction and operation of robots. This field overlaps with electronics, computer science, mechatronics and artificial intelligence. Robotic companies are booming all over the world and are seeking engineers with skills for implementing **Next -Level Automation**. This Open Elective Track for Robotics consists of four courses and is intended for making students industry ready in the field of robotics.

The First course in this track” **Fundamentals of Robotics**” introduces various physical aspects of building a robot, exploring topics like how a robot perceives its environment using Sensors and how it interacts with its environment through various Actuators & Grippers. This course also inspects a variety of robot applications in different domains. Second Course in this track” **Kinematics & Dynamics of robots**” delves a level deeper discussing analysis and control of robots. It establishes strong mathematical foundation for describing and controlling robot movement. In this course students will learn in detail about Forward Kinematics, Inverse Kinematics, Workspace Analysis and Trajectory planning for robots.

Third Course in the Robotics track “**Drives and Control System for Robots**” explores in detail various Drive Mechanisms used in robotics such as Hydraulic, Pneumatic & Electric drives. After completing this course students will be able to analyze operational aspects of a drive system for a given robotic application. Fourth Course in the track “**Robot Programming and Intelligent Control System**” expands on Robot Programming, discussing various aspects of Robot Programming Languages and their functions. This course also dives deep into advanced topics like Artificial Intelligence, Neural Networks and Fuzzy control for robots.

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B.Tech. V Semester

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3	0	3

(18OE1EI01) FUNDAMENTALS OF ROBOTICS

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand the basic components of a Robot
- Learn different types of Robot sensors and actuators used in Robotics
- Identify different types of Robot grippers and their applications
- Acquire basic Knowledge on Robot kinematics
- Expose to various application fields of Robotics

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Gain knowledge about basic concepts of robots

**CO-2:** Appreciate the usage of different sensors and actuators in Robotics

**CO-3:** Select appropriate Gripping mechanism for a particular application

**CO-4:** Analyze the direct and the inverse kinematic problems

**CO-5:** Appreciate robot design deference's for various applications

**UNIT – I:**

**Basic Concepts:** An overview of Robotics, classification of Robots, Robot Components, Robot degrees of freedom, Robot Joints, Robot Coordinates, Robot reference frames, Programming modes, Robot Characteristics.

**UNIT – II:**

**Sensors:** Sensor characteristics, Position sensors, Velocity sensors, Acceleration sensors, Force and Pressure sensors, Torque sensors, Microswitches, Light and infrared sensors, Touch and tactile sensors, Proximity sensors, Range finders.

**UNIT – III:**

**Actuators:** Characteristics of actuating system, Comparison of actuating systems, Hydraulic actuators, Pneumatic devices, Electric motors, Magneto-strictive actuators, Shape-Memory Metals, Electro-active Polymer Actuators.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Grippers:** Classification of Grippers, Drive system for Grippers, Mechanical Grippers, Magnetic Grippers, Vacuum Grippers, Adhesive Grippers, Hooks and Scoops, Gripper Force analysis and design, Active and Passive Grippers.

**UNIT – V:**

**Kinematics:** Robots as Mechanisms, Matrix Representation, Homogeneous Transformation Matrices, Representation of Transformations, Inverse of Transformation Matrices, Forward and Inverse Kinematics with Equations.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Applications:** Industrial applications, material handling, processing, assembly application, inspection application, application planning, justification of robots, non-industrial applications, Robot safety.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Introduction to Robotics: Analysis, Control, Applications, Saeed B. Niku, Wiley, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition
2. Robotics Technology and Flexible Automation, Deb S.R, John Wiley
3. Robotics and Control, R. K. Mittal, I. J. Nagrath, McGraw Hill Education

**REFERENCES:**

1. Industrial Robotics, Technology programming and Applications, Mikell P Groover, Nicholas G. Odrey, Mitchel Weiss, Roger N. Nagel, Ashish Dutta, McGraw Hill, 2012
2. Robotics-Control, Sensing, Vision and Intelligence, K. S. Fu, R. C. Gonzalez, C.S.G Lee, McGraw-Hill International Edition
3. Robotic Engineering–An Integrated Approach, Klaffer. R.D, Chimielewski. T.A, Negin M., Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2009

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VI Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1EI02) KINEMATICS AND DYNAMICS OF ROBOTS

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Fundamentals of Robotics

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand the basics of robot coordinate frames and their representation
- Obtain knowledge about direct kinematics and inverse kinematics for a robot manipulator
- Examine techniques for planning robot motion in a workspace
- Understand various methods for developing dynamic models for manipulator
- Learn control techniques applied to robot manipulators

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Mathematically represent a Robot system

**CO-2:** Calculate robot hand position and orientation for specific joint angles

**CO-3:** Calculate joint angles to achieve a particular hand position

**CO-4:** Plan trajectories for robot tool to do meaningful tasks

**CO-5:** Analyze different controlling techniques used for robot manipulators

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Introduction, position and orientation of objects, objects coordinate frame Rotation matrix, Euler angles Roll, pitch and yaw angles coordinate Transformations, Joint variables and position of end effector, Dot and cross products.

**UNIT – II:**

**Direct Kinematics:** Coordinate frames, Rotations, Homogeneous coordinates, Link coordinates D-H Representation, The ARM equation. Direct kinematic analysis for Four axis SCARA Robot and three, five and six axis Articulated Robots.

**UNIT – III:**

**Inverse Kinematics:** The inverse kinematics problem, General properties of solutions. Tool configuration, Inverse kinematics of four axis SCARA robot and three and five axis Articulated robot.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Workspace Analysis and Trajectory Planning:** Workspace Analysis, work envelope of a Four axis SCARA robot and five axis articulated robot workspace fixtures, the pick and place operations, Joint space technique - continuous path motion, Interpolated motion, straight line motion and Cartesian space technique in trajectory planning.

**UNIT – V:**

**Manipulator Dynamics:** Introduction, Lagrange's equation kinetic and potential energy. Link inertia Tensor, link Jacobian Manipulator inertia tensor. Gravity, Generalized forces, Lagrange-Euler Dynamic model, Dynamic model of a Two-axis planar robot, Newton Euler formulation, Lagrange - Euler formulation, problems.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Robot Control:** The Control Problem, State Equations: one axis robot; three axis SCARA robot, Constant solutions, Linear Feedback Systems, Single Axis PID Control, PD- Gravity Control.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Fundamentals of Robotics: Analysis & Control, Robert J. Schilling, Prentice Hall of India
2. Robotics and Control, R. K. Mittal, I. J. Nagrath, McGraw Hill Education

**REFERENCES:**

1. Robotic Engineering–An Integrated Approach, Klaffer. R.D, Chimielewski. T.A, Negin M, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2009
2. Industrial Robotics, Technology Programming and Applications, Mikell P. Groover & Nicholas G. Odrey, Mitchel Weiss, Roger N. Nagel, Ashish Dutta, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2012
3. Robotics-Control, Sensing, Vision and Intelligence, K.S. Fu, R.C. Gonzalez, C.S.G Lee, McGraw-Hill International Edition

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VII Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18OE1EI03) DRIVES AND CONTROL SYSTEM FOR ROBOTICS**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Fundamentals of Robotics, Kinematics and Dynamics of Robotics

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Get acquainted with different robot drive mechanisms
- Understand in detail, working of hydraulic and pneumatic drives used in robotics
- Learn working principles of various electric drive systems for robotics
- Acquire basic Knowledge on servo systems for robot control

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Categorize various drive systems for robot movement

**CO-2:** Select appropriate drive system for a particular application

**CO-3:** Inspect different electric drives and their applications in robotics

**CO-4:** Analyze accurate positioning of robot end effector by servo control

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Objectives, motivation, open loop control, closed loop control with velocity and position feedback, Types of drive systems. Functions of drive system.

**UNIT – II:**

**Robot Drive Mechanism:** Lead Screws, Ball Screws, Chain & linkage drives, Belt drives, Gear drives, Precision gear boxes, Harmonic drives, Cyclo speed reducers.

**UNIT – III:**

**Hydraulic Drives:** Introduction, Requirements, Hydraulic piston and transfer valve, hydraulic circuit incorporating control amplifier, hydraulic fluid considerations, hydraulic actuators Rotary and linear actuators. Hydraulic components in robots.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Pneumatic Drives:** Introduction, Advantages, pistons-Linear Pistons, Rotary pistons, Motors-Flapper motor, Geared motor, Components used in pneumatic control. Pneumatic proportional controller, pneumatically controlled prismatic joint.

**UNIT – V:**

**Electric Drives:** Introduction, Types, DC electric motor, AC electric motor, stepper motors, half step mode operation, micro step mode. Types of stepper motors, Direct drive actuator.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Servo Mechanism for Robot:** Mathematical modeling of robot servos, error responses and steady state errors in robot servos, feedback and feed forward compensations, hydraulic position servo, computer-controlled servo system for robot applications, selection of robot drive systems.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Engineering Foundation of Robotics, Francis N-Nagy Andras Siegler, Prentice Hall Inc.
2. Robotics Engineering - An Integrated Approach, Richard D. Klaffer, Thomas. A, Chri Elewski, Michael Negin, PHI Learning, 2009

**REFERENCES:**

1. Industrial Robotics, Technology Programming and Applications, Mikell P. Groover & Nicholas G. Odrey, Mitchel Weiss, Roger N. Nagel, Ashish Dutta, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2012
2. Industrial Robotics, Bernard Hodges, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Jaico Publishing House, 1993
3. Fundamentals of Robotics Analysis and Control, Robert J. Schilling, PHI Learning, 2009
4. Foundations of Robotics Analysis and Control, Tsuneo Yohikwa, MIT Press, 2003
5. Introduction to Robotics Mechanics and Control, John J. Craig, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson, 2008



**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VIII Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18OE1EI04) ROBOT PROGRAMMING AND INTELLIGENT CONTROL SYSTEM**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Fundamentals of Robotics, Kinematics and Dynamics of Robotics, Drives and Control Systems for Robotics

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand the fundamentals of robot programming
- Learn robot textual languages that are in common use
- Expose to artificial intelligence in robotics
- Acquire basic Knowledge on neural networks in robotics
- Acquire basic Knowledge on fuzzy logic in robotics

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Gain knowledge about different methods of robot programming

**CO-2:** Examine various robot language elements and their functions

**CO-3:** Analyze different AI techniques employed in robotics

**CO-4:** Design basic neuro-controller for robot motion control

**CO-5:** Apply fuzzy logic to robot control systems

**UNIT – I:**

**Robot Programming:** Methods of robot programming, leadthrough programming methods, robot program as a path in space - defining position in space, speed control, motion interpolation, WAIT, SIGNAL, DELAY commands, Branching.

**UNIT – II:**

**Robot Languages:** Textual robot language, generations of robot languages, robot language structure, operating systems, Robot language Elements and functions, constraints and variables, aggregates and location variables.

**UNIT – III:**

**Basic Commands and Operations:** Motion commands- move and related statements, speed control, points in workspace, paths and frames. End effector and sensor commands- end effector operation, sensor operation, REACT statement. Computations and operation. Program control and subroutines. Communications and data processing. Monitor mode commands.

**UNIT – IV:**

**AI for Robotics:** Introduction to Artificial Intelligence, goals of AI research, AI techniques- knowledge representation, problem representation, search techniques. LISP programming. AI and Robotics. LISP in the factory. Robotic Paradigms.

**UNIT – V:**

**Neural Network Approach in Robotics:** Introduction, Connectionist Models, Learning Principles and Learning Rules: Supervised, unsupervised, reinforcement learning. Sensor based robot learning, Neural Network in Robotics: Control of robot hands by neural network, neural set approach to robot motion coordination, robotic motor control using reinforcement learning optimization.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Fuzzy Logic Approach in Robotics:** Introduction, Fuzzy sets, Operation of Fuzzy sets, Fuzzy relations, Fuzzy rule formation, Control rules, Fuzzy algorithm in robotics, Robot obstacle avoidance using fuzzy logic, Fuzzy logic for robot path tracking and behavior coordination, fuzzy control system in mobile robots, fuzzy controller design for robot systems, Case study of fuzzy logic in robotics.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Industrial Robotics Technology, Programming and Applications, Mikell. P. Groover, McGraw Hill, 2012
2. Robotics Technology and Flexible Automation, Deb. S. R., Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited

**REFERENCES:**

1. Design and Control of Intelligent Robotic Systems, (Studies in Computational Intelligence 177) M. Begum, F. Karray (auth.), Dikai Liu, Lingfeng Wang, Kay Chen Tan (eds.), Springer
2. Neural Networks in Robotics, Edited by George Bekey, Kenneth Y. Goldberg, Springer US, 2012
3. Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic, Genetic Algorithm - Synthesis and Applications, Rajasekharan and Rai, PHI Publications
4. Introduction to Neural Networks using MATLAB 6.0, S.N. Sivanandam, S. Sumathi, S.N. Deepa, TMH, 2006

# **CYBER SECURITY**

## CYBER SECURITY

**Cybersecurity is important** because it incorporates everything that relates to protecting our sensitive data, personally identifiable information (PII), protected health information (PHI), personal information, intellectual property, data, and governmental and **industry** information systems from stealing and destruction endeavoured. The cyber security track helps students to learn about how to Defend networks and data from unapproved access.

Enhanced information security and business endurance supervision.

Upgraded stakeholder confidence in your information security preparations.

Developed company authorizations with the correct security controls in place.

### **Some of the more common career paths in the cyber security path are**

- Chief Information Security Officer. ...
- Forensic Computer Analyst. ...
- Information Security Analyst. ...
- Penetration Tester. ...
- Security Architect. ...
- IT Security Engineer. ...
- Security Systems Administrator. ...
- IT Security Consultant.

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B.Tech. V Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1CS04) FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTER NETWORKS

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To introduce the fundamental various types of computer networks
- To demonstrate the TCP/IP and OSI models with merits and demerits
- To explore the various layers of OSI model
- To introduce UDP and TCP models
- To have the concept of different routing techniques for data communications

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Understand and explore the basics of Computer Networks and Various Protocols and in a position to understand the World Wide Web concepts

**CO-2:** Administrate a network and flow of information

**CO-3:** Understand easily the concepts of network security, Mobile and ad-hoc networks

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Networks:** Internet, Protocols and Standards, The OSI Model, Layers in OSI Model, TCP/IP Suite, Addressing.

**Physical Layer:** Multiplexing, Transmission Media, Circuit Switched Networks, Datagram Networks, and Virtual Circuit Networks.

**UNIT – II:**

**Data Link Layer:** Introduction, Checksum, Framing, Flow and Error Control, Noiseless Channels, Noisy Channels, Random Access Controlled Access, Channelization, IEEE Standards, Ethernet, Giga-Bit Ethernet, Wireless LANs, SONET-SDH, Frame Relay and ATM.

**UNIT – III:**

**Network Layer:** Logical Addressing, Internetworking, Tunneling, Address Mapping, ICMP, IGMP, Forwarding, Routing-Flooding, Bellman& Ford, Disjkstra's routing protocols, RIP, OSPF, BGP,- and Multicast Routing Protocols. Connecting Devices- Passive Hubs, Repeaters, Active Hubs, Bridges, Routers.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Transport Layer:** Process to Process Delivery, UDP, TCP and SCTP Protocols, Congestion, Congestion Control, Quality of Service.

**UNIT – V:**

**Application Layer:** Domain Name Space, DNS in Internet, Electronic Mail, File Transfer Protocol, WWW, HTTP, SNMP, Multi-Media.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Network Security:** Security services, mechanisms and attacks, IPSec, SSL, VPN, Firewall, Bluetooth, Zigbee, IPv4, IPv6.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Data Communications and Networking, Behrouz A. Forouzan, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2006
2. Computer Networks, Andrew S. Tanenbaum, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education
3. Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet, James F. Kurose, K. W. Ross, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education

**REFERENCES:**

1. Data Communications and Networks, William Stallings
2. Data Communication and Networks, Bhusan Trivedi, Oxford University Press, 2016
3. An Engineering Approach to Computer Networks, S. Keshav, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education
4. Understanding Communications and Networks, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, W.A. Shay, Cengage Learning

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. V Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1CS08) RELATIONAL DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the basic concepts and the applications of database systems
- To master the basics of SQL and construct queries using SQL
- To understand the relational database design principles
- To become familiar with the basic issues of transaction processing and concurrency control
- To become familiar with database storage structures and access techniques

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Demonstrate the basic elements of a relational database management system

**CO-2:** Ability to identify the data models for relevant problems

**CO-3:** Ability to design entity relationship model and convert entity relationship diagrams into RDBMS and formulate SQL queries on the data

**CO-4:** Apply normalization for the development of application software

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Database System Applications, Purpose of Database Systems, View of Data, Database Languages – DDL, DML, Relational Databases, Database Design, Data Storage and Querying, Transaction Management, Database Architecture, Data Mining and Information Retrieval, Specialty Databases, Database Users and Administrators, History of Database Systems.

**Introduction to Database Design:** Database Design and ER diagrams, Entities, Attributes and Entity sets, Relationships and Relationship sets, Additional features of ER Model, Conceptual Design with the ER Model, Conceptual Design for Large enterprises.

**Relational Model:** Introduction to the Relational Model, Integrity Constraints over Relations, Enforcing Integrity constraints, Querying relational data, Logical data base Design: ER to Relational, Introduction to Views, Destroying /Altering Tables and Views.

**UNIT – II:**

**Relational Algebra and Calculus:** Preliminaries, Relational Algebra, Relational calculus – Tuple relational Calculus, Domain relational calculus, Expressive Power of Algebra and calculus.

**SQL:** Queries, Constraints, Triggers: Form of Basic SQL Query, UNION, INTERSECT, and EXCEPT, Nested Queries, Aggregate Operators, NULL values Complex Integrity Constraints in SQL, Triggers and Active Data bases, Designing Active Databases.

**UNIT – III:**

**Schema Refinement and Normal Forms:** Introduction to Schema Refinement, Functional Dependencies - Reasoning about FDs, Normal Forms, Properties of

Decompositions, Normalization, Schema Refinement in Database Design, Other Kinds of Dependencies.

#### **UNIT – IV:**

**Transaction Management:** Transactions, Transaction Concept, A Simple Transaction Model, Storage Structure, Transaction Atomicity and Durability, Transaction Isolation, Serializability, Transaction Isolation and Atomicity Transaction Isolation Levels, Implementation of Isolation Levels.

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Concurrency Control:** Lock-Based Protocols, Multiple Granularity, Timestamp-Based Protocols, Validation-Based Protocols, Multiversion Schemes.

Recovery System-Failure Classification, Storage, Recovery and Atomicity, Recovery Algorithm, Buffer Management, Failure with loss of nonvolatile storage, Early Lock Release and Logical Undo Operations, Remote Backup systems.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Storage and Indexing:** Overview of Storage and Indexing: Data on External Storage, File Organization and Indexing, Index Data Structures, Comparison of File Organizations.

**Tree-Structured Indexing:** Intuition for tree Indexes, Indexed Sequential Access Method (ISAM), B+ Trees: A Dynamic Index Structure, Search, Insert, Delete.

Hash- Based Indexing: Static Hashing, Extendible hashing, Linear Hashing, Extendible vs. Linear Hashing.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Database Management Systems, Raghu Ramakrishnan, Johannes Gehrke, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited
2. Database System Concepts, A. Silberschatz, Henry. F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, 6<sup>th</sup> Editio,n McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited
3. Database Systems, R. Elmasri, Shamkant B. Navathe, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Database System Concepts, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel, Cengage Learning
2. Introduction to Database Management, M. L. Gillenson and others, Wiley Student Edition
3. Database Development and Management, Lee Chao, Auerbach Publications, Taylor & Francis Group
4. Introduction to Database Systems, C. J. Date, Pearson Education



**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VI Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18OE1CS06) CRYPTOGRAPHY AND NETWORK SECURITY**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Fundamentals of Computer Networks, Distributed Data Bases

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Outline security concepts, threats, attacks, services and mechanisms
- Describe various cryptosystems- symmetric key cryptography, public key cryptography
- Apply authentication services and Secure hash functions
- Discuss the concepts of IP Security, web security, viruses and firewalls

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Analyze the security attacks, services, goals and mechanism of security

**CO-2:** Develop a security model using conventional approach to prevent the attacks

**CO-3:** Apply public key cryptography principles, examine authenticity and integrity of the messages in the communication

**CO-4:** Build a model for IP security, firewall and test the security issues

**UNIT – I:**

**Security Attacks:** Security Attacks (Interruption, Interception, Modification and Fabrication), Security Services (Confidentiality, Authentication, Integrity, Non-repudiation, access Control and Availability) and Mechanisms, A model for Internetwork security, Internet Standards and RFCs, Buffer overflow & format string vulnerabilities, TCP session hijacking, ARP attacks, route table modification, UDP hijacking, and man-in-the-middle attacks.

**UNIT – II:**

**Conventional Encryption:** Classical Encryption techniques, Fiestel Cipher Structure, Data Encryption Standard, Block Cipher Design Principles and Modes of Operation, Triple DES, RC-4, Evaluation criteria for AES, AES Cipher, Placement of Encryption Function, Traffic Confidentiality.

**UNIT – III:**

**Public Key Cryptography and Authentication:** Confidentiality using Symmetric Encryption – Principles of Public key Cryptosystems, RSA algorithm, Key Management, Diffie-Hellman key Exchange, Elliptic Curve Cryptography. Authentication requirements, Authentication functions, Message Authentication Codes

**UNIT – IV:**

**Hash Functions:** Hash Functions, Security of Hash Functions and MACs, MD5 message Digest algorithm, Secure Hash Algorithm, HMAC, Digital Signatures, Authentication Protocols, Digital Signature Standard, Authentication Applications: Kerberos, X.509 Authentication Service

**UNIT – V:**

**Network Security:** Email Security and Web Security

Electronic Mail Security – PGP/ SMIME, IP security- Architecture, Authentication Header, Encapsulating Security Payload, Key Management, Web Security- Secure Socket Layer, Transport Layer Security and Secure Electronic Transaction

**UNIT – VI:**

**System Level Security:** Intrusion detection – password management – Viruses and related Threats – Virus Counter measures – Firewall Design Principles – Trusted Systems.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Cryptography and Network Security – Principles and Practices, William Stallings, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2005
2. Hack Proofing your Network, Ryan Russell, Dan Kaminsky, Rain Forest, Puppy, Joe Grand, David Ahmad, Hal Flynn Ido Dubrawsky, Steve W. Manzuik and Ryan Permech, Wiley Dreamtech

**REFERENCES:**

1. Network Security Essentials: Applications and Standards, William Stallings Prentice Hall, 1999, ISBN 0130160938
2. Security in Computing, Charles B. Pfleeger, Shari Lawrence Pfleeger, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2003

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VII Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18OE1IT01) ESSENTIALS OF CYBER SECURITY**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Fundamentals of Computer Networks, Cryptography and Network Security

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Identify the key components of cyber security in network
- Describe various security levels and categories, operating system security
- Define authentication issues and network security
- Describe memory management and protection measures

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Categorize cyber-crime and an understand social, political, ethical and psychological dimensions cyber security

**CO-2:** Demonstrate security levels and models with objects and access control

**CO-3:** Analyse tools and methods used in cybercrime

**CO-4:** Understand Organizational Implications and security risks

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Cybercrime:** Introduction, Cybercrime, and Information Security, Who are Cybercriminals, Classifications of Cybercrimes, And Cybercrime: The legal Perspectives and Indian Perspective, Cybercrime and the Indian ITA 2000, A Global Perspective on Cybercrimes.

**UNIT – II:**

**Cyber Offenses: How Criminals Plan Them:** Introduction, How Criminals plan the Attacks, Social Engineering, Cyber stalking, Cyber cafe and Cybercrimes, Botnets: The Fuel for Cybercrime, Attack Vector, Cloud Computing.

**UNIT – III:**

**Cybercrime: Mobile and Wireless Devices:** Introduction, Proliferation of Mobile and Wireless Devices, Trends in Mobility, Credit card Frauds in Mobile and Wireless Computing Era, Security Challenges Posed by Mobile Devices, Registry Settings for Mobile Devices, Authentication service Security, Attacks on Mobile/Cell Phones, Mobile Devices: Security Implications for Organizations, Organizational Measures for Handling Mobile, Organizational Security Policies an Measures in Mobile Computing Era, Laptops.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Tools and Methods Used in Cybercrime:** Introduction, Proxy Servers and Anonymizers, Phishing, Password Cracking, Keyloggers and Spywares, Virus and Worms, Trojan Horse and Backdoors, Steganography, DoS and DDoS attacks, SQL Injection, Buffer Overflow.

**UNIT – V:**

**Cyber Security:** Organizational Implications

Introduction, Cost of Cybercrimes and IPR issues, Web threats for Organizations, Security and Privacy Implications.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Social Media Marketing:** Security Risks and Perils for Organizations, Social Computing and the associated challenges for Organizations.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Cyber Security: Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics and Legal Perspectives, Nina Godbole and Sunil Belapure, Wiley India

**REFERENCES:**

1. Cyber Security Essentials, James Graham, Richard Howard and Ryan Otson, CRC Press
2. Introduction to Cyber Security, Chwan-Hwa (John) Wu, J. David Irwin, CRC Press  
T&F Group

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VIII Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1IT02) COMPUTER FORENSICS

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Fundamentals of Computer Networks, Cryptography and Network Security, Essentials of Cyber Security

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To provide an understanding of computer forensics fundamentals
- To analyze various computer forensics technologies and to provide computer forensics systems
- To identify methods for data recovery
- To apply the methods for preservation of digital evidence

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Define and discuss the concepts of computer forensics

**CO-2:** Explain and apply the concepts of computer investigations

**CO-3:** Select and apply current computer forensics tools

**CO-4:** Identify and apply current practices for processing crime and incident scenes

**UNIT – I:**

**Computer Forensics Fundamentals:** What is Computer Forensics? Use of Computer Forensics in Law Enforcement, Computer Forensics Assistance to Human Resources/Employment Proceedings, Computer Forensics Services, Benefits of Professional Forensics Methodology, Steps taken by Computer Forensics Specialists.

**UNIT – II:**

**Types of Computer Forensics Technology:** Types of Military Computer Forensic Technology, Types of Law Enforcement — Computer Forensic Technology — Types of Business Computer Forensic Technology Computer Forensics Evidence and Capture: Data Recovery Defined — Data Back-up and Recovery — The Role of Back-up in Data Recovery — The Data-Recovery Solution.

**UNIT – III:**

**Evidence Collection and Data Seizure:** Why Collect Evidence? Collection Options — Obstacles — Types of Evidence — The Rules of Evidence — Volatile Evidence — General Procedure — Collection and Archiving — Methods of Collection — Artifacts — Collection Steps — Controlling Contamination: The Chain of Custody Duplication and Preservation of Digital Evidence: Preserving the Digital Crime Scene — Computer Evidence Processing Steps — Legal Aspects of Collecting and Preserving Computer Forensic Evidence Computer Image Verification and Authentication: Special Needs of Evidential Authentication — Practical Consideration — Practical Implementation.

#### **UNIT – IV:**

**Computer Forensics Analysis and Validation:** Determining what data to collect and analyze, validating forensic data, addressing data-hiding techniques, performing remote acquisitions Network Forensics: Network forensics overview, performing live acquisitions, developing standard procedures for network forensics, using network tools, examining the honeynet project. Processing Crime and Incident Scenes: Identifying digital evidence, collecting evidence in private-sector incident scenes, processing law enforcement crime scenes, preparing for a search, securing a computer incident or crime scene, seizing digital evidence at the scene, storing digital evidence, obtaining a digital hash, reviewing a case.

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Current Computer Forensic Tools:** Evaluating computer forensic tool needs, computer forensics software tools, computer forensics hardware tools, validating and testing forensics software E-Mail Investigations: Exploring the role of e-mail in investigation, exploring the roles of the client and server in e-mail, investigating e-mail crimes and violations, understanding e-mail servers, using specialized e-mail forensic tools.

**Cell Phone and Mobile Device Forensics:** Understanding mobile device forensics, understanding acquisition procedures for cell phones and mobile devices.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Working with Windows and DOS Systems:** understanding file systems, exploring Microsoft File Structures, Examining NTFS disks, Understanding whole disk encryption, windows registry, Microsoft startup tasks, MS-DOS startup tasks, virtual machines.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Computer Forensics, Computer Crime Investigation, John R. Vacca, Firewall Media, New Delhi
2. Computer Forensics and Investigations, Nelson, Phillips Enfinger, Stuart, CENGAGE Learning
3. Real Digital Forensics, Keith J. Jones, Richard Bejtlich, Curtis W. Rose, Addison Wesley, Pearson Education

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Forensic Compiling, A Practitioners Guide, Tony Sammes and Brian Jenkinson, Springer International Edition
2. Computer Evidence Collection & Presentation, Christopher L.T. Brown, Firewall Media
3. Homeland Security, Techniques & Technologies, Jesus Mena, Firewall Media
4. Software Forensics Collecting Evidence from the Scene of a Digital Crime, Robert M. Slade, TMH 2005
5. Windows Forensics, Chad Steel, Wiley India Edition

**DATA SCIENCES /  
BIG DATA AND  
ANALYTICS**

## DATA SCIENCES / BIG DATA AND ANALYTICS

**Data science** helps in risk evaluation and observing, possible deceitful compoartment, payments, customer analysis, and experience, among much other exploitation. The capability to make **data**-driven choices generates a steadier financial situation and **data scientists** make the strength of the **industry**.

As such, **data science** track helps students to apply business concepts in banking, finance, manufacturing, transport, e-commerce, education, etc. that use **data science**. As a consequence, there are numerous **Data Science** Applications associated to it

### Job Roles in Data Science Track

- [Data Analyst](#)
- [Data Engineers](#)
- [Database Administrator](#)
- [Machine Learning Engineer](#)
- [Data Scientist](#)
- [Data Architect](#)
- [Statistician](#)
- [Business Analyst](#)
- [Data and Analytics Manager](#)

**Big Data analytics** track helps the students to learn the process of gathering, establishing and examining large sets of **data** (called **Big Data**) to determine patterns and other beneficial information. Analysts occupied with **Big Data** characteristically want the acquaintance that comes from investigating the **data**.

Big data analytics is the practice of mining useful information by examining different **types** of big data sets. Big data analytics is utilized to determine concealed patterns, market developments and consumer favorites, for the advantage of organizational decision making.

### Job responsibilities in a Big Data Analytics Track are

- To gather and accumulate data from disparate sources, clean it, organize it, process it, and analyse it to extract valuable insights and information.
- To identify new sources of data and develop methods to improve data mining, analysis, and reporting.
- To create data definitions for new database files or alterations made to the already existing ones for analysis purposes.
- To present the findings in reports (in table, chart, or graph format) to help the management team in the decision-making process.
- To apply statistical analysis methods for consumer data research and analysis purposes.
- To keep track of the trends and correlational patterns among complex data sets.
- To perform routine analysis tasks to support day-to-day business functioning and decision making.
- To collaborate with Data Scientists to develop innovative analytical tools.
- To work in close collaboration with both the IT team and the business management team to accomplish company goals.



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B.Tech. V Semester	L	T/P/D	C
	3	0	3

(18OE1MT03) STATISTICAL METHODS FOR DATA SCIENCE

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To provide insights about the basic roles of various statistical methods in building computer applications
- To develop a greater understanding of the importance of Data Visualization techniques
- To develop problem-solving skills
- To make inferences about the population parameters using sample data
- To provide an understanding on the importance and techniques of predicting a relationship between the two sets of data and determine the goodness of fitted model

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Analyze an extremely large data set and perform exploratory data analysis to extract meaningful insights

**CO-2:** Develop various visualizations of the data in hand and communicate results of analysis effectively (visually and verbally)

**CO-3:** Examine a real-world problem and solve the same with the knowledge gained from various distributions study

**CO-4:** Use and fit a linear regression model to data and use it for prediction

**CO-5:** Fit a polynomial regression model to data and use it for prediction

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Statistics:** Definition of statistics, basic objectives, applications in various branches of science with examples, collection of data: internal and external data, primary and secondary data, population and sample, representative sample.

**UNIT – II:**

**Descriptive Statistics:** Classification and tabulation of univariate data, graphical representation, frequency curves, descriptive measures - central tendency and dispersion, bivariate data, summarization, marginal and conditional frequency distribution.

**UNIT – III:**

**Introduction to R:** Introduction, Installing R and data types in R, programming using R: operators, conditional statements, looping, scripts, function creation, creating list, list operations, recursive list, creating a data frame, operations on data frames.

#### **UNIT – IV:**

**Data Visualization using R:** Import - export of data, measures of central tendency and measures of dispersion, data visualization – scatter plot, pie chart, histogram, bar chart, box plot, absolute and relative frequencies, frequency distribution.

#### **UNIT – V:**

##### **Correlation & Linear Regression:**

**Correlation:** Correlation, types of correlation, coefficient of correlation, rank correlation coefficient.

**Linear Regression:** Introduction, regression model, interval estimation, estimation of parameters of  $\beta_0$  and  $\beta_1$ , Estimation of  $\sigma^2$ .

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Non-Linear Regression:** Regression of second-degree polynomial (non-linear least square method for polynomial function), power function, exponential, estimation of coefficients, linear and polynomial regressions in R.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Introductory Statistics, Thomas H. Wonnacott & Ronald J. Wonnacot, John Wiley & Sons Inc., 1969
2. Applied Statistics and Probability for Engineers, Douglas C. Montgomery, George C. Runger, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2003
3. R for Beginners, Sandip Rakshit, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, McGraw-Hill Education, 2017

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. R-The Statistical Programming Language, Dr. Mark Gardner, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd, 2013
2. Introduction to the Theory of Statistics, A. M. Mood, F. A. Graybill and D. C. Boes, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017
3. Introduction of Probability Models, S. M. Ross, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition, Academic Press, N.Y., 2014
4. Statistical Methods, S. P. Gupta, 42<sup>nd</sup> Revised Edition, Sultan Chand & Sons, 2012

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

<b>B.Tech. VI Semester</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>(18OE1IT03) COMPUTATIONAL THINKING USING PYTHON</b>			

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Statistical Methods for Data Science

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand why Python is a useful scripting language for developers
- Create and execute Python programs and to Learn how to use lists, tuples, and dictionaries in Python programs
- Learn how to build and package Python modules for reusability
- Learn how to design object-oriented programs with Python classes
- Learn how to use exception handling in Python applications for error handling

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Adapt and combine standard algorithms to solve a given problem (includes numerical as well as non-numerical algorithms)

**CO-2:** Adequately use standard programming constructs: repetition, selection, functions, composition, modules, aggregated data (arrays, lists, etc.)

**CO-3:** Explain what a given program (in Python) does identify and repair coding errors in a program

**CO-4:** Understand and use object-based software concepts (constructing OO software will be dealt with in the course Software Engineering)

**CO-5:** Use library software for (e.g.) building a graphical user interface, web application, or mathematical software

**UNIT – I:**

Introduction, History, Features, Setting up path, Working with Python, Basic Syntax, Variable and Data Types, Operator, Conditional Statements-If  
If- else Nested if-else Looping for While Nested loops Control Statements Break  
Continue Pass String Manipulation Accessing Strings Basic Operations String slices  
Function.

**UNIT – II:**

Methods, Lists: Introduction, Accessing list, Operations, Working with lists, Function and Methods, Tuple: Introduction, Accessing tuples, Operations, Working, Functions and Methods

Dictionaries: Introduction, Accessing values in dictionaries, Working with dictionaries, Properties.

**UNIT – III:**

Functions: Defining a function, Calling a function, Types of functions, Function Arguments, Anonymous functions, Global and local variables.

Modules: Creation, Importing module, Math module, Random module, Packages.

**UNIT – IV:**

Composition: Input-Output-Printing on screen, Reading data from keyboard, Opening and closing file Reading and writing files, Functions.

Exception Handling: Exception, Exception Handling, Except clause, Try? Finally clause, User Defined Exceptions

**UNIT – V:**

OOPs concept: Class and object, Attributes, Inheritance, Overloading, Overriding, Data hiding, Regular expressions- Match function, Search function, Matching VS Searching, Modifiers, Patterns.

Multithreading: Thread, Starting a thread, Threading module, Synchronizing threads.

CGI: Introduction, Architecture, CGI environment variable, GET and POST methods, Cookies, File upload.

**UNIT – VI:**

Database: Introduction, Connections, Executing queries, Transactions Handling error, Networking: Socket, Socket Module, Methods, Client and server, Internet modules, Sending email.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Learning Python, David Ascher and Mark Lutz, O'Reilly

**REFERENCES:**

1. Python Programming: An Introduction to Computer Science, John M. Zelle, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Kindle Edition
2. Python Essential Reference, David M. Beazley, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Developer's Library

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VII Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18OE1IT04) FUNDAMENTALS OF DATA MINING**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Statistical Methods for Data Science, Computational Thinking using Python

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Introduce the basic concepts and techniques in building a Data Warehouse
- Apply preprocessing methods for any given raw data
- Develop skills of using recent data mining software for solving practical problems
- Implement and apply basic algorithms for supervised and unsupervised learning

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Assess raw input data and process it to provide suitable input for a range of data mining algorithms.

**CO-2:** Discover and measure interesting patterns from different kinds of databases

**CO-3:** Evaluate and select appropriate data-mining algorithms and apply, interpret and report the output appropriately

**CO-4:** Design and implement data-mining applications using sample, realistic data sets and modern tools

**UNIT – I:**

**Data Warehousing & Modeling:** Basic Concepts: Data Warehousing: A multitier Architecture, Data warehouse models: Enterprise warehouse, Data mart and virtual warehouse, Extraction, Transformation and loading.

**UNIT – II:**

**Data Cube:** A multidimensional data model, Stars, Snowflakes and Fact constellations: Schemas for multidimensional Data models, Dimensions: The role of concept Hierarchies, Measures: Their Categorization and computation, Typical OLAP Operations.

**UNIT – III:**

**Data Warehouse Implementation & Data Mining:** Data Warehouse Architecture, What is data mining, Challenges, From Data Warehousing and Data Mining, Data Mining Tasks, Data Mining Functionalities, Major Issues in Data Mining. Data: Types of Data, Data Quality, Data Pre-processing, Measures of Similarity and Dissimilarity.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Association Analysis:** Association Analysis: Problem Definition, Frequent Item set Generation, Rule generation. Alternative Methods for Generating Frequent Item sets, FP-Growth Algorithm, Evaluation of Association Patterns.

**UNIT – V:**

**Classification:** Decision Trees Induction, Method for Comparing Classifiers, Rule Based Classifiers, Nearest Neighbor Classifiers, Bayesian Classifiers.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Clustering Analysis:** Overview, K-Means, Agglomerative Hierarchical Clustering, DBSCAN, Cluster Evaluation, Density-Based Clustering, Graph- Based Clustering, Scalable Clustering Algorithms.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Introduction to Data Mining, Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach, Vipin Kumar, First Impression, Pearson, 2014
2. Data Mining-Concepts and Techniques, Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber, Jian Pei, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2012

**REFERENCES:**

1. Data Warehousing in the Real World, Sam Anahory, Dennis Murray, Tenth Impression, Pearson, 2012
2. Mastering Data Mining, Michael J. Berry, Gordon S. Linoff, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Wiley, 2012

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VIII Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18OE1IT05) DATA ANALYSIS AND VISUALIZATION**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Statistical Methods for Data Science, Computational Thinking using Python, Fundamentals of Data Mining

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To introduce concept and characteristics of probability distribution
- To introduce underlying design principles, properties and assumptions of linear and non-linear regression modelling
- To introduce design principles involved in identifying interesting classification and prediction of data patterns
- To introduce properties of time series data and perform time series analysis

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Apply probability distribution concepts to identify univariate data patterns

**CO-2:** Apply regression modelling to build efficient mathematical models for prediction and classification

**CO-3:** Apply decision and regression trees for supervised learning

**CO-4:** Visualize time series data by applying time series techniques

**UNIT – I:**

**Data Definitions and Analysis Techniques:** Elements, Variables, and Data categorization, Introduction to statistical learning, Descriptive Statistics: Measures of central tendency, Measures of location of dispersions.

**UNIT – II:**

**Basic Analysis Techniques:** Basic analysis techniques, Statistical hypothesis generation and testing, Chi-Square test, t-Test Analysis of variance, Correlation analysis, Maximum likelihood test.

**UNIT – III:**

**Data Analysis Techniques:** Regression analysis and visualization, Classification techniques and visualization, Clustering and visualization, Association rules analysis and visualization

**UNIT – IV:**

**Time-series Analysis and Forecasting** – Time-series components, Variation in Time Series, Cyclic Variation, Seasonal Variation, Irregular Variation.

**UNIT – V:**

**Smoothing Techniques:** A problem involving all four components of time series, Introduction to forecasting, forecasting models, Trend and Seasonal effects, Trend Analysis

**UNIT – VI:**

**Case-studies and Projects:** Understanding business scenarios, Feature engineering and visualization, Sensitivity Analysis.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Data Mining and Analysis, Mohammed J. Zaki, Wagner Meira, Cambridge, 2012
2. Data Mining: Theories, Algorithms, and Examples, Nong Ye, CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group, 2014
3. Statistics for Management, David S. Rubin, Sanjay Rastogi, Masood Husain Siddiqui Richard I. Levin, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Learning

**REFERENCES:**

1. Probability & Statistics for Engineers & Scientists, Ronald E. Walpole, Raymond H. Myers, Sharon L. Myers and Keying Ye, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall Inc.
2. The Elements of Statistical Learning, Data Mining, Inference and Prediction, Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Jerome Friedman, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Springer, 2014
3. An Introduction to Statistical Learning Mining Massive Data Sets, A. Rajaraman and J. Ullman, Cambridge University Press, 2012
4. Software for Data Analysis: Programming with R (Statistics and Computing), John M. Chambers, Springer



# **AUTONOMOUS VEHICLES**

## **AUTONOMOUS VEHICLES**

The invention of the wheel marked a large step in the evolution of mankind. With mobility, man experienced a newfound freedom that opened the doors for several other inventions. Automobile engineering or automotive engineering is one of the most challenging careers in the field of engineering with a wide scope. This branch deals with the designing, developing, manufacturing, testing and servicing automobiles such as cars, trucks, motorcycles, scooters, etc. and the related engineering sub systems. For the perfect blend of designing and manufacturing automobiles, automobile engineering uses the features of different elements of engineering such as mechanical, electrical, electronic, instrumentation, civil, software and safety engineering. Exploring the topic from an interdisciplinary perspective is indispensable. Globalization and incredible growth of automobile industry have resulted in numerous opportunities for engineers both in India and abroad.

The 17<sup>th</sup> and 18<sup>th</sup> centuries were mostly about steam-powered vehicles transporting people and goods. While electric cars enjoyed popularity in the 19<sup>th</sup> and early 20<sup>th</sup> centuries, the later period saw the accelerated adoption of the petrol car, due to its advantages of power, mass production, cost and advances in the internal combustion engine. It is only in the 21<sup>st</sup> century that interest in electric cars has come back, given the need for cleaner, greener modes of transport. The modern period is associated with several path breaking technologies. Over the last couple of decades, there has been an explosion of electronics in vehicles. Connected cars that include technology features are ever more popular. These smart cars come with internet access, GPS, wi-fi, superior infotainment, advanced telematics and navigation capabilities. More innovations in in-vehicle infotainment and electronics promise to give car users even more enhanced capabilities in the near future.

Today, safety has become a larger concern than ever before. While entertainment and infotainment have made car driving a pleasure, this has also given rise to a growing tribe of distracted drivers. Add to this, underdeveloped roads, which take a toll on drivers today. Increased distractions and fatigue can also contribute to human fatalities. The future certainly points in the direction of driverless cars, which promise to alleviate concerns of traffic congestion and road safety. Driverless cars, also known as autonomous cars, will usher in a paradigm shift in the evolution of the modern automobile. Self-driving cars can sense the environment and traffic with the help of RADAR, LIDAR, GPS and computer vision and navigate without human intervention. Autonomous cars are claimed to have greater accuracy, reliability and faster reaction time compared to human drivers. This would lead to fewer traffic collisions and less road congestion.

Autonomous driving is a popular subject of today's discussion and automakers are developing complex systems that allow cars to drive themselves. If technology continues on its current course, car will do the concentrating for you. Self-parking, automatic emergency braking, adaptive cruise control and lane keeping are just some of the technologies that have leapt into the market in the past few years. Put them all together, get a picture of driving to assisted driving to

fully autonomous cars. The open elective track "Autonomous Vehicles" offered by the department of automobile engineering trains the students to meet the technological challenges and diverse needs of the industry and society in various areas of automobile engineering and equips them to excel in a truly competitive industry. With through knowledge in this field, engineering graduates get opportunity to serve many top-notch automobile companies and IT companies as well.

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. V Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1AE01) PRINCIPLES OF AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the layout of an automobile and functionalities subsystems
- To provide overview on concepts of engine, cooling, lubrication and fuel systems
- To present constructional features and working of automotive driveline and running systems
- To study the fundamentals and principles of automotive electrical systems

**COURSE OUTCOMES** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Explain the functionalities of automotive systems and subsystems

**CO-2:** Give an overview on engine and engine subsystems.

**CO-3:** Describe working of automotive driveline and running systems

**CO-4:** Discuss the concepts of automotive starting, ignition and charging systems

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Classification of automobiles, layout of an automobile, automobile sub systems and their role. Types of chassis, role and requirement of a chassis frame, types of frames, materials, loading points and types of bodies.

**UNIT – II:**

**Engine:** Classification and components of an engine, principle and working of four stroke and two stroke SI and CI engines, petrol fuel system - carburetor, diesel fuel system - diesel fuel pump, injectors, introduction to electronic fuel injection system – MPFI and CRDI.

**UNIT – III:**

**Cooling and Lubrication:** Necessity of cooling, air-cooling, water cooling - thermosyphon and pump cooling, radiator, pump, thermostat, antifreeze solution and radiator fan. Mist, splash and forced lubrication, oil filters and oil pumps.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Drive Line:** Clutches, principle, single plate clutch, multi plate clutch and centrifugal clutch. Gear box - Need, sliding mesh, constant mesh and synchromesh gear box. Propeller shaft, universal joint, differential, wheels and tyres.

**UNIT – V:**

**Running Systems:** Suspension systems – Objective, rigid axle and independent suspension system and torsion bar. Steering system – Layout, steering mechanism, steering geometry and steering gear boxes. Brake system –Principle, stopping distance, types of brakes and actuation.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Electrical Systems:** Starting system - Principle, working of different starter drive units and solenoid switches. Ignition system - Conventional ignition system types, ignition advance and retarding mechanisms. Charging system – Alternator principle, construction and working, cut-outs and regulators.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Advanced Vehicle Technology, Heinz Heisler, Butterworth Heinemann Publishers, 2002
2. Automobile Electrical Equipment, Crouse W. H., 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Book Co., Inc., New York, 1986

**REFERENCES:**

1. Motor Vehicle, Garrett T. K., Newton K. and Steeds W. ButterWorths & Co. Publishers Ltd., New Delhi, 2001
2. Automotive Electrical Equipment, Kohli P. L., Tata McGraw Hill Co., Ltd., New Delhi, 1975
3. Automotive Chassis and Body, Crouse W. H., McGraw Hill Book Co., 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 1976
4. Automotive Mechanics, Giri N. K., Khanna Publications, 2006

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VI Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1AE02) MODERN AUTOMOTIVE TECHNOLOGIES

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Principles of Automobile Engineering

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To provide an overview on advanced engine control system concepts
- To know the interdisciplinary concepts and intelligent automotive systems
- To understand the interdisciplinary concepts and GPS-enabled applications in automobile
- To present intelligent vehicle technologies like comfort, safety and security systems

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Apply advanced engine control system concepts in engineering

**CO-2:** Discuss the need for implementation intelligent vehicle technologies

**CO-3:** Address the key technologies in automotive navigation

**CO-4:** Appreciate the technological advancements driver assistance systems

**UNIT – I:**

**Advanced Engine Controls:** Concept of an electronic engine control system, engine control module, powertrain control module, electronic fuel injection - throttle body fuel injection, multi-point fuel injection, gasoline direct injection, common rail direct injection, electronic ignition control, engine mapping, on-board diagnostics.

**UNIT – II:**

**Introduction to Intelligent Vehicles:** Driver information, driver perception, driver convenience, driver monitoring, general vehicle control, longitudinal and lateral control, collision avoidance, vehicle monitoring.

**UNIT – III:**

**Telematics:** Global positioning system, geographical information systems, navigation system, architecture, automotive vision system, road recognition.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Comfort Systems:** Adaptive cruise control system, active suspension system, power steering, collapsible and tiltable steering column, power windows.

**UNIT – V:**

**Safety Systems:** Active and passive safety, airbags, seat belt tightening system, forward collision warning systems, child lock, anti-lock braking systems, traction control system, lane departure warning system.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Security Systems:** Anti-theft technologies – mechanical, electromechanical and electronic immobilizers, alarm system, stolen vehicle tracking system, remote keyless entry, smart card system, number plate coding.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Understanding Automotive Electronics, William B. Ribbens, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Butterworth Heinemann Woburn, 1998
2. Intelligent Vehicle Technologies: Theory and Applications, Ljubo Vlacic, Michel Parent and Fumio Harashima, Butterworth-Heinemann Publications, Oxford, 2001

**REFERENCES:**

1. Automotive Handbook, Robert Bosch, SAE, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2000
2. Navigation and Intelligent Transportation Systems – Progress in Technology, Ronald K. Jurgen, Automotive Electronics Series, SAE, USA, 1998
3. Understanding Automotive Electronics, Bechhold, SAE, 1998

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.TECH. VII Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18OE1AE03) ELECTRIC, HYBRID AND FUEL CELL VEHICLES**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Principles of Automobile Engineering, Modern Automotive Technologies

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To study the concepts and drivetrain configurations of electric and hybrid vehicles
- To understand about electric propulsion system
- To provide various energy storage devices
- To present principle, working and automotive applications of fuel cell and solar technology

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Explain the concepts and drivetrain configurations of electric and hybrid vehicles

**CO-2:** Discuss various electric motors and controls

**CO-3:** Present various energy storage devices

**CO-4:** Describe automotive applications of fuel cell and solar technology

**UNIT – I:**

**Electric Vehicles:** Layout of an electric vehicle, system components, traction motor characteristics, transmission, electronic control system, advantage and limitations, performance and energy consumption of electric vehicles.

**UNIT – II:**

**Hybrid Vehicles:** Concepts of hybrid electric drivetrain based on hybridization and powertrain configuration, architecture of series, parallel and series-parallel hybrid electric drivetrains, modes of operation, merits and demerits, plug-in hybrid architecture, speed and torque coupling of hybrid electric drivetrains.

**UNIT – III:**

**Electric Motors:** Review of technology suited to automotive propulsion, requirements, DC motors, Induction motors, permanent magnet brushless DC motors and switched reluctance motors.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Motor Drives:** Speed and torque control, DC motor - Chopper based four quadrant operations, induction motor, permanent magnet motor and switched reluctance motor.

**UNIT – V:**

**Energy Storages:** Electromechanical batteries - Types, parameters, lead acid batteries, nickel-based batteries, lithium-based batteries, battery management system and ultracapacitors.



**UNIT – VI:**

**Fuel Cell and Solar Vehicles:** Fuel cell vehicle – Operating principle, types of fuel cells, fuel cell options for fuel cell vehicle and fuel cell hybrid vehicle. Solar vehicle - Solar photovoltaic cell, solar array, solar car electrical system and drive train.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles: Fundamentals, Theory and Design, Mehrdad Ehsani, Yimin Gao, Sebastien E. Gay and Ali Emadi, CRC Press, 2004
2. Electric Vehicle Technology-Explained, James Larminie and John Louny, John Wiley & Sons Ltd., 2003

**REFERENCES:**

1. Electric and Hybrid Vehicles – Design Fundamentals, Iqbal Husain, CRC Press, 2010
2. Electric Vehicle Battery Systems, Sandeep Dhameja, Butterworth–Heinemann, 2002
3. Electric and Hybrid – Electric Vehicles, Ronald K. Jurgen, SAE, 2002
4. Light Weight Electric/Hybrid Vehicle Design, Ron Hodkinson and John Fenton, Butterworth–Heinemann

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VIII Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18OE1AE04) CONNECTED AND AUTONOMOUS VEHICLES**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Principles of Automobile Engineering, Modern Automotive Technologies, Electric, Hybrid and Fuel Cell Vehicles

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the fundamentals of vehicle communication and networking
- To provide state-of-the-art in wireless communication technology within and between vehicles
- To know various levels of vehicle autonomy and intelligent automotive systems
- To provide an overview on driver-assist and self-driving processes

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Present the fundamentals of vehicle communication and networking

**CO-2:** Appreciate intra-vehicle and inter-vehicle communication technologies

**CO-3:** Describe various levels of vehicle autonomy

**CO-4:** Discuss the driver-assist and self-driving processes

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Vehicle Communications:** Intra-vehicle communications - communications protocols, systems and sensors (Braking, steering, power train, chassis systems, body electronics, instrument clusters, infotainment systems), inter-vehicle communications - cooperative driving (accident warning, frontal/rear collision prevention, lane change, assistance). Consumer assistance – traffic information, multimedia support and smart parking

**UNIT – II:**

**Communication Fundamentals and Controller Area Network:** Communication fundamentals – Frequency, bandwidth, power measurement, signal to noise ratio, transmission rate constraints, radio frequency spectrum allocation, RADAR operation and types of RADAR. CAN evolution, versions, types of controllers, layered architecture. CAN bus, message frames and error handling.

**UNIT – III:**

**Intra-Vehicle Communications:** Wired communication – Network comparison, two tier approach, LIN applications - Localized vehicle area support, general support areas, CAN applications - In vehicle operation, infotainment, wireless communication – Bluetooth vehicle applications, satellite services – satellite radio, vehicle care and traffic status.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Inter-Vehicle Communication:** Adhoc Communications –Applications in Vehicle traffic Monitoring, Collision and congestion avoidance, Highway lane reservation, Emission Control, Vehicle Frequency Utilization – AM Radio, Bluetooth, FM Radio, GPS, Short range RADAR, Wireless LAN, Intelligent Roadway-Infrastructure to vehicle and vehicle to vehicle communications. Evolving smart vehicle – ECU, wireless

networking, forward RADAR, side RADAR, GPS, cellular transmission and event Recorder.

**UNIT – V:**

**Autonomous Vehicles:** Importance, levels of automation, policy making, social costs, safety and crashes, congestion, land use, energy and emissions, costs and disadvantages

**UNIT – VI:**

**Current State of Autonomous Vehicles:** Research, challenges, commercial development, sensor systems, sensor suits, environmental challenges, graceful degradation, V2V and V2I communication, sharing the drive, integrity, security, verification and policy implications.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Inter and Intra Vehicle Communications, Gilbert Held Auerbach Publications, 2008
2. Autonomous Vehicle Technology-A Guide for Policymakers, James M. Anderson, Nidhi Kalra, Karlyn D. Stanley, Paul Sorensen, Constantine Samaras, Oluwatobi A. Oluwatola, RAND Corporation, Santa Monica, Calif., 2016
3. Autonomous Driving - Technical, Legal and Social Aspects, Markus Maurer, J. Christian Gerdes, Barbara Lenz, Hermann Winner, Editors, Springer, 2016

**REFERENCES:**

1. Intelligent Vehicle Technologies: Theory and Applications, Ljubo Vlacic, Michel Parent and Fumio Harashima, Butterworth-Heinemann Publications, Oxford, 2001
2. Navigation and Intelligent Transportation Systems – Progress in Technology, Ronald K. Jurgen, Automotive Electronics Series, SAE, USA, 1998
3. Automotive In-vehicle Networks, J. Gabrielleen, Wiley-Blackwell, 2008
4. In-Vehicle Network Architecture for the Next-Generation Vehicles, Syed Masud Mahmud, IGI
5. Communication Technologies for Vehicles, Mohamed Kassab Springer, 2015

# **GENERAL - COMPUTING**

## 1. PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA

**Java** is an extensively **used** programming language specifically intended for use in the distributed environment of the internet. **Java** help students to create wide-ranging applications that possibly will run on a single workstation or be distributed among servers and clients in a network.

Java is an extremely fruitful language and an upper option for many developers for many years. The motive that it has remained so prevalent is since it still happens the needs of functioning across networks.

### **Students will have different roles and responsibilities by learning Java Programming**

- Designing, implementing, and maintaining Java applications that are often high-volume and low-latency, required for mission-critical systems.
- Delivering high availability and performance.
- Contributing in all phases of the development lifecycle.
- Writing well-designed, efficient, and testable code.

## 2. RELATIONAL DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

A relational database permits you to effortlessly find precise information. It also consents you to sort based on any field and produce reports that comprise only definite fields from each record. With features like, Data Accuracy, Easy Access to Data, Data Integrity, Flexibility, Normalization, High Security, Feasible for Future Modifications

### **By learning RDBMS Students will have different roles in Database environment**

- Data Administrator,
- Database Administrator
- Database Designer
- Application Programmer

## 3. COMPUTATIONAL THINKING USING PYTHON

The **python** language is one of the utmost accessible programming languages available because it has streamlined syntax and not complex, which gives more importance on natural language. Due to its comfort of learning and practice, **python** codes can be readily written and executed much quicker than former programming languages.

Data Science: The libraries and frameworks Python offers, e.g. PyBrain, PyMySQL, and NumPy are one of the big reasons. Another reason is diversity. Python experience allows you to do a lot more than any other language, e.g. you can create scripts to automate stuff, go into web development, and so much more.

### **Students will have various Job Profiles by learning Python**

- Software Engineer.
- Python Developer.
- Research Analyst.
- Data Analyst.
- Data Scientist.
- Software Developer.

## **4. INTRODUCTION TO DATA ANALYTICS**

**Data** Scientists and Analysts **use data analytics** techniques in their research, and businesses also **use** it to inform their conclusions. **Data analysis** can assistance corporations healthier comprehend their customers, assess their ad-campaigns, personalize gratified, create content approaches and progress products.

### **By learning Data Analytics students will get Jobs with different designations**

- IT Systems Analyst. Systems analysts use and design systems to solve problems in information technology. ...
- Healthcare Data Analyst. ...
- Operations Analyst. ...
- Data Scientist. ...
- Data Engineer. ...
- Quantitative Analyst. ...
- Data Analytics Consultant. ...
- Digital Marketing Manager.

## VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech.

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### (18OE11T06) PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Introduces object-oriented programming concepts using the Java language
- Introduces the principles of inheritance and polymorphism; and demonstrates how they relate to the design of abstract classes
- Introduces the implementation of packages and interfaces
- Introduces exception handling, event handling and multithreading

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Develop applications for range of problems using object-oriented programming techniques

**CO-2:** Design simple graphical user interface applications

**CO-3:** Explore the design of graphical user interface using applets and swings

**UNIT – I:**

**Object Oriented Thinking and Java Basics:** Need for OOP Paradigm, Summary of OOP Concepts, Coping with Complexity, Abstraction Mechanisms, A Way of Viewing World – Agents, Responsibility, Messages, Methods, History of Java, Java Buzzwords, Data Types, Variables, Scope and Life Time of Variables, Arrays, Operators, Expressions, Control Statements, Type Conversion and Casting, Simple Java Program, Concepts of Classes, Objects, Constructors, Methods, Access Control, This Keyword, Garbage Collection, Overloading Methods and Constructors, Method Binding, Inheritance, Overriding and Exceptions, Parameter Passing, Recursion, Nested and Inner Classes, Exploring String Class.

**UNIT – II:**

**Inheritance, Packages and Interfaces:** Hierarchical Abstractions, Base Class Object, Subclass, Subtype, Substitutability, Forms of Inheritance- Specialization, Specification, Construction, Extension, Limitation, Combination, Benefits of Inheritance, Costs of Inheritance. Member Access Rules, Super Uses, Using Final with Inheritance, Polymorphism- Method Overriding, Abstract Classes, The Object Class. Defining, Creating and Accessing a Package, Understanding Classpath, Importing Packages, Differences between Classes and Interfaces, Defining an Interface, Implementing Interface, Applying Interfaces, Variables in Interface and Extending Interfaces, Exploring Java.IO.

**UNIT – III:**

**Exception Handling and Multi-threading:** Concepts of Exception Handling, Benefits of Exception Handling, Termination or Resumptive Models, Exception Hierarchy, Usage of Try, Catch, Throw, Throws and Finally, Built in Exceptions, Creating Own Exception Sub Classes.

String Handling, Exploring Java. Util, Differences between Multi-Threading and Multitasking, Thread Life Cycle, Creating Threads, Thread Priorities, Synchronizing

Threads, Interthread Communication, Thread Groups, Daemon Threads. Enumerations, Autoboxing, Annotations, Generics.

#### **UNIT – IV:**

**Event Handling:** Events, Event Sources, Event Classes, Event Listeners, Delegation Event Model, Handling Mouse and Keyboard Events, Adapter Classes.

The AWT Class Hierarchy, User Interface Components- Labels, Button, Canvas, Scrollbars, Text Components, Check Box, Check Box Groups, Choices, Lists Panels – Scrollpane, Dialogs, Menubar, Graphics, Layout Manager – Layout Manager Types – Border, Grid, Flow, Card and Grid Bag.

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Applets:** Concepts of Applets, Differences between Applets and Applications, Life Cycle of an Applet, Types of Applets, Creating Applets, Passing Parameters to Applets.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Swing:** Introduction, Limitations of AWT, MVC Architecture, Components, Containers, Exploring Swing- Japplet, JFrame and JComponent, Icons and Labels, Text Fields, Buttons – The JButton Class, Check Boxes, Radio Buttons, Combo Boxes, Tabbed Panes, Scroll Panes, Trees, and Tables.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Java The Complete Reference, Herbert Schildt, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, TMH
2. Understanding OOP with Java Updated Edition, T. Budd, Pearson Education
3. An Introduction to Programming and OO Design using Java, J. Nino and F.A. Hosch, John Wiley & Sons

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Introduction to Java Programming, Y. Daniel Liang, Pearson Education
2. An Introduction to Java Programming and Object-Oriented Application Development, R.A. Johnson, Thomson
3. Core Java 2, Vol. 1 - Fundamentals, Cay. S. Horstmann and Gary Cornell, Eighth Edition, Pearson Education
4. Core Java 2, Vol. 2 - Advanced Features, Cay. S. Horstmann and Gary Cornell, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education



VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech.

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(18OE1CS08) RELATIONAL DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the basic concepts and the applications of database systems
- To master the basics of SQL and construct queries using SQL
- To understand the relational database design principles
- To become familiar with the basic issues of transaction processing and concurrency control
- To become familiar with database storage structures and access techniques

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Demonstrate the basic elements of a relational database management system

**CO-2:** Ability to identify the data models for relevant problems

**CO-3:** Ability to design entity relationship model and convert entity relationship diagrams into RDBMS and formulate SQL queries on the data

**CO-4:** Apply normalization for the development of application software

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Database System Applications, Purpose of Database Systems, View of Data, Database Languages – DDL, DML, Relational Databases, Database Design, Data Storage and Querying, Transaction Management, Database Architecture, Data Mining and Information Retrieval, Specialty Databases, Database Users and Administrators, History of Database Systems.

**Introduction to Data base design:** Database Design and ER diagrams, Entities, Attributes and Entity sets, Relationships and Relationship sets, Additional features of ER Model, Conceptual Design with the ER Model, Conceptual Design for Large enterprises.

**Relational Model:** Introduction to the Relational Model, Integrity Constraints over Relations, Enforcing Integrity constraints, Querying relational data, Logical data base Design: ER to Relational, Introduction to Views, Destroying /Altering Tables and Views.

**UNIT – II:**

**Relational Algebra and Calculus:** Preliminaries, Relational Algebra, Relational calculus – Tuple relational Calculus, Domain relational calculus, Expressive Power of Algebra and calculus.

**SQL:** Queries, Constraints, Triggers: Form of Basic SQL Query, UNION, INTERSECT, and EXCEPT, Nested Queries, Aggregate Operators, NULL values Complex Integrity Constraints in SQL, Triggers and Active Data bases, Designing Active Databases.

**UNIT – III:**

**Schema Refinement and Normal Forms:** Introduction to Schema Refinement, Functional Dependencies - Reasoning about FDs, Normal Forms, Properties of

Decompositions, Normalization, Schema Refinement in Database Design, Other Kinds of Dependencies.

#### **UNIT – IV:**

**Transaction Management:** Transactions, Transaction Concept, A Simple Transaction Model, Storage Structure, Transaction Atomicity and Durability, Transaction Isolation, Serializability, Transaction Isolation and Atomicity Transaction Isolation Levels, Implementation of Isolation Levels.

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Concurrency Control:** Lock-Based Protocols, Multiple Granularity, Timestamp-Based Protocols, Validation-Based Protocols, Multiversion Schemes.

Recovery System-Failure Classification, Storage, Recovery and Atomicity, Recovery Algorithm, Buffer Management, Failure with loss of nonvolatile storage, Early Lock Release and Logical Undo Operations, Remote Backup systems.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Storage and Indexing:** Overview of Storage and Indexing: Data on External Storage, File Organization and Indexing, Index Data Structures, Comparison of File Organizations.

**Tree-Structured Indexing:** Intuition for tree Indexes, Indexed Sequential Access Method (ISAM), B+ Trees: A Dynamic Index Structure, Search, Insert, Delete.

Hash- Based Indexing: Static Hashing, Extendible hashing, Linear Hashing, Extendible vs. Linear Hashing.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Database Management Systems, Raghu Ramakrishnan, Johannes Gehrke, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited
2. Database System Concepts, A. Silberschatz, Henry. F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited
3. Database Systems, R. Elmasri, Shamkant B. Navathe, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Database System Concepts, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel, Cengage Learning
2. Introduction to Database Management, M. L. Gillenson and others, Wiley Student Edition
3. Database Development and Management, Lee Chao, Auerbach Publications, Taylor & Francis Group
4. Introduction to Database Systems, C. J. Date, Pearson Education

## VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech.

L	T/P/D	C
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### (18OE1IT03) COMPUTATIONAL THINKING USING PYTHON

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand why Python is a useful scripting language for developers
- Create and execute Python programs and to Learn how to use lists, tuples, and dictionaries in Python programs
- To learn how to build and package Python modules for reusability
- To learn how to design object-oriented programs with Python classes
- To learn how to use exception handling in Python applications for error handling

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Adapt and combine standard algorithms to solve a given problem (includes numerical as well as non-numerical algorithms)

**CO-2:** Adequately use standard programming constructs: repetition, selection, functions, composition, modules, aggregated data (arrays, lists, etc.)

**CO-3:** Explain what a given program (in Python) does identify and repair coding errors in a program

**CO-4:** Understand and use object-based software concepts (constructing OO software will be dealt with in the course Software Engineering)

**CO-5:** Use library software for (e.g.) building a graphical user interface, web application, or mathematical software

**UNIT – I:**

Introduction, History, Features, Setting up path, Working with Python, Basic Syntax, Variable and Data Types, Operator, Conditional Statements-If

If- else Nested if-else Looping for While Nested loops Control Statements Break

Continue Pass String Manipulation Accessing Strings Basic Operations String slices Function.

**UNIT – II:**

Methods, Lists: Introduction, Accessing list, Operations, Working with lists, Function and Methods, Tuple: Introduction, Accessing tuples, Operations, Working, Functions and Methods

Dictionaries: Introduction, Accessing values in dictionaries, Working with dictionaries, Properties.

**UNIT – III:**

Functions: Defining a function, Calling a function, Types of functions, Function Arguments, Anonymous functions, Global and local variables.

Modules: Creation, Importing module, Math module, Random module, Packages.

**UNIT – IV:**

Composition: Input-Output-Printing on screen, Reading data from keyboard, Opening and closing file Reading and writing files, Functions.

Exception Handling: Exception, Exception Handling, Except clause, Try? Finally clause, User Defined Exceptions

**UNIT – V:**

OOPs concept: Class and object, Attributes, Inheritance, Overloading, Overriding, Data hiding, Regular expressions- Match function, Search function, Matching VS Searching, Modifiers, Patterns.

Multithreading: Thread, Starting a thread, Threading module, Synchronizing threads.

CGI: Introduction, Architecture, CGI environment variable, GET and POST methods, Cookies, File upload.

**UNIT – VI:**

Database: Introduction, Connections, Executing queries, Transactions Handling error, Networking: Socket, Socket Module, Methods, Client and server, Internet modules, Sending email.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Learning Python, David Ascher and Mark Lutz, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, O'Reilly, 2003

**REFERENCES:**

1. Python Programming: An Introduction to Computer Science, John M. Zelle, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Kindle Edition
2. Python Essential Reference, David M. Beazley, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Developer's Library

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech.

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1IT07) INTRODUCTION TO DATA ANALYTICS

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Be exposed to conceptual framework of big data
- Understand different techniques of data analysis
- Be familiar with concepts of data streams
- Be exposed to item sets, clustering, frame works and Visualization

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Understand big data fundamentals

**CO-2:** Learn various data analysis techniques

**CO-3:** Implement various data streams

**CO-4:** Understand item sets, clustering, frame works & Visualizations

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Big Data:** Introduction to Big Data Platform – Challenges of Conventional systems – Web data – Evolution of Analytic scalability, analytic process and tools, Analysis vs Reporting – Modern data analytic tools,

**Statistical Concepts:** Sampling distributions, resampling, statistical inference, prediction error.

**UNIT – II:**

**Data Analysis:** Regression modeling, Multivariate analysis, Bayesian modeling, inference and Bayesian networks, Support vector and Kernel methods

**Analysis of Time Series:** Linear systems analysis, nonlinear dynamics – Rule induction –

**Neural Networks:** Learning and and Generalisation, competitive learning, Principal component analysis and neural networks

**Fuzzy Logic:** extracting fuzzy models from data, fuzzy decision trees, Stochastic search methods.

**UNIT – III:**

**Mining Data Streams:** Introduction to Streams Concepts – Stream data model and architecture – Stream Computing, Sampling data in a stream – Filtering streams – Counting distinct elements in a stream – Estimating moments – Counting oneness in a Window – Decaying window – Real time Analytics Platform (RTAP) applications – case studies – real time sentiment analysis, stock market predictions.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Frequent Itemsets and Clustering:** Mining Frequent itemsets – Market based Modeling – Apriori Algorithm – Handling large data sets in Main Memory – Limited Pass Algorithm – Counting frequent itemsets in a Stream – Clustering Techniques – Hierarchical – K-Means.

**UNIT – V:**

Clustering high dimensional data – CLIQUE and ProCLUS – Frequent pattern-based clustering methods – Clustering in non-Euclidean space – Clustering for streams and Parallelism.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Frameworks and Visualization:** MapReduce – Hadoop, Hive, MapR – Sharding – NoSQL Databases – S3 – Hadoop Distributed file systems – Visualizations – Visual data analysis techniques,

**Interaction Techniques:** Systems and Applications

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Intelligent Data Analysis, Michael Berthold, David J. Hand, Springer, 2007
2. Mining of Massive Datasets, Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey David Ullman, Cambridge University Press, 2012

**REFERENCES:**

1. Taming the Big Data Tidal Wave: Finding Opportunities in Huge Data Streams with Advanced Analytics, Bill Franks, John Wiley & Sons, 2012
2. Big Data Glossary, Glenn J. Myatt, Making Sense of Data, John Wiley & Sons, Pete Warden, O'Reilly, 2011
3. Data Mining Concepts and Techniques, Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Elsevier, 2008

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech.

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1CS11) FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTER ALGORITHMS

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Reinforce algorithms analysis methods
- Ability to analyse running time of an algorithm
- Understand different algorithm design strategies
- Familiarity with an assortment of important algorithms

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Apply algorithm design techniques and concepts to solve given engineering problem

**CO-2:** Analyze running times of algorithms using asymptotic analysis

**CO-3:** Develop efficient algorithms for computational tasks

**CO-4:** Computing complexity measures of algorithms

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Characteristics of algorithm. Analysis of algorithms: Asymptotic analysis of complexity bounds – best, average and worst-case behaviour; Performance measurements of Algorithm, Time and space trade-offs.

**UNIT – II:**

**Divide and Conquer:** General method, applications-Binary search, Quick sort, Merge sort, Strassen's matrix multiplication. Analysis of recursive algorithms through recurrence relations: Substitution method, Recursion tree method and Masters' theorem.

**UNIT – III:**

**Greedy Method:** General method, applications-Job sequencing with deadlines, 0/1 knapsack problem, Minimum cost spanning trees, Single source shortest path problem, Huffman Codes.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Dynamic Programming-I:** General method, Principle of optimality, applications-Multistage graphs, Matrix chain multiplication, Optimal binary search trees.

**UNIT – V:**

**Dynamic Programming-II:** 0/1 knapsack problem, All pairs shortest path problem, Travelling sales person problem, Reliability design.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Backtracking:** General method, applications- N-Queen problem, Sum of subsets problem, Graph coloring, Hamiltonian cycles.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, E. Horowitz et al, Galgotia Publications
2. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Lieserson, Ronald L. Rivest and Clifford Stein, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, MIT Press/McGraw-Hill

**REFERENCES:**

1. Algorithm Design, Jon Kleinberg and EvaTardos, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Pearson
2. Algorithm Design: Foundations, Analysis and Internet Examples, Michael T. Goodrich and Roberto Tamassia, Second Edition, Wiley
3. Algorithms – A Creative Approach, Udi Manber, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA
4. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Anany Levitin, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Publications



**GENERAL**

## **PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND HUMAN VALUES**

Ethics is a necessary and listed Graduate Attribute for all engineers according to the Washington Accord. As engineers deal with the society and provide for the society, it is important that the ethical concerns pertaining to technology are well-understood and addressed. Human Values form the basis for all Ethics and ethical theories help resolve professional dilemmas too. This course aims to create an appreciation for normative and applied ethics with special focus on professionalism and technology education and practice. Given the diverse set of roles an engineer or computer scientist may play in the society, there is an inherent societal need for engineers, technologists, and computer scientists to be ethical. The formative years of students of engineering are the best time to impress upon them the practical importance and application aspects of ethics. The curriculum is designed to include an inherent appreciation for the Indian Ethos and cover a wide variety of topics with suitable case studies and examples all through, so as to enable the learners to find practical contexts in global and contemporary careers of their future. The course also leads to attaining two other Graduate Attributes majorly, along with Ethics, viz. Engineer and Society, and Lifelong Learning.

## VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. V Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

### (18OE1HS01) PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND HUMAN VALUES

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To emphasize on the importance of ethics for engineers and computer scientists
- To provide a toolkit for ethical behaviour in personal and professional settings
- To relate the profession of engineering to sociocultural as well as ethical and moral contexts in India and globally
- To develop more socially conscious engineers who create and conceive a better society and a better world without sacrificing or ignoring public good

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Distinguish morals, values, and ethics in Indian and global contexts

**CO-2:** Resolve moral and ethical dilemmas through ethical inquiries and appropriate ethical theories

**CO-3:** Realize the professional role of engineers in society and the support available in creating safe solutions for the society focusing on public welfare

**CO-4:** Conduct themselves ethically in various roles that present themselves in professional and business environments

#### **UNIT – I:**

**Motivation and Introduction to Human Values:** Motivation to study ethics in engineering with justifying case studies, historical events, and current affairs; Morals, Values, and Ethics – Definitions; Moral Judgement vs. Value Judgement; Moral Character and Moral Autonomy – Conscientiousness, Integrity, Empathy as basic building blocks; The Golden Rule; Maslow's Theory of Needs; Universal Human Values and Theories; Conventional and Constitutional Values in Indian Ethos; Anomie vs. Civic Virtue as a foundation for an ideal society; Ethics as a basis of legal framework; Privacy and Confidentiality – Increasing emphasis in personal and professional lives, technological considerations and examples; Profession, Professionalism – Definitions, Engineering as a Profession

#### **UNIT – II:**

**Ethics, Ethical Theories, and Professionalism:** Ethics through Spirituality, Religion, and beyond; Indian Philosophy and Ethos, ancient to modern – Family System, Ethical Pluralism, Unity in Diversity; Ethics as application of values and as moral philosophy – Kohlberg's theory vs. Gilligan's theory of moral development leading to ethics, examples; Moral and Ethical Dilemmas – Definition, Causes, Case Studies and Examples; Resolution of Ethical Dilemmas through Ethical Inquiries – Normative, Conceptual, and Factual Inquiries, Classification of Ethics by Character and Conduct – Consequentialism/ Utilitarianism, Deontological Ethics, Virtue Ethics and

Theories, Rights Theories; Ethical Frameworks and examples; Practical application of ethical theories for decision-making in personal life

#### **UNIT – III:**

**Professionalism, Engineering in the Societal Context:** Professionalism – Professional Traits, Rights, Responsibilities, Roles, Virtues; Business Ethics; Engineering as Social Experimentation – Context with examples, Comparison with standard experiments, Application of Ethical Inquiries to gain knowledge and to gather relevant information, Responsibility of Experimenters, Accountability and Answerability, Consensus and Need for Informed Consent – how to address exceptions; Responsible Innovation – Social Context of Innovation, Responsible Research and Innovation, Data Privacy and Protection of Individual Rights, being Ethical by Design; Trust in the context of professionalism – confidentiality, non-disclosure agreements (NDA); Intellectual Property (IP) – IP Rights (IPR) as Professional Rights, Law, Moral Rights and Economic Rights, Patenting; Diverse roles of Engineers as Professionals – Manager, Leader, Consultant, and Expert Witness

#### **UNIT – IV:**

**Professional Ethics, Ethics at Workplace and Roles of Engineers:** Overview of Organizational Behaviour; Collegiality, Loyalty, Trust in professional context; Respect for Authority vs. Moral Autonomy, Moral Responsibility; Organizational context of Ethics – Minor, interpersonal, severe, organizational workplace deviances; Occupational Crime, Culpable mistakes, Collateral damage; Gifts and bribes; Industrial Ethics for non-professionals; Code of ethics and Code of Conduct – Role of professional societies in guiding, promoting, and protecting professionals and professions, Examples of common professional societies in Engineering and Science; Decision-making in professional context – Choosing the right guidance, choosing the right ethical theory; Conflicts in profession and at workplace - Employee Relations and Discrimination, Conflict of Interest, Conflict Management and Resolution, Framework for Conflict Resolution; Multinational Companies and Corporates – Work Culture and Respect for Diversity and Pluralism; Employee Rights vs. Professional Rights; Whistleblowing – Social, Organizational, and Legal context with examples

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Public Welfare, Safety & Risk:** Impact of engineering activities and technology on Public Welfare; Ethical Concerns of Public welfare in the context of Emerging Technologies – Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Internet of Things, Cybersecurity and Cybercrime; Issues of Public Concern – Informed Consent, Health and environmental aspects, data security; Safety and Risk – Definitions; Risk Assessment – Known and Unintended consequences, Risk-Benefit Analysis, Reducing Risk, Optimum Level of Safety, Capability Curves, Safe Exit; Learning from the Past – Case Studies in Ethics Context: Titanic, Bhopal, Chernobyl; Environmental Ethics and Sustainable Development Goals; Computer Ethics and various Technology Ethics; Ethics in the context of War and Weapon Development; Ethics and Economics – Fair Trade, Capitalism vs. Communism, Developed vs. Developing vs. Underdeveloped economies

## **UNIT – VI:**

**Ethics for Lifelong Learning:** Ethics in the context of Globalization; Moral Character and Ethical Leadership – Case Studies and Examples of success and failure; Overview and comparison of different schools of thought, comparison of the works of pioneering philosophers and social scientists – Immanuel Kant, John Rawls, Martin Heidegger, Swami Vivekananda, Jiddu Krishnamurti, Dr. Abdul Kalam, etc.; Impact of Ethical and Unethical Behaviour in personal and professional lives, developing and maintaining ethical behaviour, threats to moral autonomy and how to continue to be ethical in personal and professional lives

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Ethics in Engineering, Mike W. Martin, Roland Schinzinger, McGraw Hill Education, 2017 (ISBN: 978-9339204457)
2. Business Ethics: An Indian Perspective, A.C. Fernando, K.P. Muralidheeran, E.K. Satheesh, Pearson Education, 2019 (ISBN: 978-9353437442)
3. Professional Ethics, R. Subramanian, Oxford University Press, 2017 (ISBN: 978-0199475070)
4. Professional Ethics and Human Values, M. Govindarajan, S. Natarajan, V.S. Senthil Kumar, Prentice Hall India, 2015 (ISBN: 978-8120348165)

### **REFERENCES:**

1. Engineering Ethics: Concepts & Cases, Charles E. Harris, Jr., Michael S. Pritchard, Michael J. Rabins, Cengage Learning, 2012 (ISBN: 978-8131517291)
2. Classical Indian Ethical Thought: A Philosophical Study of Hindu, Jaina and Bauddha Morals, Kedar Nath Tiwari, Motilal Banarsidass Publishers, 2017 (ISBN: 978-8120816084)
3. The Manual for Indian Start-Ups, Dalai Lama, Ethics for the Whole World 978-9351360803 Vijay Kumar Ivaturi et al., Penguin Random House India, 2017 (ISBN: 978-0143428527)
4. To Be Human, Jiddu Krishnamurti, Shambhala, 2000 (ISBN: 978-1570625961)
5. On Ethics and Economics, Amartya Sen, Oxford India, 1999 (ISBN: 978-0195627619)

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VI Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(18OE1HS02) ENTREPRENEURSHIP**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To motivate the engineers to inculcate the skills thereof in any professional role and to consider intrapreneurship or entrepreneurship as career choices for personal and societal growth
- To impart lean management principles and practices to plan, execute, and convert one's own idea into a sustainable business model
- To gain practical knowledge to design one's own lean startup
- To identify and avoid the potential pitfalls in validation, design, production, and marketing phases of an innovative product or service

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Discover societal problems as entrepreneurial opportunities and ideate to develop solutions through systematic and creative approaches to innovation and business strategy

**CO-2:** Apply lean methodology to startup ideas using Business Model Canvas and Lean Canvas and be able to create Business Plan

**CO-3:** Validate ideas, design, production, and marketing systematically using techniques such as 5 Whys, Innovation Accounting, Value and Growth Propositions

**CO-4:** To strategize during ideation, production, market research, marketing and facing competition

**UNIT – I:**

**Entrepreneurial Skills and Opportunities :** Role of Entrepreneurs in Indian and World Economy; Entrepreneurship as a career for engineers, scientists, and technologists; Personality and Skill Set of an Entrepreneur; Need for Ethics and Empathy for Entrepreneurs; Stories of Successful and Failed Enterprises; Current Business Trends; Entrepreneurial Management vs. Corporate Management – Roles and Scope; Concepts of Intrapreneurship, Social Entrepreneurship, Technopreneurship, Studentpreneurship; Opportunities in Telangana State and India – incubators, schemes, accelerators

**UNIT – II:**

**Introduction to Lean Startup Methodology:** Overview, Principles of Lean Startup, Lean vs. Traditional Startup; Vision-to-Steering, Start-Define-Learn-Experiment, Leap-Test-Measure-Pivot, Build-Measure-Learn

### **UNIT – III:**

**Business Model Concepts:** Components of Business Plan; Business Model Canvas (BMC); Lean Canvas (LC); Pitch Deck; Elevator Pitch; Financial Aspects – Financing, Funding Stages, Inflows, Outflows; Market Research and Marketing

### **UNIT – IV:**

**Building Your Business Model:** Desirability, Feasibility, and Viability; Minimum Viable Product (MVP), Proof of Concept (PoC), Prototype; Early Adopters; Value Proposition; Overview of opportunities in India – Financing and Support Schemes, Online and Offline Resources, Entrepreneurial Networks

### **UNIT – V:**

**Evaluating Your Business Model:** Three Learning Milestones of Innovation; Root Cause Analysis (RCA) through 5 Whys; Pivot or Persevere; The Engines of Growth: Sticky, Viral, and Paid; Kan-ban Diagram for Project Planning and Resource Allocation

### **UNIT – VI:**

**Strengthen Your Business Model:** Why startups fail? Value and Waste; Design Thinking for Business; Analogs and Antilogos; Paralysis by Analysis and Extinct by Instinct; The three A's: Actionable, Accessible, and Auditable Metrics and Vanity Metrics

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. The Lean Startup: How Today's Entrepreneurs Use Continuous Innovation to Create Radically Successful Businesses, Eric Ries, Penguin Portfolio, 2015 (ISBN: 978-0670921607)
2. Entrepreneurship, Robert D. Hisrich, Michael P. Peters and Dean A. Shepherd, Tata McGraw Hill, 11<sup>th</sup> Ed., 2020 (ISBN: 978-9390113316)
3. Entrepreneurship Simplified: From Idea to IPO, Ashok Soota, S R Gopalan, Penguin Random House India, 2016 (ISBN: 978-0670088959)
4. Startup Easy - Part 1: The Essentials, Shishir Gupta, StartupLanes.Com, 2017 (ISBN: 978-9386503886)

### **REFERENCES:**

1. Measure What Matters: OKRs: The Simple Idea that Drives 10x Growth, John Doerr, Penguin Portfolio, 2018 (ISBN: 978-0241348482)
2. Entrepreneurship Development and Business Ethics, Abhik Kumar Mukherjee, Shaunae Roy, Oxford University Press, 2019 (ISBN: 978-0199494460)
3. The Manual for Indian Start-Ups, Vijay Kumar Ivaturi et al., Penguin Random House India, 2017 (ISBN: 978-0143428527)
4. Social Entrepreneurship in India: Quarter Idealism and a Pound of Pragmatism, Madhukar Shukla, SAGE Publications India Pvt Ltd, 2020 (ISBN: 978-9353882372)
5. Entrepreneurship: A South Asian perspective. Donald F Kuratko, T.V Rao. Cengage Learning, 2012

## VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VII Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

### (18OE1HS03) PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLIC SPEAKING

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:** To enable the students to

- Develop skills and techniques for Effective Communication and Public Speaking
- Develop Leadership qualities and increase Self – confidence
- Get along with people and Team-Building
- Enhance career opportunities by Goal setting
- Develop an acceptable PERSONALITY

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Communicate better and speak with confidence

**CO-2:** Exhibit Leadership qualities and increased Self – confidence

**CO-3:** Work towards Team-Building

**CO-4:** Use career opportunities by Goal setting

**CO-5:** Acquire a forceful personality to maintain a pleasant relationship between the seniors and subordinates and other stakeholders

#### UNIT – I:

##### EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION

- i. Fundamentals of Effective Communication
- ii. How to sell your ideas
- iii. Communication within Industry (awareness of motivation, ego states, games, etc.)
- iv. Guidelines on: Listening, Reading and Writing
- v. Non-verbal Communication (Body Language)
- vi. Barriers of Communication

#### UNIT – II:

##### PUBLIC SPEAKING (SPEECH COMMUNICATION)

- i. How to develop courage and self-confidence
- ii. Speech purposes, preparation patterns and outlining of speech
- iii. Fundamentals and secrets of good delivery
- iv. How to make your meaning clear and convince an audience / client
- v. How to close effectively and get action?
- vi. How to participate in conferences, group discussions and office meetings

#### UNIT – III:

##### PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT -1

- i. Leadership - qualities of a successful leader ; Leadership Styles; Leadership in Administration; Problem-solving & Decision-making
- ii. Group Dynamics and Team Building
- iii. Importance of groups in organization; Interactions in group, Group Decision Taking, Team Building, Interaction with the Team, Building a good team



**UNIT – IV:****PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT -2**

- i. Interpersonal Relations- Introduction; Transactional Analysis in communication  
Awareness of Ego states and their application in communication
- ii. Conflict Management- Introduction & Causes of Conflict; Managing Conflict

**UNIT – V:****PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT -3**

- i. Positive Attitude & Ways to develop positive attitude  
Self Esteem & Confidence Building
- ii. Motivation- Importance of self-motivation;
- iii. Stress -Causes of Stress & Impact of Stress; Managing Stress

**UNIT – VI:****PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT -4**

- i. Goal Setting-Meaning; Short, medium and Long Term Goals;  
Importance of Goal setting & Steps for Goal Setting
- ii. Creativity-Meaning; Barriers to Creativity & Steps to stimulate Creativity  
Understanding and Importance of Human Values; Ideals in Life; Becoming a Role  
Model
- iii. Time Management - Time as a Resource; Techniques for better Time  
Management.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Advance Speaking Skills, Jeremy Harmor & John Arnold, Essex, Longman Group  
Limited, 1978
2. Developing Soft Skills, Sherfield, R.M., Montgomery, R.J., Moody, P.G. 4<sup>th</sup> Edition,  
Pearson, 2010
3. Personality Development and Soft Skills, Barun K. Mitra, Oxford University Press,  
2016

**REFERENCES:**

1. Body Language: A Guide for Professionals, Hedwig Lewis, Response Books (a  
division of Sage Publications India, Pvt. Ltd.,) New Delhi, 1998
2. Emotional Intelligence, Daniel Goldman, Bantam Books, 1995
3. Personality Development, Rajiv Mishra, Rupa & Co., 2004

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VIII Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1HS04) FOREIGN LANGUAGE – FRENCH

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To communicate verbally in a simple way by asking and responding to simple questions related to everyday language needs
- To read and comprehend different kinds of texts (notices, informal letters, catalogues, menus etc.)
- To write clear, concise, and correct sentences and paragraphs on familiar topics.
- To recognize and use basic syntax and structures in French including articles, prepositions and connecting words as well as master basic vocabulary

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Use vocabulary contextually and effectively

**CO-2:** Use reading skills to comprehend different kinds of texts

**CO-3:** Understand everyday expressions dealing with simple and concrete everyday needs, in clear, slow and well-articulated speech and manage very short mini dialogues /conversations

**CO-4:** Demonstrate basic competence in Written French including grammar, sentence and paragraph structure, coherence

**UNIT – I: Introduce oneself and introduce someone:**

**Reading:** Read and understand an introduction about someone

**Grammar:** Question words, Subject verb agreement, Mas/fem and prepositions with cities and countries

**Vocabulary:** professions, nationalities, countries numbers, days of the week and verbs

**Writing:** Build basic sentences and Write about oneself

**Life Skills:** Greetings, Formal and Informal way of asking questions

**UNIT – II: Express likes and dislikes and Talk about your locality:**

**Reading:** Read and understand description of a place

**Grammar:** Articles, prepositions, possessive adjectives, basic connecting words such as “like, and, but”, and Negation

**Vocabulary:** Adjectives, verbs of preference, different places, and basic vocabulary on leisure and sports activities.

**Writing:** Write about hobbies and pastimes

**Life Skills:** Conversation fillers

**UNIT – III: Take / Fix an appointment with someone:**

**Reading:** Understand propositions and counters

**Grammar:** How to say time, Interrogative adjectives

**Vocabulary:** Irregular verbs, days of the week, Fixed expressions with Etre and Avoir and expressions to ask for appointment or refuse/accept a proposed time

**Life Skills:** Telephone etiquette and colloquial expressions in French

**UNIT – IV: Talk about your routine / Invite someone and Accept or refuse an invitation**

**Reading:** Read and understand an invitation on basic info: date and time, venue, occasion, type of invitation etc.

**Grammar:** Question word Why, Connecting word “because”, partitive and contracted articles, reflexive verbs

**Vocabulary:** Expressions to propose, thank / apologize and accept or refuse an invitation,

**Writing:** Respond to an invitation (Accept or refuse)

**Life Skills:** At the table

**UNIT – V: Ask for information (timings, price, etc) and Ask for/ Give Directions**

**Reading:** Understand signboards and instructions

**Grammar:** Imperative mode and prepositions.

**Vocabulary:** Directions, Expressions to ask information or seek precision

**Writing:** Give instructions and fill a form

**UNIT – VI: Vacation (plan vacation, choose destination, visit, and appreciate)**

**Reading:** Read and understand travel brochures for basic info on offers, locations, touristic attractions hotels and so on

**Grammar:** demonstrative adjectives and near future tense

**Vocabulary:** Weather forecast, modes of transport, and vacation activities

**Writing:** Write a post card

**Life Skills:** Types of vacation in France

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Painless French, Carol Chitin, M.S., Lynn Gore, Barrons Educational Series, 2016 (ISBN: 978-1438007700)
2. Language Learning University, French: Learn French for Beginners Including French Grammar, French Short Stories and 1000+ French Phrases, Createspace Independent Publications, 2018 (ISBN: 978-1726415002)
3. Language School, French Language for Beginners, 2019 (ISBN: 978-1700175700)

**REFERENCES:**

1. Practice Makes Perfect: Complete French All-in-One, Annie Heminway, McGraw-Hill Education, 2018 (ISBN: 978-1260121032)
2. Easy French Step-by-Step, Myrna Bell Rochester, McGraw-Hill Education, 2008 (ISBN: 978-0071453875)
3. Contacts: Langue et culture françaises, Jean-Paul Valette, Rebecca Valette, Wadsworth Publishing Co. Inc., 2012 (ISBN: 978-1133309581)

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech.

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1CE09) SMART CITIES

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- **Understand** smart city basic concepts, global standards, and Indian context of smart cities
- **Explain** smart community, smart transportation and smart buildings
- **Understand** Energy demand, Green approach to meet Energy demand and their capacities
- **Identify** Smart Transportation Technologies in cities and concepts towards smart city

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1: Explain and elaborate** smart city concepts and their international and national standards

**CO-2: Conceptualize** smart community, transportation and building concepts

**CO-3: Develop and calibrate** energy demand and their capacity limits

**CO-4: Predict** the various smart urban transportation systems and the transition from existing city towards a smart city

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Smart Cities:** Introduction to Smart Cities - Understanding Smart Cities -Dimensions of Smart Cities – World urbanization, Global Experience of Smart Cities, Smart City case studies-Indian scenario - India “100 Smart Cities” Policy and Mission.

**UNIT – II:**

**City as a System of Systems:** Systems thinking – Developing a smart city approach – Core elements of a smart city – Relevant open data for a smart city – Sustainability – Privacy and Ethics – Energy systems for smarter cities.

**UNIT – III**

**Smart Cities Planning and Development:** Introduction to Smart Community; Smart community concepts: Concept of Smart Community - Smart Transportation - Smart Building and Home Device - Smart Health - Smart Government - Smart Energy and Water - Cybersecurity, Safety, and Privacy; Internet of Things, Blockchain, Artificial Intelligence, Alternate Reality, Virtual Reality.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Smart Urban Energy Systems:** Conventional vs. Smart, City components, Energy demand, Green approach to meet Energy demand, Index of Indian cities towards smartness – a statistical analysis -Meeting energy demand through direct and indirect solar resources- Efficiency of indirect solar resources and its utility, Capacity

limit for the indirect solar resources- Effectiveness in responsive environment in smart city; Smart communication using green resources- **Relevant case studies**

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Smart Transportation Systems:** Smart Transportation Technologies - Driverless and connected vehicles - ride sharing solutions - The "improve" pathway - The "shift" pathway – Smart Roads and Pavement systems – Relevant case studies

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Future of Smart Cities:** The transition of legacy cities to Smart - Right transition process - the benefit of citizens, cities have to adopt effective management and governance approaches-factors in the transition phase of legacy cities to Smart cities and their managerial implications.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Internet of Things in Smart Technologies for Sustainable Urban Development, G. R. Kanagachidambaresan, R. Maheswar, V. Manikandan, K. Ramakrishnan., Springer, 2020
2. Society 5.0: A People-Centric Super-Smart Society, Hitachi-UTokyo Laboratory (H-UTokyo Lab), Springer, 2020
3. The Routledge Companion to Smart Cities, Katharine S. Willis, Alessandro Aurigi, Routledge International Handbooks, 2020

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Smart Cities in Asia: Governing Development in the Era of Hyper-Connectivity Yu-min Joo, Yu-Min Joo, Teck-Boon Tan, Edward Elgar Pub, 2020
2. Urban Systems Design: Creating Sustainable Smart Cities in the Internet of Things Era, Yoshiki Yamagata, Perry P. J. Yang, Elsevier, 2020
3. Smart Cities and Artificial Intelligence: Convergent Systems for Planning, Design, and Operations, Christopher Grant Kirwan, Zhiyong Fu, Elsevier, 2020

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech.	L	T/P/D	C
	3	0	3
<b>(18OE1EE05) TRENDS IN ENERGY SOURCES FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT</b>			

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand the role of sustainable energy
- Know components of solar PV and wind energy conversion systems
- Understand the principles of Biomass, geo-thermal and wave energy systems
- Learn various energy storage methods

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Understand various sources for sustainable energy

**CO-2:** Understand Solar Photo voltaic and wind energy systems

**CO-3:** Learnt the harnessing techniques of Biomass, geothermal and ocean energy

**CO-4:** Familiarize with energy storage methods

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Trends in energy consumption - Conventional and renewable sources, Energy sources and their availability, Energy Conservation status in India -need of new energies for sustainable development.

**UNIT – II:**

**Fundamentals of Solar Radiation:** Introduction-The Sun as Source of Energy, Extraterrestrial and Terrestrial Radiations, Spectral Power Distribution of Solar Radiation, instruments for measuring solar radiation and sunshine recorder.

**Solar PV Conversion:** The PV Cell-Crystalline Solar cells -Thin film and amorphous solar cells, Module, Array, Equivalent Electrical circuit- Open circuit voltage and Short circuit current, I-V, P-V Curves. Developments in efficient non silicon solar cells

**UNIT – III:**

**Wind Energy:** origin of winds-Global (or Planetary) Winds- Local Winds-Factors Affecting the Distribution of Wind Energy on the Surface of Earth, Wind Turbine – Types, construction of HAWT, VAWT, performance characteristics, Betz criteria.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Bio-Mass:** Principles of Bio-Conversion, Anaerobic/aerobic digestion, types of Biogas digesters, combustion characteristics of bio-gas, utilization for cooking, I.C. Engine operation and economic aspects.

**UNIT – V:**

**Geothermal Energy:** Resources, types of wells, methods of harnessing the energy

**Ocean Energy:** OTEC, Principles utilization, setting of OTEC plants, thermodynamic cycles.

**Tidal and Wave Energy:** Potential and conversion techniques, mini-hydel power plants, and their economics.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Energy Storage:**

**Electro Chemical Storage:** lead-acid- nickel cadmium-nickel-metal-hydride and lithium type batteries-Principle of operation, Types, Advantages and disadvantages.

**Non-Electric Storage:** Methods of Energy storage –Pumped Energy Storage – Compressed air Energy Storage, Superconducting Magnet Energy Storage.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Non-Conventional Energy Sources, G.D. Rai, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Khanna Publishers, 2004
2. Non-Convention Energy Resources, B.H. Khan, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, 2017

**REFERENCES:**

1. Renewable Energy Sources, Twidell & Weir, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, CRC Press, 2015
2. Solar Energy, Sukhatme, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, 2008
3. Non-Conventional Energy, Ashok V. Desai, Wiley Eastern, 1990

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech.

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(18OE1ME05) 3D PRINTING AND DESIGN

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand the need and know about the applications of 3D Printing
- Understand the need of liquid and solid based 3D Printing systems
- Know about the laser-based 3D Printing systems and importance of CAD for 3D Printing
- To understand post-processing, inspection and testing involved in 3D Printing

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Summarize the importance of 3D Printing

**CO-2:** Explain the process involved in liquid and solid based 3D Printing Systems

**CO-3:** Explain about the laser-based 3D Printing systems and CAD for 3D Printing

**CO-4:** Plan post-processing techniques and perform inspection and testing in 3D Printing

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Introduction to 3D Printing, Classification, 3D Printing Process Chain, Materials for 3D Printing, Distinction between 3D Printing & Conventional Manufacturing.

**Applications:** Brief overview of applications in Aerospace, Automotive, Biomedical, Defense, Construction, Jewelry, Coin and Tableware Industry.

**UNIT – II:**

**Liquid Based 3D Printing Systems:** Introduction, Principle, Processes and Applications of Material Jetting and Binder Jetting.

**UNIT – III:**

**Solid Based 3D Printing Systems:** Introduction, Principle, Processes and Applications of Fused Deposition Modeling (FDM) and Laminated Object Manufacturing (LOM).

**UNIT – IV:**

**Laser Based 3D Printing Systems:** Introduction, Principle, Processes and Applications of Selective Laser Sintering (SLS), Three-Dimensional Printing (3DP).

**UNIT – V:**

**CAD for 3D Printing:** CAD data formats, CAD model preparation, Part orientation and support generation, Overview of 3D Printing softwares like MAGICS and MIMICS only.



**UNIT – VI:**

**Post Processing:** Introduction, Post Processing Techniques like Support material removal, Cleaning, Sanding and Polishing.

**Inspection:** Introduction, Significance, Inspection techniques like Dimensional measurement along X, Y and Z axes, visual inspection of the surface finish (overall aesthetics and intact features), flatness or warp check, and FOD (foreign objects or debris) check.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Additive Manufacturing Technologies: Rapid Prototyping to Direct Digital Manufacturing, Ian Gibson, David W Rosen, Brent Stucker., Springer, 2010
2. Rapid Prototyping: Principles and Applications, Chua C.K., Leong K.F., and Lim C.S., 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, World Scientific, 2010

**REFERENCES:**

1. Rapid Prototyping and Engineering Applications: A Toolbox for Prototype Development, Liou L.W. and Liou F.W., CRC Press, 2007
2. Rapid Prototyping: Theory and Practice, Kamrani A.K. and Nasr E.A., Springer, 2006
3. Rapid Tooling: Technologies and Industrial Applications, Hilton P.D. and Jacobs P.F., CRC Press, 2000
4. Rapid Prototyping, Gebhardt A., Hanser, Gardener Publications, 2003

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech.

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(18OE1EC09) EMBEDDED SYSTEMS FOR IOT

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Programming through C

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the basics of computing with Embedded Systems
- To expose the students to various smart sensors
- To make the students familiar with the programming concepts of Embedded development board
- To understand the basics of Internet of Things and Cloud of things

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Familiar with architectural and programming issues of Embedded Systems

**CO-2:** Able to select proper smart Sensor for a specific measurement application

**CO-3:** Analyze various protocols for Internet of Things

**CO-4:** Apply Internet of Things to different applications in the real world

**UNIT – I:**

**Embedded System Design:** Numbering and Coding Systems, Digital Premier, Inside the Computer

Embedded system - Definition, Characteristics of embedded computing applications, Design challenges, Requirements, Specification, Architecture design, Designing hardware and software components, system integration.

**UNIT – II:**

**Smart Sensors & Applications:** Introduction, Primary Sensors, Excitation, Amplification, Filters, Converters, Compensation, Information Coding/Processing, Data Communication, Standards for Smart Sensor Interface, the Automation.

**UNIT – III:**

**Sensors Applications:** Introduction, On-board Automobile Sensors (Automotive Sensors), Home Appliance Sensors, Aerospace Sensors, Sensors for Manufacturing, Sensors for environmental Monitoring.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Micro Controller Board:** Features of Arduino, Arduino components and IDE, Interfacing: Seven Segment Display, Pulse Width Modulation, Analog Digital Converter, Wireless connectivity to Arduino. Case study: From BT To WiFi: Creating WiFi Controlled Arduino Robot Car.

**UNIT – V:**

**Introduction to Internet of Things:** Definition and Characteristics of IoT, Physical Design of IoT, Logical Design of IoT, IoT enabled Technologies – Wireless Sensor Networks,

Cloud Computing, Big data analytics, Communication protocols, Embedded Systems, IoT Levels and Deployment Templates, M2M, IoT vs M2M.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Domain Specific Applications of IoT:** IoT Design Methodology, Applications of IoT– Home, Health, Environment, Energy, Agriculture, Industry and Smart City.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. The 8051 Microcontroller: Programming, Architecture, Ayala & Gadre, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Cengage Publications, 2008
2. Sensors and Transducers, D. Patranabis, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, PHI Learning Private Limited, 2013
3. Internet of Things: A Hands-On Approach, Vijay Madiseti, Arshdeep Bahga, Universities Press, 2015

**REFERENCES:**

1. Embedded Systems: Architecture, Programming and Design, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, TMH
2. The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems: Using Assembly and C, Muhammad Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillispie Mazidi, Rolin D. McKinlay, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2005
3. Internet of Things with Raspberry Pi and Arduino, Singh, R., Gehlot, A., Gupta, L., Singh, B., Swain, M., Boca Raton, CRC Press, 2020

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(18OE1CS09) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE – A BEGINNER'S GUIDE

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand and analyze the basic concepts of artificial intelligence
- Identify, explore the complex problem-solving strategies and approaches
- Analyze the concepts of basic concepts of neural networks and learning process
- Explore and analyze the methodology used in machine learning and computer vision

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Understand and apply the basic concepts of artificial intelligence and its use cases. lives

**CO-2:** Explore the various search strategies and approaches for problem solving

**CO-3:** Correlate the fields related to AI, and articulate various learning paradigms

**CO-4:** Describe several issues and ethical concerns surrounding AI

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to AI:** What is AI-On Overview, History of AI, Applications and Examples of AI, AI Concepts, Terminology, Key fields of AI. AI Issues, Concerns, and Ethical Considerations.

**UNIT – II:**

**AI as Search Process:** On overview of Search Strategy. Types of Searches- Uninformed, Informed, Bidirectional search, Heuristic search. Local search, Local beam search, Adversarial Search.

**UNIT – III:**

**AI as Knowledge Exploration:** Introduction to Propositional Logic, Rules of Inference, First Order Logic (FOL) Syntax, Semantics, Entailment, Tools to represent knowledge.

**UNIT – IV:**

**AI as a Learning Task:** Introduction to Learning, Learning types -Supervised, Unsupervised, Reinforcement Learning, Machine learning, Deep Learning, The link between AI, ML, DL.

**UNIT – V:**

**AI as Neural Networks:** Introduction to biological neural networks. Link between biological neuron and artificial neuron. Architecture of artificial neural network, Types of Neural networks-single layer, multilayer, Back propagation networks.

**UNIT – VI:**

**The future of AI:** Computer Vision - Seeing the World Through AI, Bots - Conversation as a Platform, AI and the society, AI in action-the Use Cases, Building AI Projects.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall, 2010
2. Machine Learning, Tom M. Mitchell, M. C. Graw Hill Publications
3. Neural Networks-A Comprehensive Foundation, Simon Haykin, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2004

**REFERENCES:**

1. Artificial Intelligence, Elaine Rich & Kevin Knight, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, TMH
2. Artificial Intelligence, A New Synthesis, Nils J. Nilsson, Elsevier
3. Artificial Neural Networks, Yegnanarayana B., PHI

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<b>(18OE1CS10) BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY ESSENTIALS</b>			

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To introduce and get the technological overview of blockchain technologies
- To Study the foundation of Blockchain Technology and demonstrate the various types of Blockchain
- To explore the application area of Blockchain Technology
- To introduce smart contract, consensus algorithm and Security Mechanism
- Introduction to available platforms to implement Blockchain Technology

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Understand and explore the Blockchain Technology

**CO-2:** Describe smart contract concepts

**CO-3:** Explore different types of Blockchain

**CO-4:** Develop the platforms to implement Blockchain Technology

**UNIT – I:**

**Fundamental of Blockchain Part I:** Introduction to Centralized, Decentralized and Distributed system, computer network peer to peer connection

**Fundamental of Blockchain Part II:** History of Blockchain, Various technical definitions of Blockchain. Generic elements of a blockchain: Block, Transaction, Node, Why It's Called "Blockchain", Characteristics of Blockchain Technology, Advantages of blockchain technology, Limitations of blockchain as a technology

**UNIT – II:**

**Concept of Blockchain Technology Part I:** Applications of blockchain technology, Tiers of blockchain technology Blockchain 0, Blockchain 1, Blockchain 2, Blockchain 3, Generation of Blockchain X, smart contract

**Concept of Blockchain Technology Part II:** Types of blockchain: Public blockchain, private blockchain, hybrid blockchain, examples of Public, private, hybrid blockchain and its merit and demerit.

**UNIT – III:**

**Technical Foundations Part I:** Component of block, Structure of Block chain, Technical Characteristics of the Blockchain, genesis block, Nonce

**Technical Foundations Part II:** Cryptography, Hashing, Distributed database, Consensus mechanisms, and basic of Cryptographic primitives, Technical Characteristics of Secure Hash Algorithms (SHA), Digital signature.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Consensus Algorithm:** Proof of work (PoW), Proof-of-Stake (PoS), Byzantine Fault Tolerance (BFT), Proof of authority (PoA), Confidentiality, Integrity, Authentication, Permissioned ledger, Distributed ledger, Shared ledger, Fully private and proprietary blockchains, Tokenized blockchains, Tokenless blockchains, CAP theorem and blockchain

**UNIT – V:**

E-Governance and other contract enforcement mechanisms, Financial markets and trading, Trading, Exchanges, Trade life cycle, Order anticipators, Market manipulation.

**Crypto Currency:** Bitcoin, Bitcoin definition, Keys and addresses, Public keys in Bitcoin, Private keys in Bitcoin, Bitcoin currency units

**UNIT – VI:**

**Implementation Platforms:** Hyperledger as a protocol, Reference architecture, Hyperledger Fabric, Transaction Flow, Hyperledger Fabric Details, Fabric Membership, Fabric Membership

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Mastering Blockchain, Imaran Bashir, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Packt
2. Blockchain Basic, Daniel Drescher, A Press

**REFERENCES:**

1. Blockchain For Dummies®, IBM Limited Edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc

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(18OE1EI05) FUNDAMENTALS OF ROBOTICS AND DRONES

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- **Classification** by coordinate system and control system
- **Acquire Knowledge** on different types Power Sources and Sensors
- **Classify** different types of Manipulators, Actuators and Grippers
- **Acquire Knowledge** on kinematics and Vision systems used for different Robots
- **Acquire Knowledge** on the basics of Drones

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1: Acquire knowledge** on different types of Power Sources (actuators) and Sensors, Manipulators, Actuators and Grippers

**CO-2: Acquire knowledge** on different applications of various types of robots

**CO-3: Analyze** the direct and the inverse kinematic problems and calculate the manipulator dynamics

**CO-4: Acquire knowledge** on the applications of Machine Vision in Robotics

**CO-5: Acquire Knowledge** on the basics of Drones

**UNIT – I:**

**Basic Concepts & Fundamentals:** An overview of Robotics, classification of Robots, Robot Components, Robot degrees of freedom, Robot Joints, Robot Coordinates, Robot reference frames, Programming modes, Robot Characteristics.

**UNIT – II:**

**Sensors and Actuators:**

**Sensors:** Sensors characteristics, Position sensors, velocity sensors, acceleration sensors, torque sensors, micro switches, lighten infrared sensors, touch and tactile sensors, proximity sensors, range finders.

**Actuators:** Characteristics of activating system, comparison of activating system Hydraulic devices, Pneumatic devices, electric motors, magneto-strictive actuators.

**UNIT – III:**

**Manipulators and Grippers:**

**Grippers:** Robot end effectors, Classification, drive system for Gripper, Mechanical Grippers, Magnetic Grippers, Vacuum Grippers, Adhesive Grippers, Hooks, Scoops and other Miscellaneous Devices, Gripper force Analysis and Gripper Design, Active and passive Grippers.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Kinematics:** Matrix representation of translational and Rotational motion – Homogeneous Transformation-DH representation of standard configuration Robots-Inverse Kinematics. Joint space vs. Cartesian space-Basics of Trajectory planning in joint and Cartesian space.



**UNIT – V:**

**Robot Vision:** Low level and High-level vision

Image acquisition, Illumination Techniques, Imaging Geometry, Some Basic Relationships between Pixels, Segmentation, Description, Segmentation and Description of 3-D Structures, Recognition, Interpretation.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Basics of Drones:** Theory behind how drones work, individual components that makeup a drone, basic concepts involved radio-controlled model flying, building a complete quad copter drone from scratch

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Introduction To Robotics: Analysis, Control, Applications, Wiley, Saeed B. Niku, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition
2. Industrial Robotics, Technology Programming and Applications, Mikell P. Groover, Nicholas G Odrey, Mitchel Weiss, Roger N. Nagel, Ashish Dutta, McGraw Hill, 2012

**REFERENCES:**

1. Robotics Technology and Flexible Automation, Deb S. R, John Wiley
2. Robots and Manufacturing Automation, Asfahl C. R, John Wiley
3. Robotic Engineering–An Integrated Approach, Klaffer. R.D, Chimielewski. T.A, Negin. M, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
4. Drones for Beginners, Udemy

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(18OE1IT08) FUNDAMENTALS OF CYBER SECURITY

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Basic Knowledge of Computers, Basic Knowledge of Networking and Internet

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- **Identify** the key components of cyber security in network
- **Describe** the techniques in protecting Information security
- **Define** types of analyzing and monitoring potential threats and attacks
- **Access** additional external resources to supplement knowledge of cyber forensics and laws

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1: Understand**, appreciate, employ, design and implement appropriate security technologies

**CO-2: Demonstrate** policies to protect computers and digital information

**CO-3: Identify & Evaluate** Information Security threats and vulnerabilities in Information Systems

**CO-4: Understanding** computer forensics and analyzing them

**UNIT – I:**

Introduction to Cybersecurity, Cybersecurity objectives, Cybersecurity roles, Differences between Information Security & Cybersecurity, Cybersecurity Principles - Confidentiality, integrity, & availability, Authentication & nonrepudiation, The Trinity of IT Security (CIA), Computer Protocols, Cookies, The TCP/IP

**UNIT – II:**

Who are the cyber criminals, Classification of cybercrimes, E-mail Spoofing, Spamming, Cyber defamation, Internet Time Theft, Salami Attack/ Salami Technique, Data Diddling, Forgery, Web Jacking, Newsgroup Spam/ Crimes Emanating from Usenet Newsgroup, Industrial Spying/Industrial Espionage, Hacking, Online Frauds, Pornographic Offenses, Software Piracy, Computer Sabotage, E-mail Bombing/Mail Bombs, UseNet Newsgroup as the Source of Cybercrimes, Computer Network Intrusions, Password Sniffing, Credit Card Frauds, Identity Theft.

**UNIT – III:**

**Cyber Offenses: How Criminals Plan Them:** Introduction, Categories of Cybercrime, How Criminals Plan the Attacks, Reconnaissance, Passive Attacks, Active Attacks, Scamming and Scrutinizing Gathered Information, Attack (Gaining and Maintaining the System Access), Social Engineering, Classification of Social Engineering, Cyber stalking, Types of Stalkers, Cases Reported on Cyber stalking, How Stalking Works?, Real-Life Incident of Cyber stalking, Cyber cafe and Cybercrimes,

**UNIT – IV:**

Security Threats: Introduction to security threats-Virus, Worms, Trojan horse, Bombs, Trap Door, E-Mail Virus, Virus Life cycle, How virus works?, Malware, Network and

Services attack- Dos attacks, Types of Dos attacks, Methods of attacks, Examples of attacks-SYN flooding, TCP flooding ,UDP flooding ,ICMP flooding ,Smurf, Ping of death, Tear drop, Security threats to E-commerce-Electronic payment system, Credit card/Debit cards, Smart cards, E- money, Electronic Fund Transfer, E-commerce security System, Electronic Cash, Digital Signatures

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Introduction to Computer Forensics:** computer crimes, evidence, extraction, preservation, etc. Overview of hardware and operating systems: structure of storage media/devices; windows/Macintosh/ Linux -- registry, boot process, file systems, file metadata. Data recovery: identifying hidden data, Encryption/Decryption, Steganography, recovering deleted files. Digital evidence controls: uncovering attacks that evade detection by Event Viewer, Task Manager, and other Windows GUI tools, data acquisition, disk imaging, recovering swap files, temporary & cache files, Computer Forensic tools, Network Forensic. Computer crime and Legal issues: Intellectual property, privacy issues, Criminal Justice system for forensic, audit/investigative situations and digital crime scene, investigative procedure/standards for extraction, preservation, and deposition of legal evidence in a court of law.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Fundamentals of Cyber law:** Evolution of the IT Act, Genesis and Necessity , Salient features of the IT Act, 2000, various authorities under IT Act and their powers, Penalties & Offences, amendments, Impact on other related Acts Cyber Space Jurisdiction - Jurisdiction issues under IT Act, 2000- Traditional principals of Jurisdiction - Extra-terrestrial Jurisdiction- Case Laws on Cyber Space Jurisdiction Sensitive Personal Data or Information (SPDI) in Cyber Law (a) SPDI Definition and Reasonable Security Practices in India (b) Reasonable Security Practices – International perspective

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Cyber Security- Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics and Legal Perspectives, Nina Godbole and Sunit Belpure, Wiley
2. Fundamentals of Cyber Security, Mayank Bhusan, Rajkumar Singh Rathore, Aatif Jamshed, BPB Publications
3. Cyber Law & Cyber Crimes, Advocat Prashant Mali, Snow White Publications, Mumbai

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Computer Forensics and Cyber Crime: An Introduction, Marjie T. Britz, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2013
2. Digital Forensics with Open-Source Tools. Cory Altheide and Harlan Carvey, Elsevier, 2011 (ISBN: 978-1-59749- 586-8)
3. Network Forensics: Tracking Hackers Through Cyberspace, Sherri Davidoff, Jonathan Ham Prentice Hall, 2012
4. Cyber Law in India, Farooq Ahmad, Pioneer Books
5. Information Technology Law and Practice, Vakul Sharma, Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd

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**(18OE1IT09) FUNDAMENTALS OF DATA SCIENCE**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Learn concepts, techniques and tools they need to deal with various facets of data science practice, including data collection and integration
- Exploring data analysis, predictive modeling, descriptive modeling, data product creation, evaluation, and effective communication
- Understand the basic knowledge of algorithms and reasonable programming experience and some familiarity with basic linear algebra and basic probability and statistics
- Identify the importance of recommendation systems and data visualization techniques

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Understand basic terms what Statistical Inference means. Identify probability distributions commonly used as foundations for statistical modeling. Fit a model to data

**CO-2:** Discuss the significance of exploratory data analysis (EDA) in data science and to apply basic tools (plots, graphs, summary statistics) to carry out EDA

**CO-3:** Apply basic machine learning algorithms and to identify common approaches used for Feature Generation

**CO-4:** Analyze fundamental mathematical and algorithmic ingredients that constitute a Recommendation Engine and to Build their own recommendation system using existing components

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** What is Data Science? - Big Data and Data Science hype – and getting past the hype - Why now? – Datafication - Current landscape of perspectives - Skill sets needed - Statistical Inference - Populations and samples - Statistical modeling, probability distributions, fitting a model - Intro to R

**UNIT – II:**

Exploratory Data Analysis and the Data Science Process - Basic tools (plots, graphs and summary statistics) of EDA - Philosophy of EDA - The Data Science Process - Case Study: Real Direct (online real estate firm) - Three Basic Machine Learning Algorithms-Linear Regression - k-Nearest Neighbors (k-NN) - k-means

**UNIT – III:**

One More Machine Learning Algorithm and Usage in Applications - Motivating application: Filtering Spam - Why Linear Regression and k-NN are poor choices for Filtering Spam - Naive Bayes and why it works for Filtering Spam

#### **UNIT – IV:**

**Data Wrangling:** APIs and other tools for scrapping the Web - Feature Generation and Feature Selection (Extracting Meaning From Data) - Motivating application: user (customer) retention - Feature Generation (brainstorming, role of domain expertise, and place for imagination) - Feature Selection algorithms – Filters; Wrappers; Decision Trees; Random Forests

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Recommendation Systems:** Building a User-Facing Data Product - Algorithmic ingredients of a Recommendation Engine - Dimensionality Reduction - Singular Value Decomposition - Principal Component Analysis - Exercise: build your own recommendation system - Mining Social-Network Graphs - Social networks as graphs - Clustering of graphs - Direct discovery of communities in graphs - Partitioning of graphs - Neighbourhood properties in graphs

#### **UNIT – VI:**

Data Visualization - Basic principles, ideas and tools for data visualization 3 - Examples of inspiring (industry) projects - Exercise: create your own visualization of a complex dataset - Data Science and Ethical Issues - Discussions on privacy, security, ethics - A look back at Data Science - Next-generation data scientists

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Doing Data Science, Straight Talk From The Frontline. Cathy O’Neil and Rachel Schutt, O’Reilly, 2014
2. Mining of Massive Datasets v2.1, Jure Leskovek, Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey Ullman, Cambridge University Press, 2014
3. Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective, Kevin P. Murphy, 2013 (ISBN 0262018020)

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Elements of Statistical Learning, Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani and Jerome Friedman, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2009 (ISBN 0387952845)
2. Foundations of Data Science, Avrim Blum, John Hopcroft and Ravindran Kannan
3. Data Mining and Analysis: Fundamental Concepts and Algorithms, Mohammed J. Zaki and Wagner Miera Jr. Cambridge University Press, 2014
4. Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques, Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber and Jian Pei, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2011 (ISBN 0123814790)

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(18OE1AE05) INTRODUCTION TO ADVANCED VEHICLE TECHNOLOGIES

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the layout of an automobile and functionalities chassis elements
- To provide the concepts of automotive electrical systems and electric & hybrid vehicles
- To present various intelligent automotive systems and levels of vehicle autonomy

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Explain the functionalities of automotive systems and subsystems

**CO-2:** Discuss the concepts of automotive electrical systems and electric & hybrid vehicles

**CO-3:** Describe various intelligent automotive systems and levels of vehicle autonomy

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Classification of automobiles, layout of an automobile and types of bodies.

**Automotive Chassis:** Introduction to chassis systems - engine, cooling, lubrication, fuel feed, ignition, electrical, driveline - clutch, transmission, propeller shaft, differential, axles, wheels and tyres, steering, suspension and braking.

**UNIT – II:**

**Engine:** Working principle of four stroke and two stroke SI and CI engines, fuel system – layout of petrol and diesel fuel systems, electronic fuel injection - multi-point fuel injection, gasoline direct injection, common rail direct injection.

**UNIT – III:**

**Electrical System:** Simple automotive wiring diagram and components of electrical system, starting system – starter circuit, standard Bendix and over running clutch drive, charging system – alternator, cut-outs and regulators, ignition system - conventional and electronic ignition system.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Electric and Hybrid Vehicles:** Electric vehicle – Layout, components, configurations, advantages and limitations. Hybrid vehicle - Concepts of hybrid electric drivetrain based on hybridization and powertrain configuration, architecture of series, parallel and series-parallel hybrid electric drivetrains, modes of operation, merits and demerits.

**UNIT – V:**

**Intelligent Vehicle Systems:** Automotive navigation, night vision, head-up display, airbag, seat belt tightening system, immobilizers, adaptive cruise control, forward collision warning, lane departure warning and anti-lock braking system.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Autonomous Vehicles:** Levels of automation, research, challenges, commercial development, sensor systems, sensor suits, environmental challenges, graceful degradation, V2V and V2I communication, sharing the drive, integrity, security, verification and policy implications.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Advanced Vehicle Technology, Heinz Heisler, Butterworth Heinemann, 2002
2. Intelligent Vehicle Technologies: Theory and Applications, Ljubo Vlacic, Michel Parent and Fumio Harashima, Butterworth-Heinemann, Oxford, 2001
3. Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles: Fundamentals, Theory and Design, Mehrdad Ehsani, Yimin Gao, Sebastien E. Gay and Ali Emadi, CRS Press, 2004

**REFERENCES:**

1. Automotive Mechanics, Giri N. K., Khanna Publications, 2006
2. Automotive Electrical Equipment, Kohli P. L., Tata McGraw Hill Co., Ltd., New Delhi, 1975
3. Electric and Hybrid Vehicles – Design Fundamentals, Iqbal Husain, CRC Press, 2010
4. Autonomous Vehicle Technology-A Guide for Policymakers, James M. Anderson, Nidhi Kalra, Karlyn D. Stanley, Paul Sorensen, Constantine Samaras, Oluwatobi A. Oluwatola, RAND Corporation, Santa Monica, Calif., 2016