



Estd.1995

# VALLURUPALLI NAGESWARA RAO VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

An Autonomous, ISO 9001:2015 & QS I-Gauge Diamond Rated Institute, Accredited by NAAC with 'A++' Grade  
NBA Accreditation for B.Tech, CE, EEE, ME, ECE, CSE, EIE, IT Programmes  
Approved by AICTE, New Delhi, Affiliated to JNTUH, NIRF 113<sup>rd</sup> Rank in Engineering Category  
Recognized as "College with Potential for Excellence" by UGC  
Vignana Jyothi Nagar, Pragathi Nagar, Nizampet (S.O), Hyderabad – 500 090, TS, India.  
Telephone No: 040-2304 2758/59/60, Fax: 040-23042761  
E-mail: postbox@vnrvjiet.ac.in, Website: www.vnrvjiet.ac.in



## ACADEMIC SECTION

VNR VJIET/ACADEMICS/2022-2023/C081

Date: 13.05.2023

### CIRCULAR

Sub: **Online selection of Open Elective – III, Professional Elective – III & IV courses of B. Tech. VII semester (IV year I semester) through EDUPRIME software – Reg.**

All the HODs are requested to inform and direct B. Tech. III year students [R19-2020 Admitted] to perform selection of elective courses through EDUPRIME software as per the schedule given below.

Activity	Date & Time
Selection of Open Elective – III, Professional Elective – III & IV courses of B.Tech. VII semester by B.Tech. III year students	20.05.2023 (16.00 p.m.) to 22.05.2023 (12.00 p.m.)

B. Tech. III year students can perform this activity by logging to their respective login accounts in EDUPRIME software through the following address:

<http://automation.vnrvjiet.ac.in/EduPrime3>

You are also requested to inform the students to **ENSURE THAT THEIR EDUPRIME ACCOUNTS ARE UNLOCKED & PASSWORD PROTECTED AND NOT TO DISCLOSE THEIR EDUPRIME ACCOUNT PASSWORDS TO ANYONE.**

**Detailed instruction sheet** containing the guidelines for performing this activity and **list of courses on offer in VII semester** is attached to this circular and shall be also available in the Institute website and student login account in EDUPRIME software.

  
Dr. Y. Shivraj Narayan  
Co-ordinator, Academics



  
Dr. K. Anuradha  
Dean, Academics  
13/05/2023

#### Copy to:

- Principal for information
- CAMS
- All HODs – with a request to circulate among B.Tech. VI semester students and also to visit Institute Website for more information

**OPEN ELECTIVE - III COURSES AVAILABLE FOR SELECTION (A.Y. 2023 - 2024)**

<b>OE Track</b>	<b>Name of the Open Elective-III Course &amp; Offering Department</b>	<b>Course code</b>	<b>Number of Sections to be offered in 2023 - 2024</b>	<b>Maximum Seats available for selection</b>	<b>Courses available to B.Tech.</b>
<b>Smart Cities</b>	SMART MATERIALS AND STRUCTURES <b>(CE)</b>	19OE1CE03	1	80	EEE, ME, ECE, CSE, EIE, IT, AE, CSE(AIML), CSE(CYS), CSE(DS), CSE(IOT)
<b>Waste Management</b>	WASTE TO ENERGY <b>(CE)</b>	19OE1CE07	2	160	EEE, ME, ECE, CSE, EIE, IT, AE, CSE(AIML), CSE(CYS), CSE(DS), CSE(IOT)
<b>Green Energy</b>	ENERGY STORAGE TECHNOLOGIES <b>(EEE)</b>	19OE1EE03	2	160	CE, ME, ECE, CSE, EIE, IT, AE, CSE(AIML), CSE(CYS), CSE(DS), CSE(IOT)
<b>3D Printing &amp; Design</b>	3D PRINTING-MACHINES, TOOLING AND SYSTEMS <b>(ME)</b>	19OE1ME03	2	102	CE, EEE, ECE, CSE, EIE, IT, AE, CSE(AIML), CSE(CYS), CSE(DS), CSE(IOT)
<b>Internet of Things</b>	FUNDAMENTALS OF INTERNET THINGS <b>(ECE)</b>	19OE1EC03	1	67	CE, EEE, ME, AE
<b>Artificial Intelligence</b>	MACHINE LEARNING TECHNIQUES <b>(CSE)</b>	19OE1CS02	1	73	CE, EEE, ME, ECE, EIE, AE
<b>Block Chain Technologies</b>	CRYPTOGRAPHY AND NETWORK SECURITY <b>(CSE)</b>	19OE1CS06	1	20	CE, EEE, ME, ECE, EIE, AE
<b>Robotics</b>	DRIVES AND CONTROL SYSTEM FOR ROBOTICS <b>(EIE)</b>	19OE1EI03	1	73	CE, EEE, ME, ECE, CSE, IT, AE, CSE(AIML), CSE(CYS), CSE(DS), CSE(IOT)
<b>Cyber Security</b>	ESSENTIALS OF CYBER SECURITY <b>(IT)</b>	19OE1IT01	2	103	CE, EEE, ME, ECE, EIE, AE
<b>Data Sciences/ Big Data Analytics</b>	FUNDAMENTALS OF DATA MINING <b>(IT)</b>	19OE1IT04	1	80	CE, EEE, ME, ECE, EIE, AE
<b>Autonomous Vehicles</b>	ELECTRIC, HYBRID AND FUEL CELL VEHICLES <b>(AE)</b>	19OE1AE03	1	46	CE, EEE, ME, ECE, CSE, EIE, IT, CSE(AIML), CSE(CYS), CSE(DS), CSE(IOT)

OE Track	Name of the Open Elective-III Course & Offering Department	Course code	Number of Sections to be offered in 2023 - 2024	Maximum Seats available for selection	Courses available to B.Tech.
General-Computing	COMPUTATIONAL THINKING USING PYTHON (CSE/IT)	19OE1IT03	1	40	CE, EEE, ME, ECE, EIE, AE
General-	PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLIC SPEAKING (H&S)	19OE1HS03	3	240	CE, EEE, ME, ECE, CSE, IT, EIE, AE, CSE(AIML), CSE(CYS), CSE(DS), CSE(IOT)
	SMART CITIES (CE)	19OE1CE09	1	80	EEE, ME, ECE, CSE, IT, EIE, AE, CSE(AIML), CSE(CYS), CSE(DS), CSE(IOT)
	TRENDS IN ENERGY SOURCES FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT (EEE)	19OE1EE05	1	80	CE, ME, ECE, CSE, EIE, IT, AE, CSE(AIML), CSE(CYS), CSE(DS), CSE(IOT)
	3D PRINTING AND DESIGN (ME)	19OE1ME05	2	160	CE, EEE, ECE, CSE, EIE, IT, AE, CSE(AIML), CSE(CYS), CSE(DS), CSE(IOT)
	EMBEDDED SYSTEMS FOR IOT (ECE)	19OE1EC09	1	80	CE, EEE, ME, AE
	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE - A BEGINNER'S GUIDE (CSE)	19OE1CS09	1	80	CE, EEE, ME, ECE, EIE, AE
	FUNDAMENTALS OF ROBOTICS AND DRONES (EIE)	19OE1EI05	1	80	CE, EEE, ME, ECE, CSE, IT, AE, CSE(AIML), CSE(CYS), CSE(DS), CSE(IOT)
	FUNDAMENTALS OF DATA SCIENCE (IT)	19OE1IT09	1	80	CE, EEE, ME, ECE, EIE, AE
	INTRODUCTION TO ADVANCED VEHICLE TECHNOLOGIES (AE)	19OE1AE05	1	80	CE, EEE, ME, ECE, CSE, EIE, IT, CSE(AIML), CSE(CYS), CSE(DS), CSE(IOT)

**Maximum strength of each section in an elective course shall be 80.**

**Minimum strength required for running an elective course shall be 20.**

**CIVIL ENGINEERING**

**R19 - IV B.TECH. I SEM - PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III & IV COURSES AVAILABLE FOR SELECTION (A.Y. 2023 - 2024)**

S. No.	Elective Group	Name of the Professional Elective	Course Code	Number of Sections to be offered in 2023 - 2024	Maximum Seats available for selection
1	Elective-III	Foundation Engineering	19PE1CE11	2	160
1	Elective-IV	Construction Technology and Project Management	19PE1CE16	2	160
2		Traffic Engineering	19PE1CE18	1	80
3		Remote Sensing and GIS	19PE1CE19	1	80

**Maximum strength of each section in an elective course shall be 80.**

**Minimum strength required for running an elective course shall be 20.**

## ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

### R19 - IV B.TECH. I SEM - PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III & IV COURSES AVAILABLE FOR SELECTION (A.Y. 2023 - 2024)

S. No.	Elective Group	Name of the Professional Elective	Course Code	Number of Sections to be offered in 2023 - 2024	Maximum Seats available for selection
1	Elective-III	High Voltage Engineering	19PE1EE07	1	80
2		Electric Vehicle	19PE1EE09	1	80
1	Elective-IV	Internet of Things	19PE1EC05	1	80
2		Integration and Control of Renewable Technologies	19PE1EE11	1	80

**Maximum strength of each section in an elective course shall be 80.**

**Minimum strength required for running an elective course shall be 20.**

## MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

### R19 - IV B.TECH. I SEM - PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III & IV COURSES AVAILABLE FOR SELECTION (A.Y. 2023 - 2024)

S. No.	Elective Group	Name of the Professional Elective	Course Code	Number of Sections to be offered in 2023 - 2024	Maximum Seats available for selection
1	Elective-III	Total Quality Management	19PE1ME10	1	80
2		Mechanics of Composite Materials	19PE1ME12	1	160
1	Elective-IV	Optimization Techniques	19PE1ME15	1	80
2		Theory of Metal Cutting	19PE1ME18	1	80

Maximum strength of each section in an elective course shall be 80.

Minimum strength required for running an elective course shall be 20.

## ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

### R19 - IV B.TECH. I SEM - PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III & IV COURSES AVAILABLE FOR SELECTION (A.Y. 2023 - 2024)

S. No.	Elective Group	Name of the Professional Elective	Course Code	Number of Sections to be offered in 2023 - 2024	Maximum Seats available for selection
1	<b>Elective-III</b>	Fiber Optic Communication	19PE1EC07	1	80
2		Speech and Audio Processing	19PE1EC08	1	80
3		Operating Systems	19PC1IT04	1	80
4		Introduction to Machine Learning	19PE1EC21	2	160
5		ASIC Design	19PE1EC09	1	80
1	<b>Elective-IV</b>	Satellite Communication	19PE1EC10	1	80
2		Software Defined Radio	19PE1EC11	1	80
3		Embedded Systems	19PE1EC12	1	80
4		Data Analytical Computing	19PE1CS21	2	160
5		Verification and Scripting Languages for VLSI Design	19PE1EC13	1	80

**Maximum strength of each section in an elective course shall be 80.**

**Minimum strength required for running an elective course shall be 20.**

## COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

### R19 - IV B.TECH. I SEM - PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III & IV COURSES AVAILABLE FOR SELECTION (A.Y. 2023 - 2024)

S. No.	Elective Group	Name of the Professional Elective	Course Code	Number of Sections to be offered in 2023 - 2024	Maximum Seats available for selection
1	Elective-III	Scripting Languages	19PE1CS06	1	80
2		Network Security	19PE1IT13	2	160
3		Information Security Management	19PE1CS08	1	80
1	Elective-IV	Neural Networks and Deep Learning	19PE1CS10	2	160
2		Internet of Things	19PE1EC05	2	160

Maximum strength of each section in an elective course shall be 80.

Minimum strength required for running an elective course shall be 20.



## ELECTRONICS & INSTRUMENTATION ENGINEERING

### R19 - IV B.TECH. I SEM - PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III & IV COURSES AVAILABLE FOR SELECTION (A.Y. 2023 - 2024)

S. No.	Elective Group	Name of the Professional Elective	Course Code	Number of Sections to be offered in 2023 - 2024	Maximum Seats available for selection
1	Elective-III	Neural Networks and Fuzzy Logic Systems	19PE1EI21	1	80
2		Instrumentation for Agricultural and Food Processing Industries	19PE1EI07	2	160
3		Embedded Systems	19PE1EC12	1	160
4		VLSI Technology and Design	19PE1EC23	1	160
5		Biomedical Signal Processing	19PE1EI08	1	80
1	Elective-IV	Power Electronics	19PC1EE07	2	80
2		Instrumentation for Pharmaceutical Industries	19PE1EI09	2	80
3		DSP Processors and Architectures	19PE1EC19	1	80
4		Speech and Audio Processing	19PE1EC08	1	80
5		Tele Medicine	19PE1EI10	1	80

**Maximum strength of each section in an elective course shall be 80.**

**Minimum strength required for running an elective course shall be 20.**

## INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

### R19 - IV B.TECH. I SEM - PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III & IV COURSES AVAILABLE FOR SELECTION (A.Y. 2023 - 2024)

S. No.	Elective Group	Name of the Professional Elective	Course Code	Number of Sections to be offered in 2023 - 2024	Maximum Seats available for selection
1	Elective-III	Software Project Management	19PE1CS04	1	80
2		Scripting Languages	19PE1CS06	1	80
3		Internet of Things	19PE1EC05	1	80
1	Elective-IV	Ad-hoc and Sensor Networks	19PE1IT10	1	80
2		Natural Language Processing	19PE1CS16	1	80
3		Network Management System	19PE1IT11	1	80

**Maximum strength of each section in an elective course shall be 80.**

**Minimum strength required for running an elective course shall be 20.**

## AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING

### R19 - IV B.TECH. I SEM - PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III & IV COURSES AVAILABLE FOR SELECTION (A.Y. 2023 - 2024)

S. No.	Elective Group	Name of the Professional Elective	Course Code	Number of Sections to be offered in 2023 - 2024	Maximum Seats available for selection
1	Elective-III	Vehicle Body Engineering	19PE1AE08	1	80
2		Automotive Materials	19PE1AE09	1	80
3		Automotive Control Systems	19PE1AE10	1	80
4		Mechanical Measurements and Metrology	19PE1AE12	1	80
1	Elective-IV	Automotive Biomechanics	19PE1AE13	1	80
2		Industrial Engineering and Operations Research	19PE1AE14	1	80
3		Automatic Transmission	19PE1AE15	1	80
4		Design for Manufacturing and Assembly	19PE1ME20	1	80

**Maximum strength of each section in an elective course shall be 80.**

**Minimum strength required for running an elective course shall be 20.**

**COMPUTER SCIENCE AND BUSINESS SYSTEMS**

**R19 - IV B.TECH. I SEM - PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III & IV COURSES AVAILABLE FOR SELECTION (A.Y. 2023 - 2024)**

<b>S. No.</b>	<b>Elective Group</b>	<b>Name of the Professional Elective</b>	<b>Course Code</b>	<b>Number of Sections to be offered in 2023 - 2024</b>	<b>Maximum Seats available for selection</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Elective-III</b>	Cognitive Science and Analytics	<b>19PE1CB07</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>80</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Elective-IV</b>	Advanced Social, Text and Media Analytics	<b>19PE1CB11</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>80</b>

**Maximum strength of each section in an elective course shall be 80.**

**Minimum strength required for running an elective course shall be 20.**

**CSE (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING)**

**R19 - IV B.TECH. I SEM - PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III & IV COURSES AVAILABLE FOR SELECTION (A.Y. 2023 - 2024)**

<b>S. No.</b>	<b>Elective Group</b>	<b>Name of the Professional Elective</b>	<b>Course Code</b>	<b>Number of Sections to be offered in 2023 - 2024</b>	<b>Maximum Seats available for selection</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Elective-III</b>	Mobile Computing	<b>19PE1CS01</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>80</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Elective-IV</b>	Internet of Things	<b>19PE1EC05</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>80</b>

**Maximum strength of each section in an elective course shall be 80.**

**Minimum strength required for running an elective course shall be 20.**

**CSE (CYBER SECURITY)**

**R19 - IV B.TECH. I SEM - PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III & IV COURSES AVAILABLE FOR SELECTION (A.Y. 2023 - 2024)**

<b>S. No.</b>	<b>Elective Group</b>	<b>Name of the Professional Elective</b>	<b>Course Code</b>	<b>Number of Sections to be offered in 2023 - 2024</b>	<b>Maximum Seats available for selection</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Elective-III</b>	Web and Database Security	<b>19PE1CS63</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>80</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Elective-IV</b>	Security in Internet of Things	<b>19PE1CS64</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>80</b>

**Maximum strength of each section in an elective course shall be 80.**

**Minimum strength required for running an elective course shall be 20.**

**CSE (DATA SCIENCE)**

**R19 - IV B.TECH. I SEM - PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III & IV COURSES AVAILABLE FOR SELECTION (A.Y. 2023 - 2024)**

<b>S. No.</b>	<b>Elective Group</b>	<b>Name of the Professional Elective</b>	<b>Course Code</b>	<b>Number of Sections to be offered in 2023 - 2024</b>	<b>Maximum Seats available for selection</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Elective-III</b>	Advanced Machine Learning	<b>19PE1CS49</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>80</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Elective-IV</b>	Natural Language processing and Text Analytics	<b>19PE1CS51</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>80</b>

**Maximum strength of each section in an elective course shall be 80.**

**Minimum strength required for running an elective course shall be 20.**

## CSE (IOT)

### R19 - IV B.TECH. I SEM - PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III & IV COURSES AVAILABLE FOR SELECTION (A.Y. 2023 - 2024)

S. No.	Elective Group	Name of the Professional Elective	Course Code	Number of Sections to be offered in 2023 - 2024	Maximum Seats available for selection
1	Elective-III	IoT for Smart Cities	19PE1CS81	1	80
1	Elective-IV	Neural Networks and Deep Learning	19PE1CS10	1	80

**Maximum strength of each section in an elective course shall be 80.**

**Minimum strength required for running an elective course shall be 20.**



**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**  
**ACADEMIC SECTION**

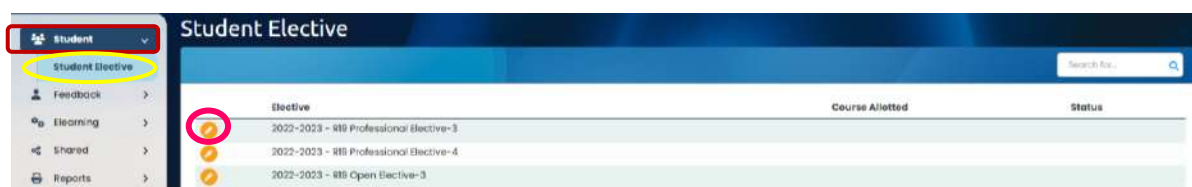
**INSTRUCTIONS TO THE STUDENTS REGARDING SELECTION OF ELECTIVE COURSES IN EDUPRIME CAMS SOFTWARE**

**NOTE:**

**STUDENTS MUST PROTECT THEIR LOGIN ACCOUNTS BY CHANGING THE ACCOUNT PASSWORDS (UNIQUE) AND NOT TO DISCLOSE IT TO ANYONE.**

Students must note that the **elective course selection** is based on **FIRST-COME FIRST-SERVE** basis.

1. Students are advised to go through the syllabus of the **open elective and professional elective courses** available in the **Institute website before selecting the elective course.**
2. Students must login to their account by entering '**Username**' and '**Password**' in Eduprime Software through the following link:  
<https://automation.vnrvijet.ac.in/EduPrime3>
3. Click on '**Student**' in the left panel followed by '**Student Elective**'. Screen titled '**Elective Course Management**' containing Elective course groups would appear. Click on the **edit** button on the left of elective course group name.



4. Pop-up containing **detailed instructions** would appear. Read the instructions carefully and then click on '**Proceed**'.
5. A screen containing the list of either open elective courses or professional elective courses depending upon the elective group selected will be displayed. This screen consist of **6** columns.

Course [Track]	Maximum number of seats in course	Number of seats allotted	Number of seats available	Select your preferred course	Status
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLIC SPEAKING [ General ]	10	1	9	<input type="checkbox"/>	Course is confirmed
TRENDS IN ENERGY SOURCES FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT [ General ]	10	0	10	<input type="checkbox"/>	Course not yet confirmed
3D PRINTING AND DESIGN [ General ]	10	0	10	<input type="checkbox"/>	Course not yet confirmed
EMBEDDED SYSTEMS FOR IOT [ General ]	10	0	10	<input type="checkbox"/>	Course not yet confirmed
ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE - A BEGINNER'S GUIDE [ General ]	10	0	10	<input type="checkbox"/>	Course not yet confirmed
FUNDAMENTALS OF ROBOTICS AND DRONES [ General ]	10	0	10	<input type="checkbox"/>	Course not yet confirmed
FUNDAMENTALS OF DATA SCIENCE [ General ]	10	0	10	<input type="checkbox"/>	Course not yet confirmed
INTRODUCTION TO ADVANCED VEHICLE TECHNOLOGIES [ General ]	10	2	8	<input type="checkbox"/>	Course is confirmed

- First column indicates the **names of courses on offer**.
- Second column indicates the **maximum number of seats in each course**.
- Third column indicates the **number of seats already allotted** to the students.
- Fourth column indicates the **number of seats now available**.
- Fifth column provides the option of **selecting your preferred course**. Students are advised that the elective course which they would like to study must be selected by selecting in this column.
- Sixth and last column indicates the **status of course** selected.

6. Status of course: There are 3 statuses for an elective course.

- i) **Course not yet confirmed:** It means the number of students selecting an elective course is less than 20 hence the course will not be run during the semester. Such students will have to choose another elective course.
- ii) **Course is confirmed:** It means the number of students selecting an elective course is equal to or more than 20 hence the course will be run during the semester.
- iii) **Seats are not available:** It means the maximum number of seats defined for an elective course are exhausted or over. Students will not be able to choose such courses and shall select another course of their choice.

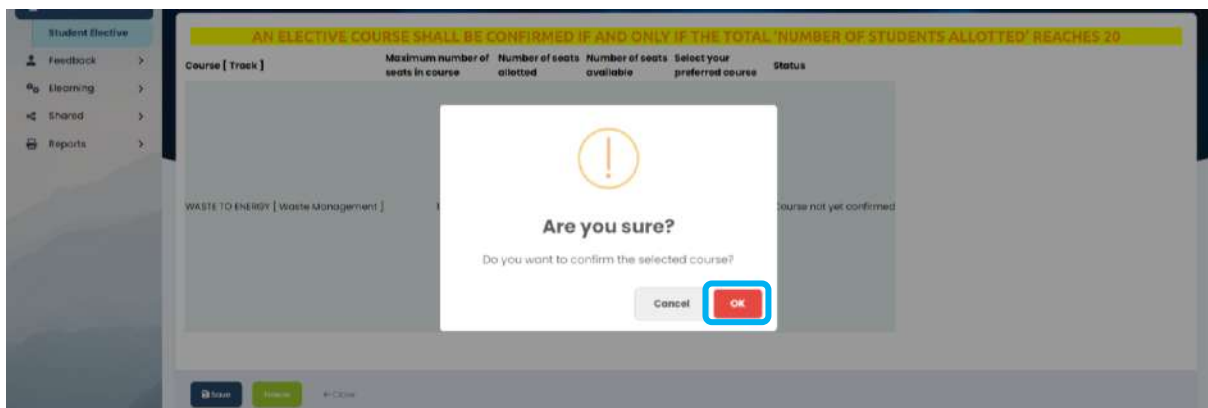
## OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES

### **OPEN ELECTIVE TRACK BASED CATEGORY:**

7. Students who want to pursue an OE Course based on Open Elective Track in VII semester shall be able to see the following screen consisting of **Level-3 course defined in VII semester**. After selection of the displayed open elective course, press **Save**.



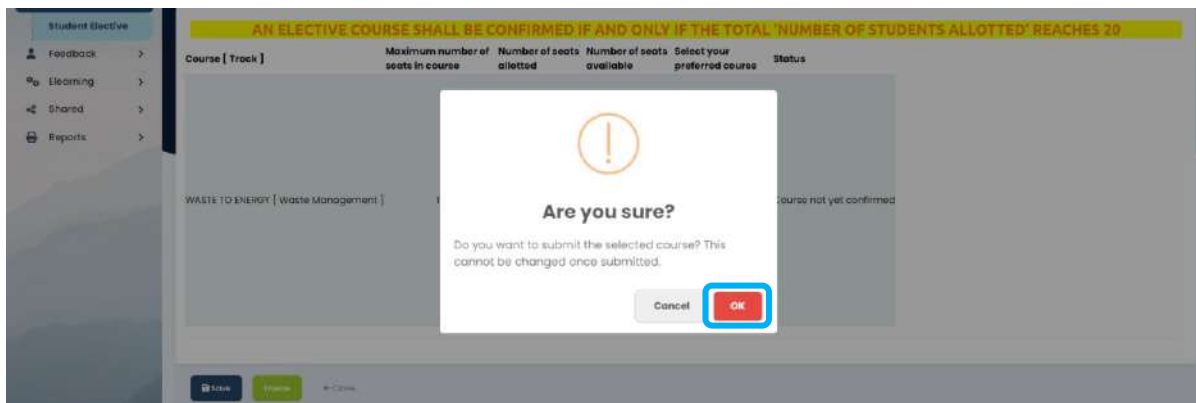
8. A message regarding confirmation of selection would appear on screen. Press **OK**.



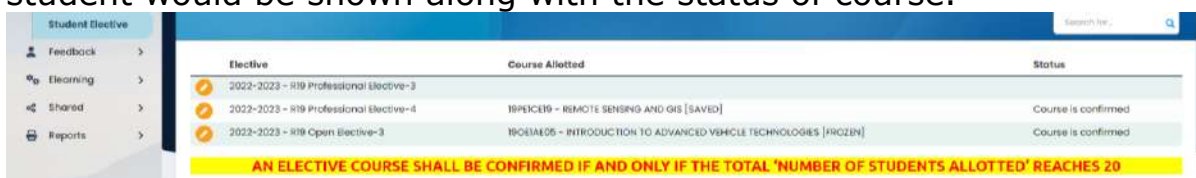
9. Click on **Freeze** button for course confirmation.



10. A message regarding confirmation of selection would appear on screen, then press **OK**.



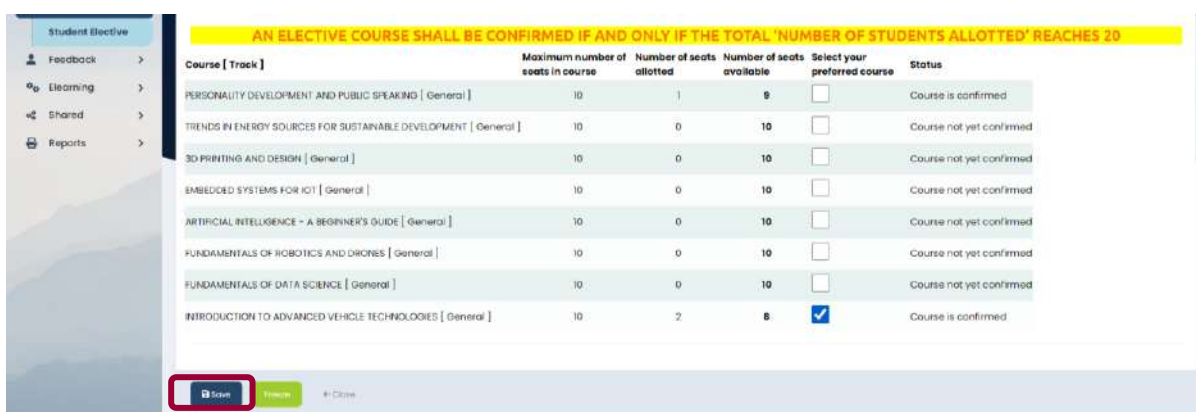
11. Upon pressing '**Close**' button displayed on the screen, student would be taken back to the first screen wherein against the open elective group name, title of the open elective course selected by the student would be shown along with the status of course.



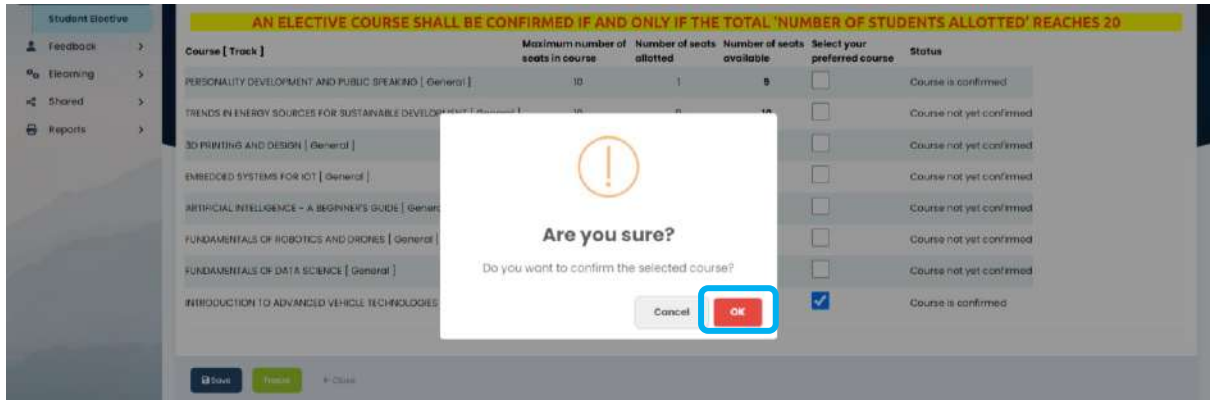
### **OPEN ELECTIVE GENERAL POOL BASED CATEGORY:**



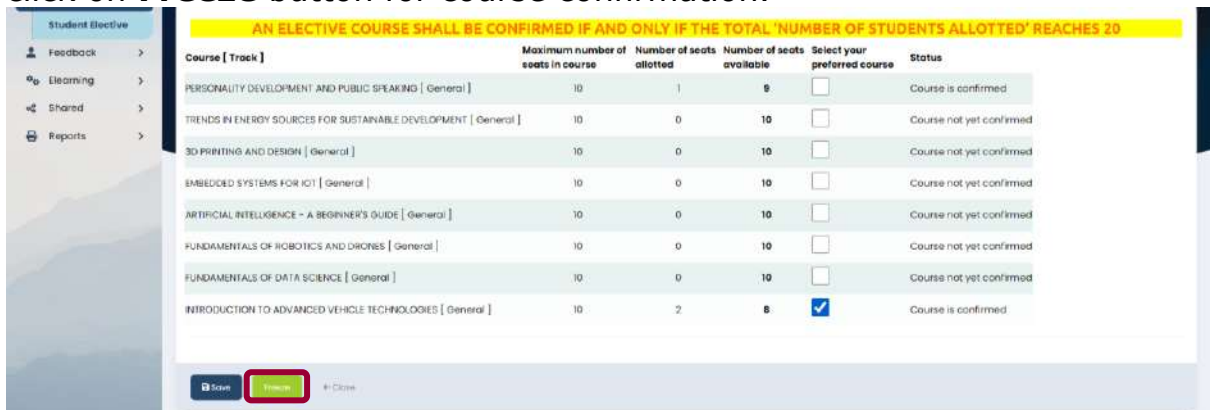
12. Students who **want to pursue an OE Course from General Pool in VII semester** shall be able to see the screen consisting of **General Pool Courses offered in VII semester** as shown below. After selection of an open elective course of your choice, press **Save**.



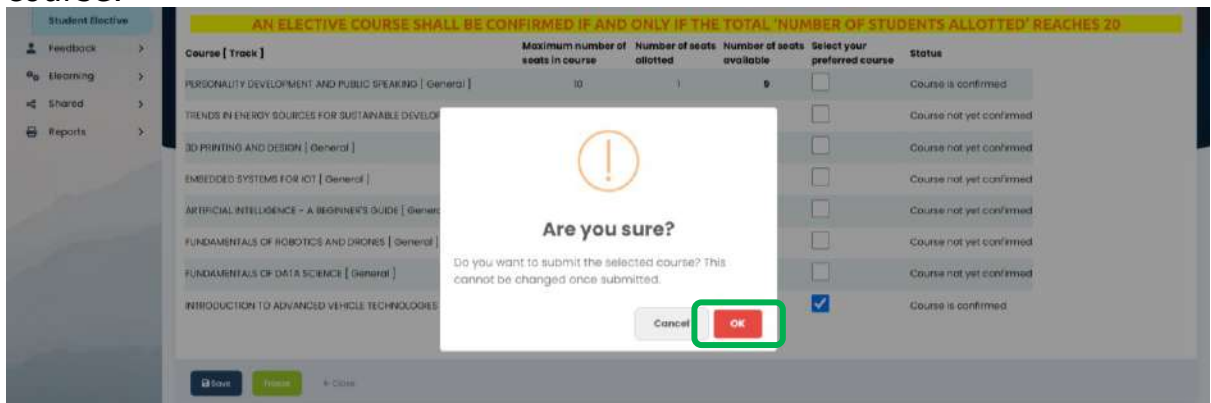
13. A message regarding confirmation of selection would appear on screen. If the student is satisfied with his / her choice, press **OK**, otherwise press **Cancel** and make selection of another open elective course.



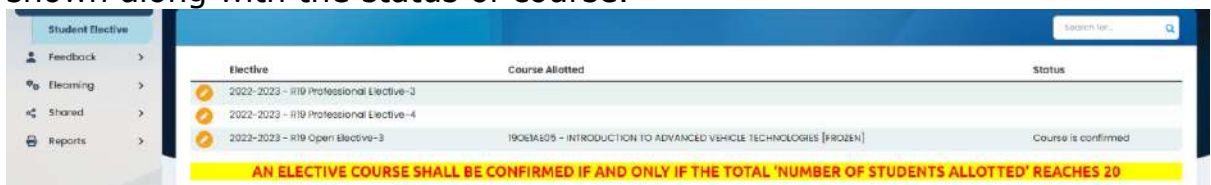
14. If the student is satisfied with the selected open elective course then click on **Freeze** button for course confirmation.



15. A message regarding confirmation of selection would appear on screen. If the student is satisfied with his / her choice, press **OK**, otherwise press **Cancel** and make selection of another open elective course.



16. Upon pressing '**Close**' button displayed on the screen, student would be taken back to the first screen wherein against the open elective group name, title of the elective course selected by the student would be shown along with the status of course.



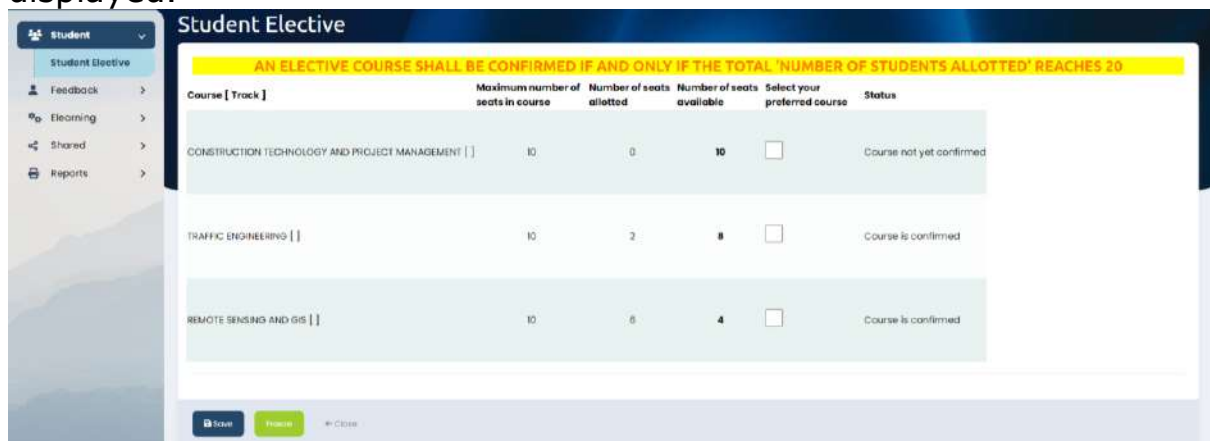
## PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES

### PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE GROUP:

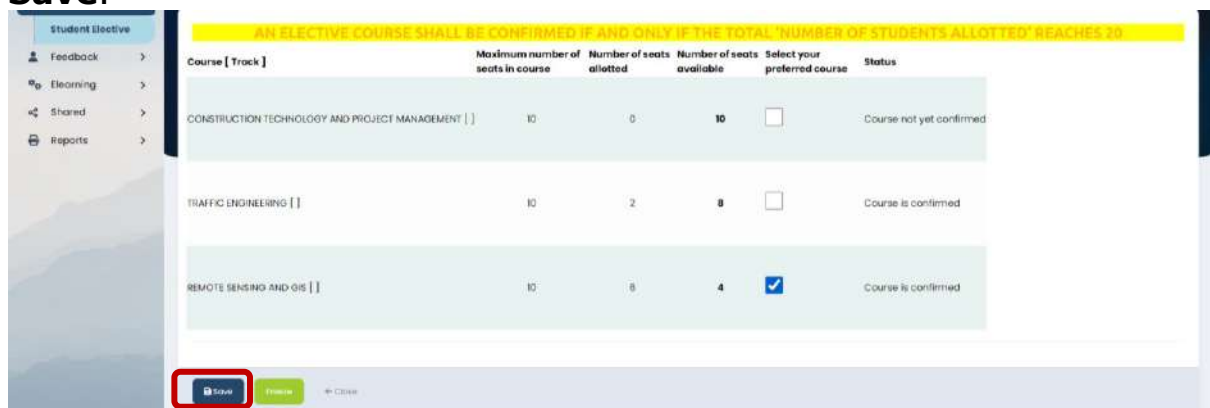
17. In the screen titled '**Elective Course Management**' containing Open Elective and Professional Elective course group, Click on the **edit** button on the left of Professional Elective course group name.



18. Pop-up containing **detailed instructions** would appear. Read the instructions carefully and then click on '**Proceed**'.
19. A screen containing the list of Professional Elective courses will be displayed.

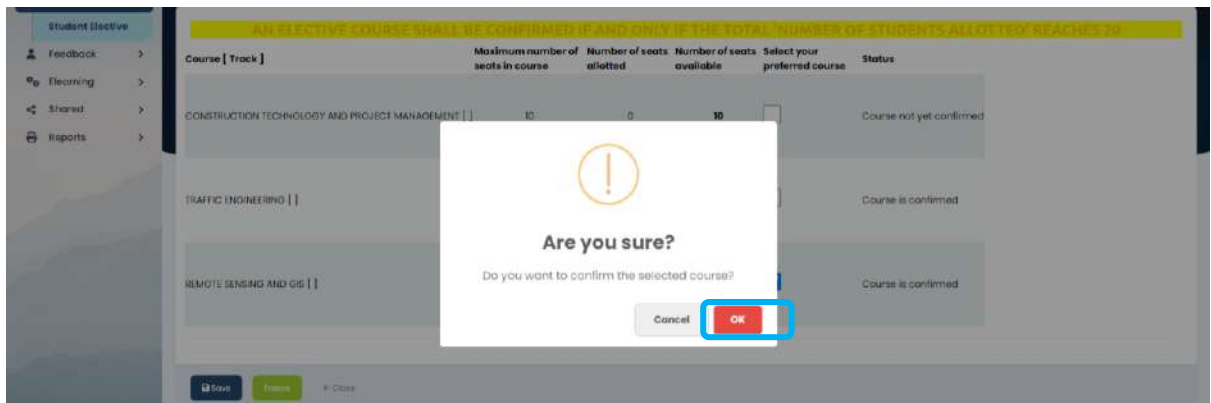


20. After selection of professional elective course of your choice, press **Save**.

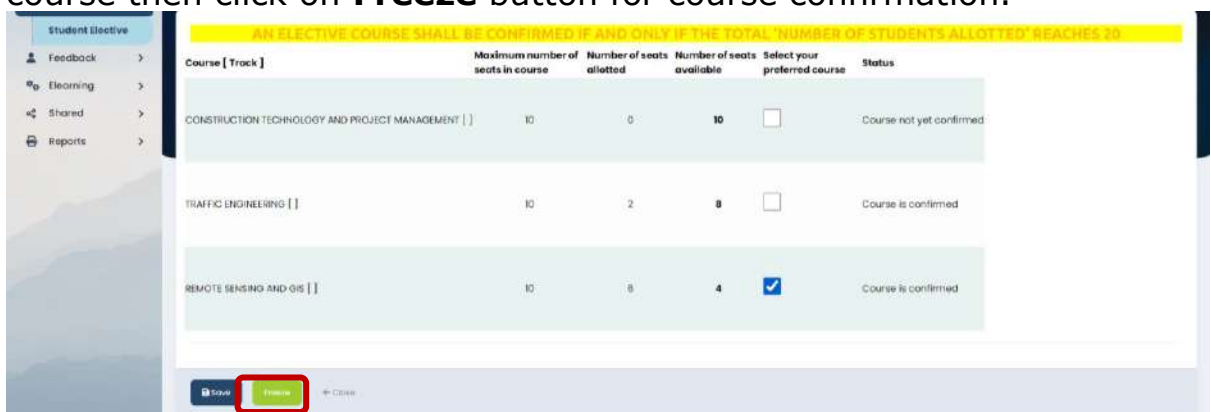


21. A message regarding confirmation of selection would appear on screen. If the student is satisfied with his / her choice, press **OK**, otherwise press **Cancel** and make selection of another professional elective course.

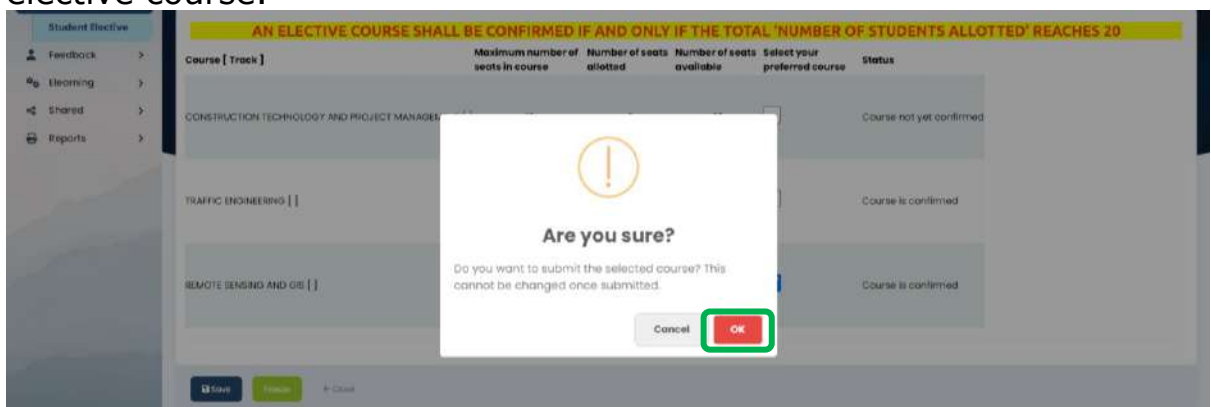




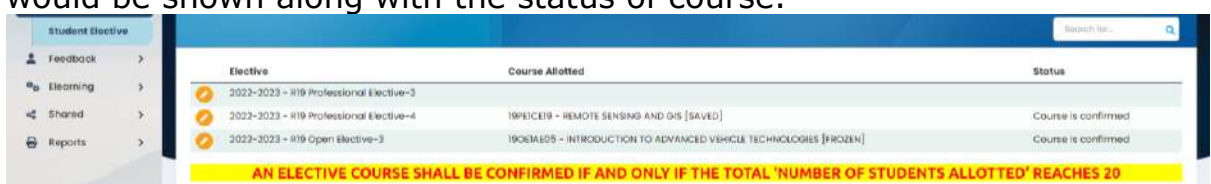
22. If the student is satisfied with the selected professional elective course then click on **Freeze** button for course confirmation.



23. A message regarding confirmation of selection would appear on screen. If the student is satisfied with his / her choice, press **OK**, otherwise press **Cancel** and make selection of another professional elective course.



24. Upon pressing '**Close**' button displayed on the screen, student would be taken back to the first screen wherein against the Professional Elective group name, title of the elective course selected by the student would be shown along with the status of course.



**NOTE:**

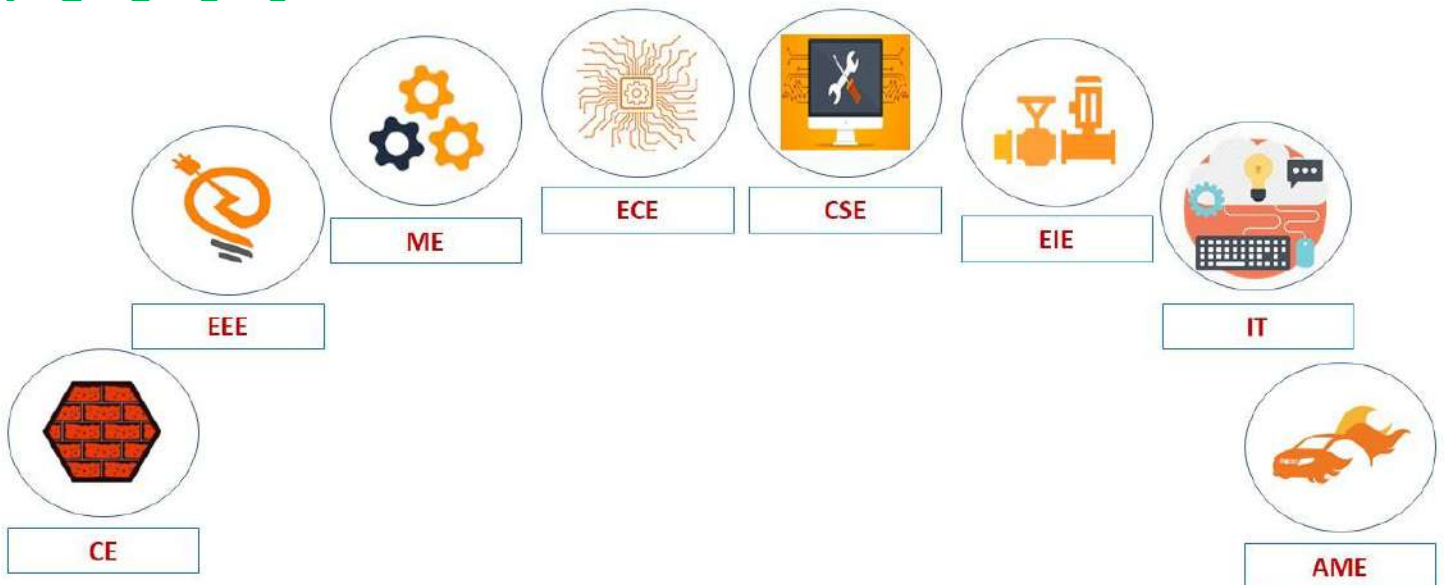
- (i) FOR AN ELECTIVE COURSE TO BE ALLOTTED, IT IS **COMPULSORY** TO SAVE THE SELECTED COURSE BY **PRESSING 'SAVE'** AND FOLLOWED BY FREEZING THE CHOICE BY **PRESSING 'FREEZE'**.
- (ii) **STUDENT WILL NOT BE ABLE TO CHANGE HIS / HER SELECTION OF COURSE(S) UPON PRESSING 'FREEZE' BUTTON.**

**IF THE COURSE IS NOT FREEZED, THEN THAT COURSE SHALL NOT BE ALLOTTED.**

- 25. A student can change his/her selection of **Professional Elective course / Open Elective General Pool** course any number of times during the time the elective selection window is open, **provided the student has not frozen his course**. Note that **if the preferred elective course is already FREEZED through 'FREEZE' button, then student will not be able to change his/her selection of course.**
- 26. As the elective course selection is dynamic in nature, **status of course may change at any point of time** depending upon selection of elective courses by the students. Hence, **STUDENTS ARE ADVISED TO CHECK THE STATUS OF THE ELECTIVE COURSE SELECTED BY THEM ON THE CLOSING DATE OF ELECTIVE SELECTION WINDOW.**
- 27. **If the status changes from 'confirmed' to 'not confirmed', student may opt for another elective course of his/her choice on the last date.**
- 28. **If a student does not perform this activity during the elective selection window, then the student shall be allotted an elective course by the concerned HoD.** For such students, a message regarding non-selection of elective course shall be displayed in the student login dashboard.
- 29. A student may select / change his / her Professional Elective course / Open Elective General Pool course (**only if not frozen**) upto the closing date of the window.
- 30. **ONLINE SELECTION OF PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSE IN EDUPRIME SOFTWARE BY A STUDENT WHO HAS OPTED FOR PURSUING PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSE THROUGH NPTEL-SWAYAM PLATFORM SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED.**

**DO NOT FORGET TO PRESS 'SAVE' & 'FREEZE' BUTTONS UPON FINALIZED SELECTION OF ELECTIVE COURSES**





## FLYER ON OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES (R19)

### VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

An Autonomous, ISO 9001:2015 & QS I-Gauge Diamond Rated Institute,  
Accredited by NAAC with 'A++' Grade  
NBA Accreditation for CE, EEE, ME, ECE, CSE, EIE, IT B.Tech. Programmes  
Approved by AICTE, New Delhi, Affiliated to JNTUH,  
NIRF 135<sup>th</sup> Rank in Engineering Category  
Recognized as "College with Potential for Excellence" by UGC  
Vignana Jyothi Nagar, Pragathi Nagar, Nizampet (S.O),  
Hyderabad – 500 090, Telangana, India

## **CONTENTS:**

**❖ INTRUCTIONS REGARDING OPEN ELECTIVES**

**❖ OPEN ELECTIVE TRACKS – MEZZANINE TECHNOLOGIES**

**❖ GENERAL POOL OF OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES**

**❖ SYLLABI OF VI SEMESTER OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES**



Offered by:

**CIVIL ENGINEERING**

Courses in the OE Track:

OE Tracks	V Sem (OE-I)	VI Sem (OE-II)	VII Sem (OE-III)	VIII Sem (OE-IV)
<b>Smart Cities</b>	Smart Cities Planning and Development	Green Building Technology	<b>Smart Materials and Structures</b>	Intelligent Transportation System

## OE TRACK :: SMART CITIES

In the twenty-first century, engineers are being tasked with solving ever more complex and subtle societal challenges – from climate change to unprecedented urbanisation that is materially affecting the lives of many urban populations. As engineers become ever more interdisciplinary and the boundaries of disciplines soften, they need to reflect as a community as to the appropriateness of the engineering paradigm to address these needs. Currently the engineering community is pointing to the digital technologies and the 'smart city' as a deliverer of efficiency and resilience without fully acknowledging the intricate socio-political context in which it is situated.

The domain of EIE was developed to modernise and automate these operations using the technological advancements in the realm of electronics. Even outside the industry, common household appliances — such as washing machine, air-conditioner, geyser, and microwave oven — cannot attract customers without features such as auto cut-off after certain time or temperature, which is again an example of instrumentation. The field of Instrumentation Engineering is also core to the recent advances such as smart home appliances, smart cities and automobiles. It is thus not far from the truth to claim that the fourth industrial revolution.

The world population is continuously growing and reached a significant evolution of the society, where the number of people living in cities surpassed the number of people in rural areas. This puts national and local governments under pressure because the limited resources, such as water, electricity, and transports, must thus be optimized to cover the needs of the citizens. Therefore, different tools, from sensors to processes, service, and artificial intelligence, are used to coordinate the usage of infrastructures and assets of the cities to build the so-called smart cities.

Different definitions and theoretical models of smart cities are given in literature. However, smart city can usually be modelled by a layered architecture, where communication and networking layer plays a central role. In fact, smart city applications lay on collecting field data from different infrastructures and assets, processing these data, taking some intelligent control actions, and sharing information in a secure way. Thus, a two-way reliable communications layer is the basis of smart cities. This chapter introduces the basic concepts of this field and focuses on the role of communication technologies in smart cities. Potential technologies for smart cities are discussed, especially the recent wireless technologies adapted to smart city requirements.

### ***What is the concept of a smart city?***

There is no universally accepted definition for a smart city because people can interpret different meanings for it. Hence, it means different things to different people. Here, you will get a basic definition that captures the essence of what a smart city is and what it does. While the concept varies from area to area depending on the resources, the basic idea behind it remains the same. A smart city aims to bring various components together to live harmoniously and attempts to do with the least environmental damage or impact. In other words, a smart city is a place with high standards of living, which survives and thrives on eco-friendly means. The size and

amenities within a smart city vary according to geography, resources available, geopolitical scenario and investment received.

Growth in Global population continues to drive citizens from rural areas to cities. With rapid expansion of urban areas, cities need to become intelligent to handle this large scale urbanization. This is driving city operators to look at smarter ways to manage complexities, increase efficiencies and improve quality of life. Today we need cities that monitor & integrate infrastructure to better optimize resources while maximizing service to its citizens. So to meet all the needs we need our cities to be smarter which brings a concept "**Smart cities**" Smart cities optimize the use of technology in the design & operation of infrastructure and buildings in such a way which meets the current and future needs of their citizens. To be truly smart they also require consideration of governance & growth, urban development and infrastructure, the environment & natural resources, society and community.

Smart city programs provide a range of technologies that can be applied to solve infrastructure problems associated with ageing infrastructure and increasing demands. The potential for infrastructure and urban improvement remains unrealized, however, due to technical, financial, and social constraints and criticisms that limit the implementation of smart cities concepts for infrastructure management. The discussion presented here provides a review of smart technologies including sensors, crowdsourcing and citizen science, actuators, data transmission, Internet of Things, big data analytics, data visualization, and blockchain, which can be used for infrastructure management. Smart infrastructure programs are reviewed to explore how enabling technologies have been applied across civil engineering domains, including transportation systems, water systems, air quality, energy infrastructure, solid waste management, construction engineering and management, structures, and geotechnical systems.

Making cities "smarter" by efficient management of resources and infrastructure, greener environment, and smart governance resulting in a better quality of living of its citizens. This can be enabled by the effective use of information and communication technologies (ICTs) tools, which have the ability to provide eco-friendly and economically viable solutions for cities.

Setting up a smart city is more than improving the old system with technology by simply adding sensors, remote supervision, and control to essential city services. It should be a complete shift of a paradigm in daily life when using new technologies, especially new ICT leading to smart outcomes.

### **Smart solutions**

Another important feature of smart cities is that they will provide smart solutions to modern problems. These include:

- Public information systems
- Redressal of grievances
- Electronic service delivery
- Maximum engagement of citizens
- Reduced energy and fuel usage
- Reduces the development of wastes
- Smart water monitoring
- Treatment of wastewater
- Sustainable monitoring water quality
- Maximum utilization of renewable energy sources
- Usage of green building techniques
- Smart parking to reduce clutter
- Intelligent traffic management system.

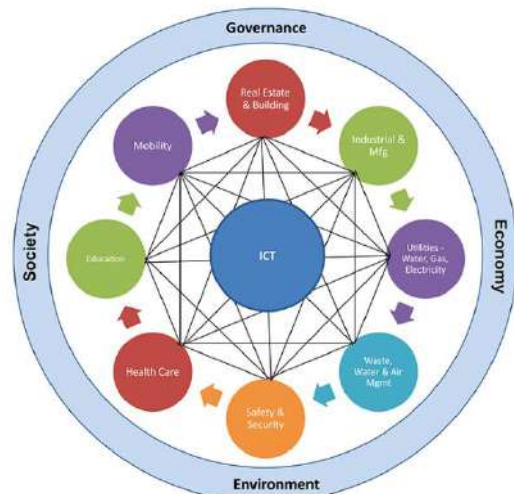


### **Advantages of a smart cities:**

1. Promotion of mixed land usage resulting in higher efficiency and reduced wastage of land.
2. Expanded housing opportunities.
3. Reduced congestion, air pollution and resource depletion.
4. Helps to boost local economies by promoting localized trade and interactions.
5. Efficient use of public transport to reduce fuel wastage.
6. Safe and secure localities.
7. Preservation of open spaces.
8. Reduction in urban heating.
9. Promotion of transit-oriented development.
10. Making governance more people-friendly and cost-effective.

Here's a look at some projects that have taken inspiration from the concepts used for the design of smart cities. These projects will help you build energy-efficient systems that will help heal the world.

1. **Home Automation using IoT**
2. **Smart Irrigation System**
3. **Smart Building using IoT**
4. **Smart Energy Meter using GSM**
5. **Solar and Smart Energy Systems**
6. **Smart Water Monitoring**
7. **Automated Street Lighting**
8. **Automated Railway Crossing**
9. **Intelligent Transportation Systems**
10. **Smart Sewage Maintenance Systems.**



To develop new smart cities and to transform our cities into smart cities the engineers in particular are stepping up as leaders.

**Civil & Environmental Engineers** are working to harness the potential of latest technologies and data for our urban infrastructure, which is among the most complex system in the world. They provide sustainable, resilient and advanced means of

transportation system, green building, better water management system and better waste management system. This not only develop physical infrastructure but also develop institutional & social infrastructure that enable our societies to function. Modelling these systems of systems will require managing data at an unprecedented scale.

To support them Computer and **Electronics & Communication Engineers** help in creating future cities that are digital, build and operate cities ICT landscape across application and infrastructure like IOT (Internet of Things), e-payment, e-market, the latest communication devices etc which is leveraging next generation technologies. They create a platform for conveyance of different city services, leverage big data analytics to manage city performance and proactive crisis management.

**Electrical Engineers** developing new renewable source of energy to meet ever increasing power demands. They also develop methods of effective power transmission with minimum losses which is more economical and safer. They also work on developing microchips to micro sensors which are helping in making our households, institution efficient and safer.

### **Conclusion:**

By going through above article, it is clear that Dreaming of a smart city without active contribution of engineers is a myth. So, there will always be demand of Engineers and because of which even after crises in the placement scenario still the maximum science students choose Engineering as their first career choice in hope of a better future.

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VII Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(19OE1CE03) SMART MATERIALS AND STRUCTURES  
(Open Elective -III)**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Smart Cities Planning and Development, Green Building Technology

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To introduce the students to various smart materials and their working principles
- To acquire knowledge on different measuring techniques
- To learn about various smart sensors, actuators and their application in structural health monitoring
- To acquire knowledge on different smart composite materials and their modelling concepts
- To learn about the data acquisition and processing and their application in engineering domain

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Explain the different smart materials and their principles

**CO-2:** Explain and understand different measuring techniques

**CO-3:** Identify suitable smart sensors and actuators for a specific engineering application

**CO-4:** Gain the knowledge on data acquisition and processing and advantages in smart materials and smart structures

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Introduction to Smart Materials and Structures – Instrumented structures functions and response – Sensing systems – Self -diagnosis – Signal processing consideration – Actuation systems and effectors.

**UNIT – II:**

**Measuring Techniques:** Measuring techniques: Strain Measuring Techniques using Electrical strain gauges, Types – Resistance – Capacitance – Inductance – Wheatstone bridges – Pressure transducers – Load cells – Temperature Compensation – Strain Rosettes.

**UNIT – III:**

**Sensors:** Sensing Technology – Types of Sensors – Physical Measurement using Piezo Electric Strain measurement – Inductively Read Transducers – LVDT – Fiber optic Techniques- Absorptive chemical sensors – Spectroscopes – Fibre Optic Chemical Sensing Systems and Distributed measurement, Application of Smart Sensors for Structural Health Monitoring (SHM), System Identification using Smart Sensors



**UNIT – IV:**

**Actuators:** Actuator Techniques – Actuator and actuator materials – Piezoelectric and Electrostrictive Material – Magneto structure Material – Shape Memory Alloys – Electro rheological fluids – Electromagnetic actuation – Role of actuators and Actuator Materials - IPMC and Polymeric Actuators, Shape Memory Actuators

**UNIT-V:**

**Signal Processing and Control Systems:** Data Acquisition and Processing – Signal Processing and Control for Smart Structures – Sensors as Geometrical Processors – Signal Processing – Control System – Linear and Non-Linear

**UNIT –VI:**

**Advances in Smart Structures & Materials:** Self-Sensing Piezoelectric Transducers, Energy Harvesting Materials, Autophagous Materials, Self Healing Polymers, Intelligent System Design, Emergent System Design

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Smart Materials and Structures, Gandhi M V and Thompson B S, Chapman & Hall, Madras, 1992
2. Dynamics and Control of Structures, Meirovitch L., John Wiley, 1992

**REFERENCES:**

1. Smart Structures: Analysis and Design, A. V. Srinivasan, D. Michael McFarland, Cambridge University Press, 2009
2. Smart Materials and Technologies: For the Architecture and Design Professions, Michelle Addington and Daniel L. Schodek, Routledge 2004
3. Smart Structures and Materials, Brian Culshaw, Artech House – Borton, London, 1996



## WASTE MANAGEMENT

Offered by:

**CIVIL ENGINEERING**

Courses in the OE Track:

OE Tracks	V Sem (OE-I)	VI Sem (OE-II)	VII Sem (OE-III)	VIII Sem (OE-IV)
<b>Waste Management</b>	Solid Waste Management	Hazardous Waste Management	<b>Waste to Energy</b>	Intelligent Waste Management and Recycling System

## **OE TRACK :: WASTE MANAGEMENT**

The courses such as solid waste management (SWM), hazardous waste management (HWM), waste to energy (WTE) and intelligent waste management and recycling system (IWM&RS) are the courses available in the waste management track stream which having a potential syllabus content to meet out the industrial and research needs. Solid waste management is an interesting track course which actual highlights the day-to-day problems where everybody is facing due to the improper management of industrial, domestic and household waste. Further, the enthusiastic aspects involved in the track courses such as: awareness on its impact over on environment, formal or scientific way of handling and management of waste and disposal scenarios.

In hazardous waste management course, handling and management of nuclear waste at national and international level have been highlighted. Further, the content enlightens about the legal process of state, central and industrial responses toward any emergency situations arise by hazardous waste. Finally, it deals about natural resource damage assessment and restoration.

Waste to energy is a pioneering course available in the track; it is one of the interesting and mindboggling course in the track which highlights the importance of converting the waste materials into wealth. It gives enough space to understand the basic process technologies in a theoretical and industrial way such as: thermal, chemical and biological conversion process. From the above, biological conversion process is in its embryonic state and having potential to expands its technological wings in the near future and having enormous scope of industrial applications where students can be benefited. Finally, conversion devices is an innovative module have been framed to explore the young minds in the line of designing and creating a demand based conversion device products which even lays an entrepreneurial pathway to them.

First of its kind, even at both international and national level a dedicated and extensive course for intelligent waste management and recycling system have been framed with conventional and advanced modules. It is really an interesting course where a student can apply his/her innovative creations to solve the existing and futuristic problems in a smart way with the help of smart tools. Optimistic modules such as: life cycle assessment and carbon-footprint-based IWMS, principles of systems engineering and regulatory frameworks have been incorporated to meet out the international requirements.

In the pathway of exploring the fundamentals and basic knowledges about the course, the six units of all the courses have been formulated keeping in the mind that the students can be able to competitive among the international community at the end of semester. In this context, comprehensive theoretical and industrial processes have been incorporated in each and every module of courses. Further, it is highly believed that the framed syllabus modules having 100% industrial applications which can make the students to feel motivated, satisfied and confidence to compete with the international community.

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VII Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(19OE1CE07) WASTE TO ENERGY  
(Open Elective -III)

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Solid Waste Management, Hazardous Waste Management

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the concepts of energy from waste
- To understand the principle and process of thermal conversion technology (TCT)
- To understand the principle and process of chemical and biological conversion technology (CCT & BCT)
- To understand the principles and processes of biomass energy technology (BET) and conversion process and devices (P&D) for solid wastes

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Apply the fundamental concepts of energy from waste

**CO-2:** Apply the acquired knowledge to resolve the practical problems on TCT

**CO-3:** Apply the knowledge to resolve the practical problems on CCT and BCT

**CO-4:** Impart the gained knowledge and skills to resolve the practical problems on BET and P&D

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Energy from Waste:** Classification of waste as fuel – agro based, forest residue, industrial waste, MSW – conversion devices – incinerators, gasifiers, digesters, Environmental monitoring system for land fill gases, Environmental impacts; Measures to mitigate environmental effects due to incineration.

**UNIT – II:**

**Thermal Conversion Technologies:** Fundamentals of thermal processing – combustion system – pyrolysis system – gasification system – environmental control system – energy recovery system – incineration.

**UNIT – III:**

**Chemical Conversion Technologies:** Acid & Alkaline hydrolysis – hydrogenation; solvent extraction of hydrocarbons; solvolysis of wood; biocrude; biodiesel production via chemical process; catalytic distillation; transesterification methods; Fischer-Tropsch diesel: chemicals from biomass - various chemical conversion processes for oil, gas, cellulose acetate.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Biological Conversion Technologies:** Nutritional requirement for microbial growth – types of microbial metabolism – types of microorganisms – environmental requirements – aerobic biological transformation – anaerobic biological transformation – aerobic composting – low solid anaerobic digestion – high solid anaerobic digestion – development of anaerobic digestion processes and

technologies for treatment of the organic fraction of MSW – Biodegradation and biodegradability of substrate; biochemistry and process parameters of biomethanation - other biological transformation processes.

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Biomass Energy Technologies:** Biomass energy resources – types and potential; Energy crops - Biomass characterization (proximate and ultimate analysis); Biomass pyrolysis and gasification; Biofuels – biodiesel, bioethanol, Biobutanol; Algae and biofuels; Pellets and bricks of biomass; Biomass as boiler fuel; Social, economic and ecological implications of biomass energy.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Conversion Devices:** Combustors (Spreader Stokes, Moving grate type, fluidized bed), gasifier, digesters. Briquetting technology: Production of RDF and briquetted fuel. Properties of fuels derived from waste to energy technology: Producer gas, Biogas, Ethanol and Briquettes – conversion process with basic device formulation for agricultural residues and wastes including animal wastes; industrial wastes; municipal solid wastes; E-waste; Bio-medical waste; C&D waste; plastic waste and batteries waste.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Integrated Solid Waste Management, George Tchobanoglous, Hilary Theisen and Samuel A, Vigil, Mc-Graw Hill International Edition, New York, 1993
2. Energy from Waste - An Evaluation of Conversion Technologies, C. Parker and T. Roberts (Ed), Elsevier Applied Science, London, 1985

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Introduction to Biomass Energy Conversion, Capareda S., CRC Press, 2013
2. Thermo-Chemical Processing of Biomass: Conversion into Fuels, Chemicals and Power, Brown R. C. and Stevens C., Wiley and Sons, 2011
3. Biomass Conversion Processes for Energy and Fuels, Sofer, Samir S. (Ed.), Zaborsky, R. (Ed.), New York, Plenum Press, 1981
4. Energy Recovery from Municipal Solid Waste Thermal Conversion Technologies, P. Jayarama Reddy, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, London, UK, 2016



**GREEN ENERGY**

Offered by:

**ELECTRICAL AND  
ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING**

Courses in the OE Track:

OE Tracks	V Sem (OE-I)	VI Sem (OE-II)	VII Sem (OE-III)	VIII Sem (OE-IV)
<b>Green Energy</b>	Renewable Energy Sources	Renewable Energy Technologies	<b>Energy Storage Technologies</b>	Energy Management and Conservation

## OE TRACK :: GREEN ENERGY

### RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES:

#### What we are studying?

The climate landscape is changing rapidly, and new technologies and solutions keep arising to respond to global and local challenges.

Renewable energy sources course makes you discover how Solar Thermal Energy conversion system works. It makes you understand how a Solar Photo voltaic generation system generates electricity. Scope of the course also includes wind energy generation. It also navigates you through Biomass and geo thermal energy generation systems.

#### Job opportunities:

When it comes to the hottest and most buzzing careers in the 21st century, the majority of people think of hardcore technical domains such as data science, machine learning & artificial intelligence. Few people might also come up with biotechnology (or biosciences). But, quite often people forget about one of the dark horses – the Renewable Energy sector. Even Bill Gates lobbied for the Energy sector as one of the top three career choices for making an impactful career.

### RENEWABLE ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES:

Within crisis there are seeds of opportunity..! We are at the wedge of fossil fuel end. After few years you can witness fuel crisis all over the world, as an engineer one must aware of the solution. To design sustainable systems those last for decades, one must use renewable energy as main or auxiliary source of energy. The application may be electrical or mechanical or chemical, one must convert energy from renewable source into electricity for ease of use.

Renewable Energy Technologies course will introduce you to Different types of Solar PV systems and their characteristics. Students will know the functionality of Power Converters such as Inverters etc., through block diagram approach. Fuel cell technology, which is one of the solutions for energy crisis will be discussed in detail. Course will conclude by discussing impact of PV panel production on environment and disposal of it.

#### Job Opportunities:

Green jobs in the renewable energy sector are expected to touch new figures with 6 digit monthly income. Following link may describe the interesting interdisciplinary careers for budding engineers.

### ENERGY STORAGE TECHNOLOGIES

Battery technology is an essential skill for every engineer in present scenario. Course on energy storage technologies will enable student to, Design storage system Residential loads integrated to Renewable and storage systems for Electric Vehicles. It will make student to understand various electrochemical storages such as Lead

acid, Li Ion cell etc. and their characteristics. The course enables student to compare non electric, electric storage systems and analyze application of them to various domains.

**Job opportunities:**

Upon successful completion of course student will enhance the chances of getting into EV industry , which almost open fact. Job Profiles include

- i. Battery algorithms engineer
- ii. Battery management engineer
- iii. Battery modeling expert
- iv. Design engineer – EV

**ENERGY MANAGEMENT AND CONSERVATION**

Energy Management And Conservation course is mainly intended to monitor Energy consumption of industries and to manage energy systems. This course also deals with methods of improving efficiency of electric machinery and to design a good illumination system. It also teaches student calculate pay back periods for energy saving equipment.



VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VII Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(19OE1EE03) ENERGY STORAGE TECHNOLOGIES  
(Open Elective -III)

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Renewable Energy Sources, Renewable Energy Technologies

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand Techno economic analysis of various storage systems
- To know Feasibility of different storage technologies
- To learn Operation of several electrochemical storage systems
- To understand Functionality of non-electric storage systems

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to  
**CO-1:** Design storage system Residential loads integrated to Renewable and storage systems for Electric Vehicles

**CO-2:** Understand various electrochemical storage system

**CO-3:** Understand terminology and characteristics of Electro chemical systems

**CO-4:** Compare non-electric and electric storage system

**CO-5:** Analyze application of storage systems to various domains

**UNIT – I:**

**Techno-economic Analysis of Various Energy Storage Technologies:** Electrical Energy Storage (EES)-Definition-Role, Energy storage components, Applications and Technical support, Financial Benefits of EES, Techno economic analysis, Classification of Energy Storage systems, Comparison

**UNIT – II:**

**Estimation of Energy Storage and Feasibility Analysis:** Background-Solar Power-Wind Power (Brief discussion), Estimation-daily residential load-daily available solar energy-daily available wind energy-Importance, Estimation of Storage sizing- Steps for Storage sizing- Grid connected residential PV-grid connected residential Wind-hybrid system, Feasibility analysis of Storage systems- Various Terms involved- Case study of comparison between Off grid and grid connected systems

**UNIT – III:**

**Electro Chemical Storage:** Standard Batteries- Lead Acid- VRLA - Ni-cd, Modern Batteries- Ni MH- Li Ion, Flow Batteries – Br<sub>2</sub> Zn-Vanadium Redox, Battery composition, construction, Principle of operation, Types, Advantages and disadvantages to above batteries.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Terminology & Characteristics:** Battery Terminology, Capacities, Definitions of various characteristics, Different States of charge-DOD-SOC-SOE-SOH-SOF, Resistance,

Battery Design, Battery Charging, Charge Regulators, Battery Management, General Equivalent Electrical Circuit, Performance Characteristics

**UNIT – V:**

**Non-Electric Storage Technologies:** Flywheel, Energy Relations, Flywheel System Components, Benefits of Flywheel over Battery, Superconducting Magnet Energy Storage, Compressed Air Energy storage, Overview Thermal Energy Storage. Capacitor bank storage, Comparison of storage Technologies

**UNIT –VI:**

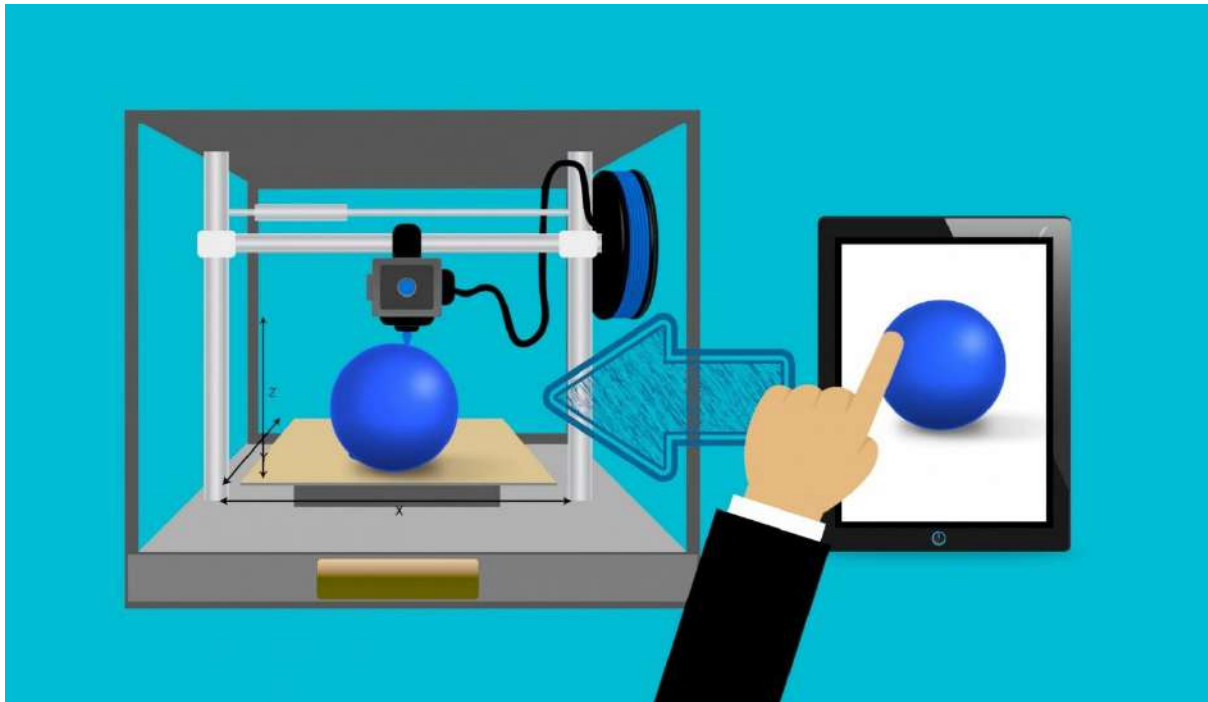
**Applications:** Domains of applications of Energy storage- Starter-Traction-stationary-mobile or nomadic, Review of storage requirements, Storage for Electric Vehicle application, Storage for hybrid vehicle-Regenerative Braking-Super capacitor-hybrid capacitor

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Energy Storage Technologies and Applications, Ahmed Faheem Zobaq, InTech Publishers, 2013
2. Lithium Batteries and Other Electrochemical Storage Systems, Christian Glaize, Sylvie Geniès, ISTE & John Wiley, 2013
3. Wind and Solar Power Systems, Mukund R. Patel, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, CRC Press, 2006

**REFERENCES:**

1. Rechargeable Batteries Applications Handbook, EDN Series for Design Engineers, Elsevier



**3D PRINTING AND DESIGN**

Offered by:

**MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**

Courses in the OE Track:

OE Tracks	V Sem (OE-I)	VI Sem (OE-II)	VII Sem (OE-III)	VIII Sem (OE-IV)
<b>3D Printing and Design</b>	Elements of CAD	Introduction to 3D Printing	3D Printing - Machines, Tooling & Systems	Reverse Engineering

## **OE TRACK :: 3D PRINTING AND DESIGN**

3D Printing is a process for making a physical object from a three-dimensional digital model by laying down many successive thin layers of a material. It brings a digital CAD model into its physical form by adding layer by layer of materials. Thus called 'Additive Manufacturing'. It is the opposite of subtractive manufacturing i.e., removing material from an object using a mechanical machine. It enables to produce complex shapes using less material than traditional manufacturing methods. There are several different techniques to 3D print an object. It saves time through prototyping and is also responsible for manufacturing impossible shapes. Due to these, it has many applications in different fields like consumer products (eyewear, footwear, design, furniture, industrial products (manufacturing tools, prototypes, functional end-use parts, dental products, prosthetics, architectural scale models, reconstructing fossils, replicating ancient artefacts, reconstructing evidence in forensic pathology etc.

3D printing has good prospects from career perspective. Various positions that could be available are CAD designers, engineers, technical developers, software developers, electronics engineers, etc.

This OE track consists of 04 courses and is designed with an objective to provide an overview of all the constituents of 3D Printing starting from elements of CAD that are needed to create CAD models, followed by basics of 3D Printing required for setting the parameters, then the machines and tools used in 3D Printing for thorough understanding of systems and processes and finally the reverse engineering of 3D printing models from actual objects.

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VII Semester

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(19OE1ME03) 3D PRINTING-MACHINES, TOOLING AND SYSTEMS  
(Open Elective -III)

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Elements of CAD, Introduction to 3D Printing

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the need of prototyping
- To understand about the liquid and solid based 3D printing systems
- To know about the liquid-based 3D printing systems & rapid tooling
- To know the applications of 3D Printing

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Summarize the importance of 3D Printing

**CO-2:** Explain the process involved in liquid and solid based 3D printing systems

**CO-3:** Explain about the liquid-based 3D printing systems and rapid tooling

**CO-4:** Adapt the knowledge gained in applications of 3D Printing

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Prototype Fundamentals, Types of Prototypes, Roles of Prototypes, Phases of Development Leading to Rapid Prototyping, Fundamentals of Rapid Prototyping.

**UNIT – II:**

**Liquid Based 3D Printing Systems:** Introduction, Principles, Processes and Applications of Solid Ground Curing, Material Jetting & Binder Jetting

**UNIT – III:**

**Solid Based 3D Printing Systems:** Introduction, Principles, Processes and Applications of Fused Deposition Modelling (FDM), Paper Lamination Technology (PLT) and Laminated Object Manufacturing (LOM)

**UNIT – IV:**

**Laser Based 3D Printing Systems:** Selective Laser Sintering (SLS)-Principle, Process and Applications, Three-Dimensional Printing- Principle, Process and Applications, Laser Engineered Net Shaping (LENS)- Principle, Process and Applications

**UNIT – V:**

**Rapid Tooling:** Introduction and need for Rapid Tooling, Overview of Indirect and Direct Processes, Applications

**UNIT – VI:**

**3D Printing Applications:** Brief overview of Applications in Design, Engineering, Aerospace Industry, Automotive Industry and Biomedical Industry

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Additive Manufacturing Technologies: Rapid Prototyping to Direct Digital Manufacturing, Ian Gibson, David W. Rosen, Brent Stucker, Springer, 2010
2. Rapid Prototyping: Principles & Applications, Chuaa Chee Kai, Leong Kah Fai, World Scientific, 2010

**REFERENCES:**

1. Rapid Prototyping: Theory and Practice, Ali K. Karmani, Emand Abouel Nasr, Springer, 2006
2. Understanding Additive Manufacture: Rapid Prototyping, Rapid Tooling and Rapid Manufacture, Andreas Gebhardt, Hanser Publishers, 2013
3. Rapid Manufacturing: Advanced Research in Virtual and Rapid Prototyping, Hopkinson, N. Haque, and Dickens, Taylor and Francis, 2007



**INTERNET OF THINGS**

Offered by:

**ELECTRONICS AND  
COMMUNICATION  
ENGINEERING**

Courses in the OE Track:

OE Tracks	V Sem (OE-I)	VI Sem (OE-II)	VII Sem (OE-III)	VIII Sem (OE-IV)
<b>Internet of Things</b>	Sensors Transducers and Actuators	Introduction to Microcontrollers and Interfacing	<b>Fundamentals of Internet of Things</b>	Wireless Sensor Networks

## **OE TRACK :: INTERNET OF THINGS**

The IoT creates opportunities for more direct integration of the physical world into computer-based systems, resulting in efficiency improvements, economic benefits, and reduced human exertions. IoT is changing how we live, work, travel, and do business. It is even the basis of a new industrial transformation, known as **Industry 4.0**, and key in the digital transformation of organizations, cities, and society overall. The IoT track helps students to learn about how to

- Learn different protocols and connectivity technologies used in IOT.
- Expose the various sensors and transducers for measuring mechanical quantities.
- Develop simple applications using 8051 microcontrollers.
- Understand the key routing protocols for sensor networks and their design issues.

### **Some of the more common career paths in the Internet of Things path are**

- IoT Developer. ...
- IoT Architect...
- IoT Embedded Systems Designer...
- IoT Solutions Engineer...
- Professional in Sensors and Actuators...
- Embedded Programs Engineer...
- Safety Engineer...



VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

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(19OE1EC03) FUNDAMENTALS OF INTERNET OF THINGS  
(Open Elective -III)

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Sensors Transducers and Actuators, Introduction to Microcontrollers and Interfacing

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the basics of Internet of Things
- To learn about IOT and M2M
- To understand Cloud of Things
- To learn different applications with IoT

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Understand the concepts of Internet of Things

**CO-2:** Understand the IOT, M2M

**CO-3:** Understand the concepts Cloud of Things

**CO-4:** Apply IOT to different applications in the real world

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Internet of Things:** Definition and Characteristics of IoT, Physical Design of IoT, Logical Design of IoT-IoT Functional Blocks, IoT Communication Models, IoT Communication API's

**UNIT – II:**

IoT enabling Technologies – Wireless Sensor Networks, Cloud Computing, Big data analytics, Communication protocols, Embedded Systems, IoT Levels and Deployment Templates

**UNIT – III:**

**IoT Platforms Design Methodology:** Introduction, IoT Design Methodology- Purpose & Requirements Specification, Process Specification, Domain Model Specification, Information Model Specification, Service Specification, IoT Level Specifications, Functional view Specification, Operational View Specification, Device & component Integration, Application Development

**UNIT – IV:**

**IoT and M2M:** Introduction, M2M, Difference between IoT and M2M – Communication Protocols, Machines in M2M Vs things in IoT, Hardware Vs Software emphasis, Data collection and analysis, applications, SDN and NFV for IoT

**UNIT – V:**

**Cloud of Things:** Grid/SOA and Cloud Computing – Cloud Middleware – Cloud Standards – Cloud Providers and Systems – Mobile Cloud Computing – The Cloud of Things Architecture.

**UNIT – VI:**

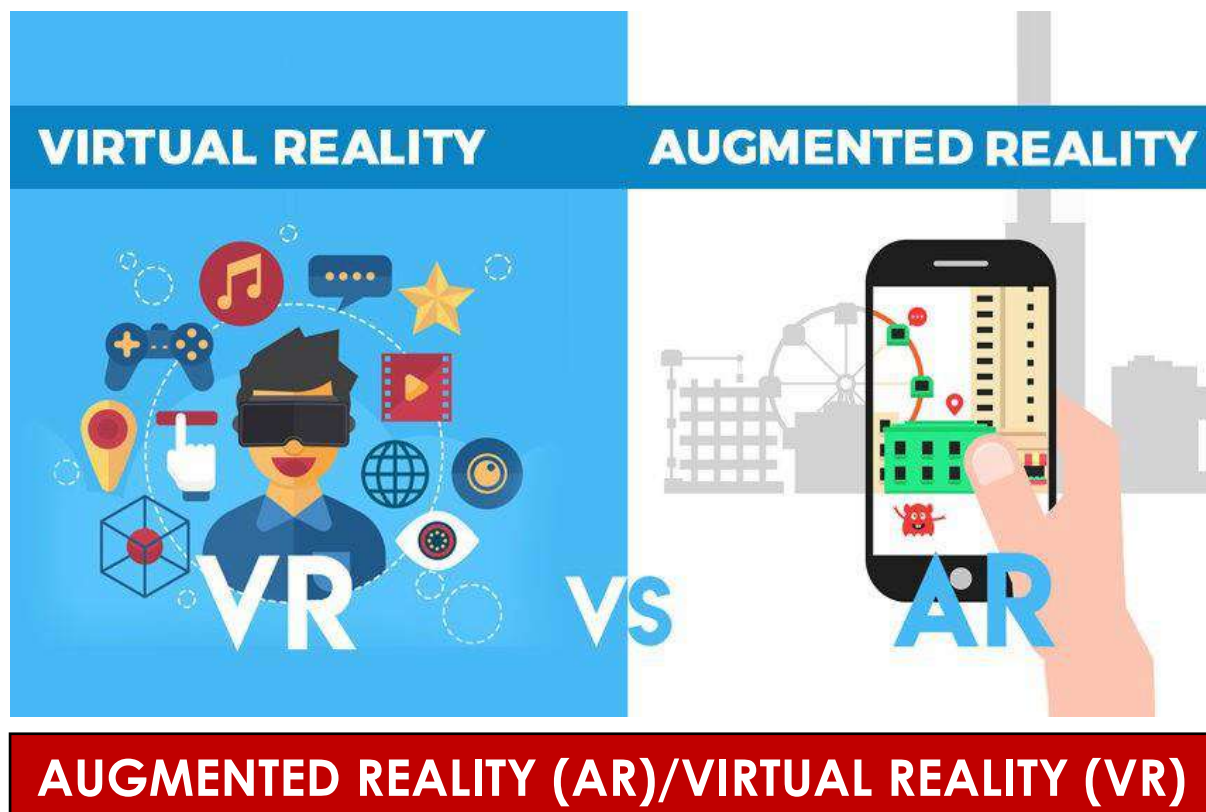
**Domain Specific Applications of IoT:** Applications of IoT– Home, Health, Environment, Energy, Agriculture, Industry and Smart City.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Internet of Things: A Hands-On Approach, Vijay Madiseti, Arshdeep Bahga, Universities Press, 2015
2. The Internet of Things – Key Applications and Protocols, Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick, Omar Elloumi, Wiley, 2012
3. The Internet of Things in the Cloud: A Middleware Perspective, Honbo Zhou, CRC Press, 2012

**REFERENCES:**

1. Internet of Things: Converging Technologies for Smart Environments and Integrated Ecosystems, Dr. Ovidiu Vermesan, Dr. Peter Friess, River Publishers, 2013
2. Building the Internet of Things, Sara Cordoba, Wimer Hazenberg, Menno Huisman, BIS Publishers, 2011
3. Designing the Internet of Things, Adrian McEwen, Hakin Cassimally, John Wiley and Sons, 2015



Offered by:

**ELECTRONICS AND  
COMMUNICATION  
ENGINEERING**

Courses in the OE Track:

OE Tracks	V Sem (OE-I)	VI Sem (OE-II)	VII Sem (OE-III)	VIII Sem (OE-IV)
<b>Augmented Reality (AR)/ Virtual Reality (VR)</b>	Introduction to C Sharp	Introduction to Signal Processing	<b>Introduction to Image &amp; Video Processing</b>	Fundamentals of Augmented Reality & Virtual Reality

## **OE TRACK :: AUGMENTED REALITY (AR) / VIRTUAL REALITY (VR)**

Augmented reality (AR) and Virtual Reality (VR) bridge the digital and physical worlds. They allow you to take in information and content visually, in the same way you take in the world. AR dramatically expands the ways our devices can help with everyday activities like searching for information, shopping, and expressing yourself. VR lets you experience what it's like to go anywhere from the front row of a concert to distant planets in outer space.

### **Job Roles in Augmented reality and virtual reality (AR & VR) Track**

- Design Architect. ...
- Software Designer. ...
- System Validation Engineers. ...
- Software Developer. ...
- 3D Artist...

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**(19OE1EC06) INTRODUCTION TO IMAGE AND VIDEO PROCESSING  
(Open Elective -III)**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Introduction to C Sharp, Introduction to Signal Processing

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To introduce fundamentals of digital image and video processing
- To demonstrate digital signal processing techniques in spatial and frequency domains
- To study and compare various image and video compression algorithms
- To study applications of motion estimation in video processing

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Acquire, represent the digital image and transforms

**CO-2:** Apply various pixel position and intensity-based image processing techniques

**CO-3:** Understand and analyze the performance of block matching algorithms in MPEG video coding standards

**UNIT – I:**

**Fundamentals of Image Processing and Image Transforms:** Basic steps of Image processing system sampling and quantization of an Image – Basic relationship between pixels, 2 – D Discrete Fourier Transform, Discrete Cosine Transform, Introduction to Wavelet transforms.

**UNIT – II:**

**Image Enhancement-Spatial Domain Methods:** Point Processing, Histogram Processing, Fundamentals of Spatial Filtering, Smoothing Spatial filters, Sharpening Spatial filters.

**UNIT – III:**

**Image Enhancement-Frequency Domain Methods:** Basics of filtering in frequency domain, Image Smoothing, Image Sharpening, Selective Filtering.

**Image Segmentation:** Segmentation Concepts, Point, Line and Edge Detection, Thresholding, Region Based Segmentation.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Image Compression:** Image compression fundamentals – coding Redundancy, spatial and temporal redundancy.

**Compression Models:** Lossy and Lossless, Huffmann coding, Arithmetic coding, LZW coding, run length coding, Bit Plane coding, transform coding.

**UNIT – V:**

**Basic Steps of Video Processing:** Analog video, Digital Video, Time varying Image Formation models: 3D motion models, Geometric Image formation, Photometric Image formation, sampling of video signals.

**UNIT – VI:**

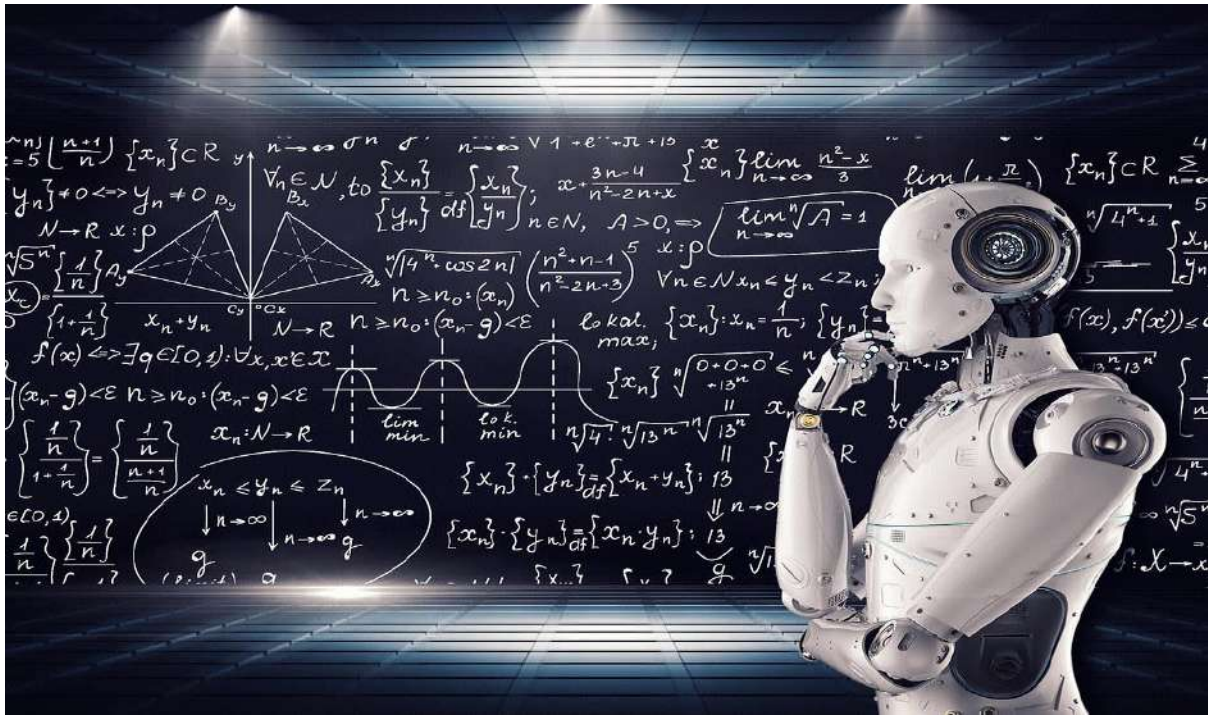
**2-D Motion Estimation:** Optical flow, pixel-based motion estimation, Block matching algorithm, Mesh based motion Estimation, global Motion Estimation, Region based motion estimation, multi resolution motion estimation. Application of motion estimation in video coding.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Digital Image Processing, Gonzalez and Woods, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson
2. Video Processing and Communication, Yao Wang, Joem Ostarman and Ya – Quin Zhang, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, PHI

**REFERENCES:**

1. Digital Video Processing, M. Tekalp, Prentice Hall International
2. Image Acquisition and Processing with LabVIEW, Relf, Christopher G., CRC Press
3. Inverse Synthetic Aperture Radar Imaging with MATLAB Algorithms, Aner Ozdemi R, John Wiley & Sons
4. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing, A Practical Approach with Examples in Matlab, Chris Solomon, Toby Breckon, John Wiley & Sons



**ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE**

Offered by:

**COMPUTER SCIENCE AND  
ENGINEERING**

Courses in the OE Track:

OE Tracks	V Sem (OE-I)	VI Sem (OE-II)	VII Sem (OE-III)	VIII Sem (OE-IV)
<b>Artificial Intelligence</b>	Mathematics for Artificial Intelligence	Fundamentals of Artificial Intelligence	<b>Machine Learning Techniques</b>	Deep Learning

## **OE TRACK :: ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE**

Artificial Intelligence (AI) is a cognitive science with highly research activities in the major areas like Machine Learning, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and image processing. This track will cover basic foundations of artificial intelligence it will make the students industry-ready for artificial intelligence and data science job roles. Artificial intelligence is used in wide range of industrial applications such as healthcare, transportation, entertainment, insurance, transport and logistics, and customer service. Future applications of AI would be utilized in automated transportation, cyborg technology, solving problems associated with climate change, deep-sea and space exploration.



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(19OE1CS02) MACHINE LEARNING TECHNIQUES  
(Open Elective -III)

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Mathematics for Artificial Intelligence, Fundamentals of Artificial Intelligence

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand applications in computational learning theory
- To analyse the pattern comparison techniques

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Familiarize the basic concepts, notations, mathematical understanding required for machine learning applications

**CO-2:** Understand various kinds of models and algorithms used for machine learning

**CO-3:** Apply the suitable machine learning techniques to solve real world applications

**CO-4:** Demonstrate given technique for various data analysis applications

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Machine Learning:** Perspectives and issues in machine learning, Goals and applications of machine learning. Aspects of developing a learning system: training data, concept representation, function approximation.

**UNIT – II:**

**Supervised Learning:** Classification, decision boundaries; nearest neighbor methods, Decision Tree Learning – Introduction, decision tree representation, appropriate problems for decision tree learning, Linear classifiers Bayes' Rule and Naive Bayes' classification

**Regression:** Regression types, gradient descent; features of Over fitting and complexity; training, validation, test data, Logistic regression and applications.

**UNIT -III:**

**Unsupervised Learning:** Clustering, k-means, hierarchical, partition-based clustering, overlapping clustering, Support vector machines, Support vector regression.

**UNIT -IV:**

**Reinforcement Learning:** Introduction to Reinforcement learning, the learning task, rewards and actions, temporal difference learning, generalizing from examples, relationship to dynamic programming.

**UNIT- V:**

**Instance-Based Learning:** Introduction, k-nearest neighbour algorithm, locally weighted regression, radial basis functions, case-based reasoning, remarks on lazy and eager learning.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Neural Networks:** Introduction to neural networks, neural network representation, appropriate problems for neural network learning, perceptions, multilayer networks and Convolution neural networks.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Machine Learning, Tom M. Mitchell, McGraw-Hill
2. Neural Networks and Learning Machines, S. Haykin, Pearson, 2008

**REFERENCES:**

1. Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective, Stephen Marshland, Taylor & Francis
2. Machine Learning: The Art and Science of Algorithms that make Sense of Data, Peter Flach, Cambridge, University Press
3. Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective, Kevin P. Murphy, MIT Press, 2012



**BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGIES**

Offered by:

**COMPUTER SCIENCE AND  
ENGINEERING**

Courses in the OE Track:

OE Tracks	V Sem (OE-I)	VI Sem (OE-II)	VII Sem (OE-III)	VIII Sem (OE-IV)
<b>Blockchain Technologies</b>	Fundamentals of Computer Networks / Relational Database Management Systems	Distributed Data Bases	<b>Cryptography and Network Security</b>	Blockchain Technology

## **OE TRACK :: BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGIES**

The blockchain is one of the fastest growing skills in the IT sector today. This track will help the students to gain knowledge in blockchain technology, it has taken quite a turn in the industry given its popularity in providing safe and secured online transactions. Most individuals and organizations have started adopting blockchain because of the many benefits it offers to the industry today. It is used in many industry applications such as banking sector, voting, health care, real estate, the legal industry and government.

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B.Tech. VII Semester

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**(19OE1CS06) CRYPTOGRAPHY AND NETWORK SECURITY  
(Open Elective -III)**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Fundamentals of Computer Networks, Distributed Data Bases

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To outline security concepts, threats, attacks, services and mechanisms
- To describe various cryptosystems- symmetric key cryptography, public key cryptography
- To apply authentication services and Secure hash functions
- To discuss the concepts of IP Security, web security, viruses and firewalls

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Analyze the security attacks, services, goals and mechanism of security

**CO-2:** Develop a security model using conventional approach to prevent the attacks

**CO-3:** Apply public key cryptography principles, examine authenticity and integrity of the messages in the communication

**CO-4:** Build a model for IP security, firewall and test the security issues

**UNIT – I:**

**Security Attacks:** Security Attacks (Interruption, Interception, Modification and Fabrication), Security Services (Confidentiality, Authentication, Integrity, Non-repudiation, access Control and Availability) and Mechanisms, A model for Internetwork security, Internet Standards and RFCs, Buffer overflow & format string vulnerabilities, TCP session hijacking, ARP attacks, route table modification, UDP hijacking, and man-in-the-middle attacks.

**UNIT – II:**

**Conventional Encryption:** Classical Encryption techniques, Fiestel Cipher Structure, Data Encryption Standard, Block Cipher Design Principles and Modes of Operation, Triple DES, RC-4, Evaluation criteria for AES, AES Cipher, Placement of Encryption Function, Traffic Confidentiality.

**UNIT – III:**

**Public Key Cryptography and Authentication:** Confidentiality using Symmetric Encryption – Principles of Public key Cryptosystems, RSA algorithm, Key Management, Diffie-Hellman key Exchange, Elliptic Curve Cryptography. Authentication requirements, Authentication functions, Message Authentication Codes

**UNIT – IV:**

**Hash Functions:** Hash Functions, Security of Hash Functions and MACs, MD5 message Digest algorithm, Secure Hash Algorithm, HMAC, Digital Signatures, Authentication

Protocols, Digital Signature Standard, Authentication Applications: Kerberos, X.509 Authentication Service

**UNIT – V:**

**Network Security:** Email Security and Web Security

Electronic Mail Security – PGP/ SMIME, IP security- Architecture, Authentication Header, Encapsulating Security Payload, Key Management, Web Security- Secure Socket Layer, Transport Layer Security and Secure Electronic Transaction

**UNIT – VI:**

**System Level Security:** Intrusion detection – password management – Viruses and related Threats – Virus Counter measures – Firewall Design Principles – Trusted Systems.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Cryptography and Network Security – Principles and Practices, William Stallings, Prentice Hall of India, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2005
2. Hack Proofing Your Network, Ryan Russell, Dan Kaminsky, Rain Forest, Puppy, Joe Grand, David Ahmad, Hal Flynn Ido Dubrawsky, Steve W. Manzuik and Ryan Permech, Wiley Dreamtech

**REFERENCES:**

1. Network Security Essentials: Applications and Standards, William Stallings Prentice Hall, 1999, ISBN 0130160938
2. Security in Computing, Charles B. Pfleeger, Shari Lawrence Pfleeger, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2003



## ROBOTICS

Offered by:

**ELECTRONICS AND  
INSTRUMENTATION  
ENGINEERING**

Courses in the OE Track:

OE Tracks	V Sem (OE-I)	VI Sem (OE-II)	VII Sem (OE-III)	VIII Sem (OE-IV)
<b>Robotics</b>	Fundamentals of Robotics	Kinematics and Dynamics of Robot	<b>Drives and Control System for Robotics</b>	Robot Programming and Intelligent Control Systems

## OE TRACK :: ROBOTICS

Robotics is a field of study that involves the design, construction and operation of robots. This field overlaps with electronics, computer science, mechatronics and artificial intelligence. Robotic companies are booming all over the world and are seeking engineers with skills for implementing **Next -Level Automation**. This Open Elective Track for Robotics consists of four courses and is intended for making students industry ready in the field of robotics.

The First course in this track "**Fundamentals of Robotics**" introduces various physical aspects of building a robot, exploring topics like how a robot perceives its environment using Sensors and how it interacts with its environment through various Actuators & Grippers. This course also inspects a variety of robot applications in different domains. Second Course in this track "**Kinematics & Dynamics of robots**" delves a level deeper discussing analysis and control of robots. It establishes strong mathematical foundation for describing and controlling robot movement. In this course students will learn in detail about Forward Kinematics, Inverse Kinematics, Workspace Analysis and Trajectory planning for robots.

Third Course in the Robotics track "**Drives and Control System for Robots**" explores in detail various Drive Mechanisms used in robotics such as Hydraulic, Pneumatic & Electric drives. After completing this course students will be able to analyze operational aspects of a drive system for a given robotic application. Fourth Course in the track "**Robot Programming and Intelligent Control System**" expands on Robot Programming, discussing various aspects of Robot Programming Languages and their functions. This course also dives deep into advanced topics like Artificial Intelligence, Neural Networks and Fuzzy control for robots.



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(19OE1EI03) DRIVES AND CONTROL SYSTEM FOR ROBOTICS  
(Open Elective -III)

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Fundamentals of Robotics, Kinematics and Dynamics of Robotics

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To get acquainted with different robot drive mechanisms
- To understand in detail, working of hydraulic and pneumatic drives used in robotics
- To learn working principles of various electric drive systems for robotics
- To acquire basic Knowledge on servo systems for robot control

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Categorize various drive systems for robot movement

**CO-2:** Select appropriate drive system for a particular application

**CO-3:** Inspect different electric drives and their applications in robotics

**CO-4:** Analyze accurate positioning of robot end effector by servo control

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Objectives, motivation, open loop control, closed loop control with velocity and position feedback, Types of drive systems. Functions of drive system.

**UNIT – II:**

**Robot Drive Mechanism:** Lead Screws, Ball Screws, Chain & linkage drives, Belt drives, Gear drives, Precision gear boxes, Harmonic drives, Cyclo speed reducers.

**UNIT – III:**

**Hydraulic Drives:** Introduction, Requirements, Hydraulic piston and transfer valve, hydraulic circuit incorporating control amplifier, hydraulic fluid considerations, hydraulic actuators Rotary and linear actuators. Hydraulic components in robots.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Pneumatic Drives:** Introduction, Advantages, pistons-Linear Pistons, Rotary pistons, Motors-Flapper motor, Geared motor, Components used in pneumatic control. Pneumatic proportional controller, pneumatically controlled prismatic joint.

**UNIT – V:**

**Electric Drives:** Introduction, Types, DC electric motor, AC electric motor, stepper motors, half step mode operation, micro step mode. Types of stepper motors, Direct drive actuator.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Servo Mechanism for Robot:** Mathematical modeling of robot servos, error responses and steady state errors in robot servos, feedback and feed forward compensations,

hydraulic position servo, computer-controlled servo system for robot applications, selection of robot drive systems.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Engineering Foundation of Robotics, Francis N-Nagy Andras Siegler, Prentice Hall Inc.
2. Robotics Engineering - An Integrated Approach, Richard D. Klaffer, Thomas. A, Chri Elewski, Michael Negin, PHI Learning, 2009

**REFERENCES:**

1. Industrial Robotics, Technology Programming and Applications, Mikell P. Groover & Nicholas G. Odrey, Mitchel Weiss, Roger N. Nagel, Ashish Dutta, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2012
2. Industrial Robotics, Bernard Hodges, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Jaico Publishing House, 1993
3. Fundamentals of Robotics Analysis and Control, Robert J. Schilling, PHI Learning, 2009
4. Foundations of Robotics Analysis and Control, Tsuneo Yohikwa, MIT Press, 2003
5. Introduction to Robotics Mechanics and Control, John J. Craig, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson, 2008



## CYBER SECURITY

Offered by:

**INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY**

Courses in the OE Track:

OE Tracks	V Sem (OE-I)	VI Sem (OE-II)	VII Sem (OE-III)	VIII Sem (OE-IV)
<b>Cyber Security</b>	Fundamentals of Computer Networks / Relational Database Management Systems	Cryptography & Network Security	<b>Essentials of Cyber Security</b>	Computer Forensics

## OE TRACK :: **CYBER SECURITY**

**Cybersecurity** is **important** because it incorporates everything that relates to protecting our sensitive data, personally identifiable information (PII), protected health information (PHI), personal information, intellectual property, data, and governmental and **industry** information systems from stealing and destruction endeavoured. The cyber security track helps students to learn about how to

Defend networks and data from unapproved access.

Enhanced information security and business endurance supervision.

Upgraded stakeholder confidence in your information security preparations.

Developed company authorizations with the correct security controls in place.

### **Some of the more common career paths in the cyber security path are**

- Chief Information Security Officer. ...
- Forensic Computer Analyst. ...
- Information Security Analyst. ...
- Penetration Tester. ...
- Security Architect. ...
- IT Security Engineer. ...
- Security Systems Administrator. ...
- IT Security Consultant.

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**(19OE1IT01) ESSENTIALS OF CYBER SECURITY  
(Open Elective -III)**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Fundamentals of Computer Networks, Cryptography and Network Security

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To identify the key components of cyber security in network
- To describe various security levels and categories, operating system security
- To define authentication issues and network security
- To describe memory management and protection measures

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Categorize cyber-crime and an understand social, political, ethical and psychological dimensions cyber security

**CO-2:** Demonstrate security levels and models with objects and access control

**CO-3:** Analyse tools and methods used in cybercrime

**CO-4:** Understand Organizational Implications and security risks

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Cybercrime:** Introduction, Cybercrime, and Information Security, Who are Cybercriminals, Classifications of Cybercrimes, And Cybercrime: The legal Perspectives and Indian Perspective, Cybercrime and the Indian ITA 2000, A Global Perspective on Cybercrimes.

**UNIT – II:**

**Cyber Offenses: How Criminals Plan Them:** Introduction, How Criminals plan the Attacks, Social Engineering, Cyber stalking, Cyber cafe and Cybercrimes, Botnets: The Fuel for Cybercrime, Attack Vector, Cloud Computing.

**UNIT – III:**

**Cybercrime: Mobile and Wireless Devices:** Introduction, Proliferation of Mobile and Wireless Devices, Trends in Mobility, Credit card Frauds in Mobile and Wireless Computing Era, Security Challenges Posed by Mobile Devices, Registry Settings for Mobile Devices, Authentication service Security, Attacks on Mobile/Cell Phones, Mobile Devices: Security Implications for Organizations, Organizational Measures for Handling Mobile, Organizational Security Policies an Measures in Mobile Computing Era, Laptops.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Tools and Methods Used in Cybercrime:** Introduction, Proxy Servers and Anonymizers, Phishing, Password Cracking, Keyloggers and Spywares, Virus and Worms, Trojan Horse

and Backdoors, Steganography, DoS and DDoS attacks, SQL Injection, Buffer Overflow.

**UNIT – V:**

**Cyber Security:** Organizational Implications

Introduction, Cost of Cybercrimes and IPR issues, Web threats for Organizations, Security and Privacy Implications.

**UNIT – VI:**

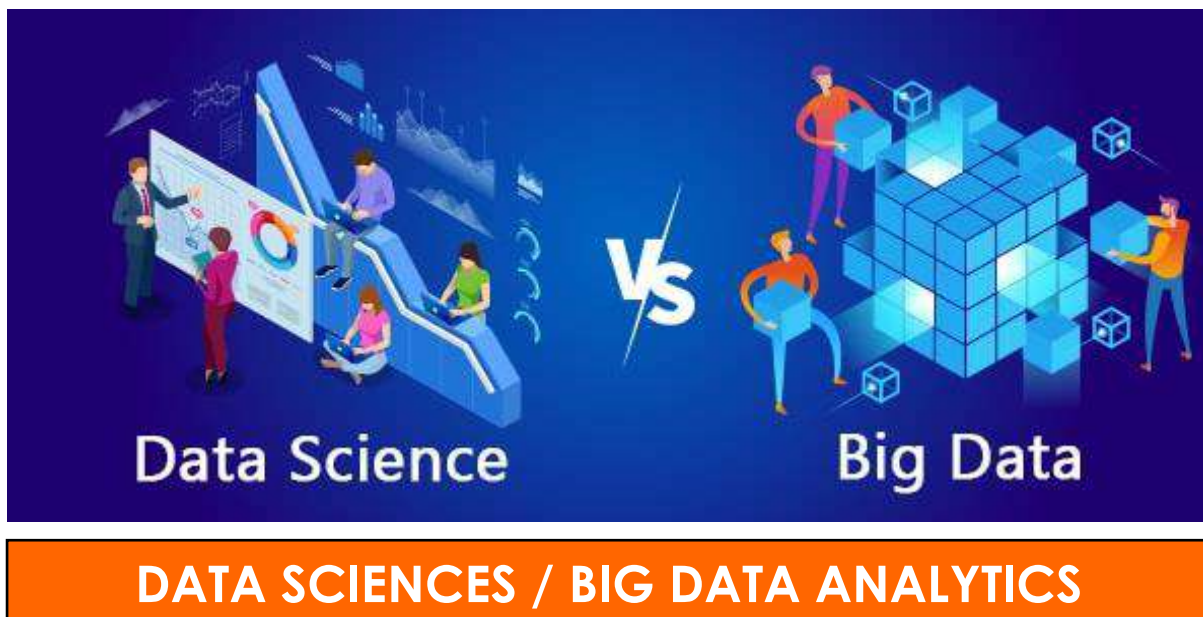
**Social Media Marketing:** Security Risks and Perils for Organizations, Social Computing and the associated challenges for Organizations.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Cyber Security: Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics and Legal Perspectives, Nina Godbole and Sunil Belapure, Wiley India

**REFERENCES:**

1. Cyber Security Essentials, James Graham, Richard Howard and Ryan Otson, CRC Press
2. Introduction to Cyber Security, Chwan-Hwa (John) Wu, J. David Irwin, CRC Press  
T&F Group



Offered by:

**INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY**

Courses in the OE Track:

OE Tracks	V Sem (OE-I)	VI Sem (OE-II)	VII Sem (OE-III)	VIII Sem (OE-IV)
<b>Data Sciences / Big Data &amp; Analytics</b>	Statistical Methods for Data Science	Computational Thinking using Python	<b>Fundamentals of Data Mining</b>	Data Analysis and Visualization

## OE TRACK :: DATA SCIENCES / BIG DATA & ANALYTICS

**Data science** helps in risk evaluation and observing, possible deceitful comportment, payments, customer analysis, and experience, among much other exploitation. The capability to make **data**-driven choices generates a steadier financial situation and **data scientists** make the strength of the **industry**.

As such, **data science** track helps students to apply business concepts in banking, finance, manufacturing, transport, e-commerce, education, etc. that use **data science**. As a consequence, there are numerous **Data Science** applications associated to it.

### Job Roles in Data Science Track

- Data Analyst
- Data Engineers
- Database Administrator
- Machine Learning Engineer
- Data Scientist
- Data Architect
- Statistician
- Business Analyst
- Data and Analytics Manager

**Big Data analytics** track helps the students to learn the process of gathering, establishing and examining large sets of **data** (called **Big Data**) to determine patterns and other beneficial information. Analysts occupied with **Big Data** characteristically want the acquaintance that comes from investigating the **data**.

Big data analytics is the practice of mining useful information by examining different **types** of big data sets. Big data analytics is utilized to determine concealed patterns, market developments and consumer favorites, for the advantage of organizational decision making.

### Job responsibilities in a Big Data Analytics Track are

- To gather and accumulate data from disparate sources, clean it, organize it, process it, and analyse it to extract valuable insights and information.
- To identify new sources of data and develop methods to improve data mining, analysis, and reporting.
- To create data definitions for new database files or alterations made to the already existing ones for analysis purposes.
- To present the findings in reports (in table, chart, or graph format) to help the management team in the decision-making process.
- To apply statistical analysis methods for consumer data research and analysis purposes.



- To keep track of the trends and correlational patterns among complex data sets.
- To perform routine analysis tasks to support day-to-day business functioning and decision making.
- To collaborate with Data Scientists to develop innovative analytical tools.
- To work in close collaboration with both the IT team and the business management team to accomplish company goals.

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. VII Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(19OE1IT04) FUNDAMENTALS OF DATA MINING  
(Open Elective -III)

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Statistical Methods for Data Science, Computational Thinking using Python

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To introduce the basic concepts and techniques in building a Data Warehouse
- To apply preprocessing methods for any given raw data
- To develop skills of using recent data mining software for solving practical problems
- To implement and apply basic algorithms for supervised and unsupervised learning

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Assess raw input data and process it to provide suitable input for a range of data mining algorithms.

**CO-2:** Discover and measure interesting patterns from different kinds of databases

**CO-3:** Evaluate and select appropriate data-mining algorithms and apply, interpret and report the output appropriately

**CO-4:** Design and implement data-mining applications using sample, realistic data sets and modern tools

**UNIT – I:**

**Data Warehousing & Modeling:** Basic Concepts: Data Warehousing: A multitier Architecture, Data warehouse models: Enterprise warehouse, Data mart and virtual warehouse, Extraction, Transformation and loading.

**UNIT – II:**

**Data Cube:** A multidimensional data model, Stars, Snowflakes and Fact constellations: Schemas for multidimensional Data models, Dimensions: The role of concept Hierarchies, Measures: Their Categorization and computation, Typical OLAP Operations.

**UNIT – III:**

**Data Warehouse Implementation & Data Mining:** Data Warehouse Architecture, What is data mining, Challenges, From Data Warehousing and Data Mining, Data Mining Tasks, Data Mining Functionalities, Major Issues in Data Mining. Data: Types of Data, Data Quality, Data Pre-processing, Measures of Similarity and Dissimilarity.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Association Analysis:** Association Analysis: Problem Definition, Frequent Item set Generation, Rule generation. Alternative Methods for Generating Frequent Item sets, FP-Growth Algorithm, Evaluation of Association Patterns.

**UNIT – V:**

**Classification:** Decision Trees Induction, Method for Comparing Classifiers, Rule Based Classifiers, Nearest Neighbor Classifiers, Bayesian Classifiers.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Clustering Analysis:** Overview, K-Means, Agglomerative Hierarchical Clustering, DBSCAN, Cluster Evaluation, Density-Based Clustering, Graph- Based Clustering, Scalable Clustering Algorithms.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Introduction to Data Mining, Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach, Vipin Kumar, First Impression, Pearson, 2014
2. Data Mining-Concepts and Techniques, Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber, Jian Pei, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2012

**REFERENCES:**

1. Data Warehousing in the Real World, Sam Anahory, Dennis Murray, Tenth Impression, Pearson, 2012
2. Mastering Data Mining, Michael J. Berry, Gordon S. Linoff, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Wiley, 2012

# SELF-DRIVING CAR



## AUTONOMOUS VEHICLES

Offered by:

**AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING**

Courses in the OE Track:

OE Tracks	V Sem (OE-I)	VI Sem (OE-II)	VII Sem (OE-III)	VIII Sem (OE-IV)
<b>Autonomous Vehicles</b>	Principles of Automobile Engineering	Modern Automotive Technologies	<b>Electric, Hybrid and Fuel Cell Vehicles</b>	Connected and Autonomous Vehicles

## **OE TRACK :: AUTONOMOUS VEHICLES**

The invention of the wheel marked a large step in the evolution of mankind. With mobility, man experienced a new found freedom that opened the doors for several other inventions. Automobile engineering or automotive engineering is one of the most challenging careers in the field of engineering with a wide scope. This branch deals with the designing, developing, manufacturing, testing and servicing automobiles such as cars, trucks, motorcycles, scooters, etc. and the related engineering sub systems. For the perfect blend of designing and manufacturing automobiles, automobile engineering uses the features of different elements of engineering such as mechanical, electrical, electronic, instrumentation, civil, software and safety engineering. Exploring the topic from an interdisciplinary perspective is indispensable. Globalization and incredible growth of automobile industry have resulted in numerous opportunities for engineers both in India and abroad.

The 17<sup>th</sup> and 18<sup>th</sup> centuries were mostly about steam-powered vehicles transporting people and goods. While electric cars enjoyed popularity in the 19<sup>th</sup> and early 20<sup>th</sup> centuries, the later period saw the accelerated adoption of the petrol car, due to its advantages of power, mass production, cost and advances in the internal combustion engine. It is only in the 21<sup>st</sup> century that interest in electric cars has come back, given the need for cleaner, greener modes of transport. The modern period is associated with several path breaking technologies. Over the last couple of decades, there has been an explosion of electronics in vehicles. Connected cars that include technology features are ever more popular. These smart cars come with internet access, GPS, wi-fi, superior infotainment, advanced telematics and navigation capabilities. More innovations in in-vehicle infotainment and electronics promise to give car users even more enhanced capabilities in the near future.

Today, safety has become a larger concern than ever before. While entertainment and infotainment have made car driving a pleasure, this has also given rise to a growing tribe of distracted drivers. Add to this, underdeveloped roads, which take a toll on drivers today. Increased distractions and fatigue can also contribute to human fatalities. The future certainly points in the direction of driverless cars, which promise to alleviate concerns of traffic congestion and road safety. Driverless cars, also known as autonomous cars, will usher in a paradigm shift in the evolution of the modern automobile. Self-driving cars can sense the environment and traffic with the help of RADAR, LIDAR, GPS and computer vision and navigate without human intervention. Autonomous cars are claimed to have greater accuracy, reliability and faster reaction time compared to human drivers. This would lead to fewer traffic collisions and less road congestion.

Autonomous driving is a popular subject of today's discussion and automakers are developing complex systems that allow cars to drive themselves. If technology continues on its current course, car will do the concentrating for you. Self-parking, automatic emergency braking, adaptive cruise control and lane keeping are just some of the technologies that have leapt into the market in the past few years. Put them all together, get a picture of driving to assisted driving to fully autonomous cars. The open elective track "Autonomous Vehicles" offered by the department of automobile engineering trains the students to meet the technological challenges and diverse needs of the industry and society in various areas of automobile engineering and equips them to excel in a truly competitive industry. With through knowledge in this field, engineering graduates get opportunity to serve many top-notch automobile companies and IT companies as well.

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.TECH. VII Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(19OE1AE03) ELECTRIC, HYBRID AND FUEL CELL VEHICLES  
(Open Elective -III)**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Principles of Automobile Engineering, Modern Automotive Technologies

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To study the concepts and drivetrain configurations of electric and hybrid vehicles
- To understand about electric propulsion system
- To provide various energy storage devices
- To present principle, working and automotive applications of fuel cell and solar technology

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Explain the concepts and drivetrain configurations of electric and hybrid vehicles

**CO-2:** Discuss various electric motors and controls

**CO-3:** Present various energy storage devices

**CO-4:** Describe automotive applications of fuel cell and solar technology

**UNIT – I:**

**Electric Vehicles:** Layout of an electric vehicle, system components, traction motor characteristics, transmission, electronic control system, advantage and limitations, performance and energy consumption of electric vehicles.

**UNIT – II:**

**Hybrid Vehicles:** Concepts of hybrid electric drivetrain based on hybridization and powertrain configuration, architecture of series, parallel and series-parallel hybrid electric drivetrains, modes of operation, merits and demerits, plug-in hybrid architecture, speed and torque coupling of hybrid electric drivetrains.

**UNIT – III:**

**Electric Motors:** Review of technology suited to automotive propulsion, requirements, DC motors, Induction motors, permanent magnet brushless DC motors and switched reluctance motors.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Motor Drives:** Speed and torque control, DC motor - Chopper based four quadrant operations, induction motor, permanent magnet motor and switched reluctance motor.

**UNIT – V:**

**Energy Storages:** Electromechanical batteries - Types, parameters, lead acid batteries, nickel-based batteries, lithium-based batteries, battery management system and ultracapacitors.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Fuel Cell and Solar Vehicles:** Fuel cell vehicle – Operating principle, types of fuel cells, fuel cell options for fuel cell vehicle and fuel cell hybrid vehicle. Solar vehicle - Solar photovoltaic cell, solar array, solar car electrical system and drive train.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles: Fundamentals, Theory and Design, Mehrdad Ehsani, Yimin Gao, Sebastien E. Gay and Ali Emadi, CRC Press, 2004
2. Electric Vehicle Technology-Explained, James Larminie and John Louny, John Wiley & Sons Ltd., 2003

**REFERENCES:**

1. Electric and Hybrid Vehicles – Design Fundamentals, Iqbal Husain, CRC Press, 2010
2. Electric Vehicle Battery Systems, Sandeep Dhameja, Butterworth–Heinemann, 2002
3. Electric and Hybrid – Electric Vehicles, Ronald K. Jurgen, SAE, 2002
4. Light Weight Electric/Hybrid Vehicle Design, Ron Hodgkinson and John Fenton, Butterworth–Heinemann

# GENERAL-COMPUTING

Offered by:

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND  
ENGINEERING /  
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

## Courses in the Pool:

- Programming through Java
- Relational Data Base Management Systems
- Computational Thinking using Python
- Introduction to Data Analytics
- Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms



## OE POOL :: GENERAL-COMPUTING

### 1. Programming through Java

**Java** is an extensively **used** programming language specifically intended for use in the distributed environment of the internet. **Java** help students to create wide-ranging applications that possibly will run on a single workstation or be distributed among servers and clients in a network.

Java is an extremely fruitful language and an upper option for many developers for many years. The motive that it has remained so prevalent is since it still happens the needs of functioning across networks.

#### **Students will have different roles and responsibilities by learning Java Programming**

- Designing, implementing, and maintaining Java applications that are often high-volume and low-latency, required for mission-critical systems.
- Delivering high availability and performance.
- Contributing in all phases of the development lifecycle.
- Writing well-designed, efficient, and testable code.

### 2. Relational Database Management Systems

A relational database permits you to effortlessly find precise information. It also consents you to sort based on any field and produce reports that comprise only definite fields from each record. With features like, Data Accuracy, Easy Access to Data, Data Integrity, Flexibility, Normalization, High Security, Feasible for Future Modifications

#### **By learning RDBMS Students will have different roles in Database environment**

- Data Administrator,
- Database Administrator
- Database Designer
- Application Programmer

### 3. Computational Thinking using Python

The **python** language is one of the utmost accessible programming languages available because it has streamlined syntax and not complex, which gives more importance on natural language. Due to its comfort of learning and practice, **python** codes can be readily written and executed much quicker than former programming languages.

Data Science: The libraries and frameworks Python offers, e.g. PyBrain, PyMySQL, and NumPy are one of the big reasons. Another reason is diversity. Python experience allows you to do a lot more than any other language, e.g. you can create scripts to automate stuff, go into web development, and so much more.

## **Students will have various Job Profiles by learning Python**

- Software Engineer.
- Python Developer.
- Research Analyst.
- Data Analyst.
- Data Scientist.
- Software Developer.

## **4. Introduction to Data Analytics**

**Data** Scientists and Analysts **use data analytics** techniques in their research, and businesses also **use** it to inform their conclusions. **Data analysis** can assistance corporations healthier comprehend their customers, assess their ad-campaigns, personalize gratified, create content approaches and progress products.

### **By learning Data Analytics students will get Jobs with different designations**

- IT Systems Analyst. Systems analysts use and design systems to solve problems in information technology. ...
- Healthcare Data Analyst. ...
- Operations Analyst. ...
- Data Scientist. ...
- Data Engineer. ...
- Quantitative Analyst. ...
- Data Analytics Consultant. ...
- Digital Marketing Manager.

VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. V Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(19OE1IT06) PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To introduce object-oriented programming concepts using the Java language
- To introduce the principles of inheritance and polymorphism; and demonstrates how they relate to the design of abstract classes
- To introduce the implementation of packages and interfaces
- To introduce exception handling, event handling and multithreading

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Develop applications for range of problems using object-oriented programming techniques

**CO-2:** Design simple graphical user interface applications

**CO-3:** Explore the design of graphical user interface using applets and swings

**UNIT – I:**

**Object Oriented Thinking and Java Basics:** Need for OOP Paradigm, Summary of OOP Concepts, Coping with Complexity, Abstraction Mechanisms, A Way of Viewing World – Agents, Responsibility, Messages, Methods, History of Java, Java Buzzwords, Data Types, Variables, Scope and Life Time of Variables, Arrays, Operators, Expressions, Control Statements, Type Conversion and Casting, Simple Java Program, Concepts of Classes, Objects, Constructors, Methods, Access Control, This Keyword, Garbage Collection, Overloading Methods and Constructors, Method Binding, Inheritance, Overriding and Exceptions, Parameter Passing, Recursion, Nested and Inner Classes, Exploring String Class.

**UNIT – II:**

**Inheritance, Packages and Interfaces:** Hierarchical Abstractions, Base Class Object, Subclass, Subtype, Substitutability, Forms of Inheritance- Specialization, Specification, Construction, Extension, Limitation, Combination, Benefits of Inheritance, Costs of Inheritance. Member Access Rules, Super Uses, Using Final with Inheritance, Polymorphism- Method Overriding, Abstract Classes, The Object Class. Defining, Creating and Accessing a Package, Understanding Classpath, Importing Packages, Differences between Classes and Interfaces, Defining an Interface, Implementing Interface, Applying Interfaces, Variables in Interface and Extending Interfaces, Exploring Java.IO.

**UNIT – III:**

**Exception Handling and Multi-threading:** Concepts of Exception Handling, Benefits of Exception Handling, Termination or Resumptive Models, Exception Hierarchy, Usage of Try, Catch, Throw, Throws and Finally, Built in Exceptions, Creating Own Exception Sub Classes.

String Handling, Exploring Java. Util, Differences between Multi-Threading and Multitasking, Thread Life Cycle, Creating Threads, Thread Priorities, Synchronizing Threads, Interthread Communication, Thread Groups, Daemon Threads. Enumerations, Autoboxing, Annotations, Generics.

#### **UNIT – IV:**

**Event Handling:** Events, Event Sources, Event Classes, Event Listeners, Delegation Event Model, Handling Mouse and Keyboard Events, Adapter Classes.

The AWT Class Hierarchy, User Interface Components- Labels, Button, Canvas, Scrollbars, Text Components, Check Box, Check Box Groups, Choices, Lists Panels – Scrollpane, Dialogs, Menubar, Graphics, Layout Manager – Layout Manager Types – Border, Grid, Flow, Card and Grid Bag.

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Applets:** Concepts of Applets, Differences between Applets and Applications, Life Cycle of an Applet, Types of Applets, Creating Applets, Passing Parameters to Applets.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Swing:** Introduction, Limitations of AWT, MVC Architecture, Components, Containers, Exploring Swing- JApplet, JFrame and JComponent, Icons and Labels, Text Fields, Buttons – The JButton Class, Check Boxes, Radio Buttons, Combo Boxes, Tabbed Panes, Scroll Panes, Trees, and Tables.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Java The Complete Reference, Herbert Schildt, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, TMH
2. Understanding OOP with Java Updated Edition, T. Budd, Pearson Education
3. An Introduction to Programming and OO Design using Java, J. Nino and F.A. Hosch, John Wiley & Sons

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Introduction to Java Programming, Y. Daniel Liang, Pearson Education
2. An Introduction to Java Programming and Object-Oriented Application Development, R.A. Johnson, Thomson
3. Core Java 2, Vol. 1 - Fundamentals, Cay. S. Horstmann and Gary Cornell, Eighth Edition, Pearson Education
4. Core Java 2, Vol. 2 - Advanced Features, Cay. S. Horstmann and Gary Cornell, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education

## VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. V Semester

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

### (19OE1CS08) RELATIONAL DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

#### COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basic concepts and the applications of database systems.
- To master the basics of SQL and construct queries using SQL.
- To understand the relational database design principles.
- To become familiar with the basic issues of transaction processing and concurrency control.
- To become familiar with database storage structures and access techniques.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Demonstrate the basic elements of a relational database management system.

**CO-2:** Ability to identify the data models for relevant problems.

**CO-3:** Ability to design entity relationship model and convert entity relationship diagrams into RDBMS and formulate SQL queries on the data.

**CO-4:** Apply normalization for the development of application software.

#### UNIT-I:

**Introduction:** Database System Applications, Purpose of Database Systems, View of Data, Database Languages – DDL, DML, Relational Databases, Database Design, Data Storage and Querying, Transaction Management, Database Architecture, Data Mining and Information Retrieval, Specialty Databases, Database Users and Administrators, History of Database Systems.

**Introduction to Data base design:** Database Design and ER diagrams, Entities, Attributes and Entity sets, Relationships and Relationship sets, Additional features of ER Model, Conceptual Design with the ER Model, Conceptual Design for Large enterprises.

**Relational Model:** Introduction to the Relational Model, Integrity Constraints over Relations, Enforcing Integrity constraints, Querying relational data, Logical data base Design: ER to Relational, Introduction to Views, Destroying /Altering Tables and Views.

#### UNIT- II:

**Relational Algebra and Calculus:** Preliminaries, Relational Algebra, Relational calculus – Tuple relational Calculus, Domain relational calculus, Expressive Power of Algebra and calculus.

**SQL:** Queries, Constraints, Triggers: Form of Basic SQL Query, UNION, INTERSECT, and EXCEPT, Nested Queries, Aggregate Operators, NULL values Complex Integrity Constraints in SQL, Triggers and Active Data bases, Designing Active Databases.

#### UNIT- III:

**Schema Refinement and Normal Forms:** Introduction to Schema Refinement, Functional Dependencies - Reasoning about FDs, Normal Forms, Properties of Decompositions, Normalization, Schema Refinement in Database Design, Other Kinds of Dependencies.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

**Transaction Management:** Transactions, Transaction Concept, A Simple Transaction Model, Storage Structure, Transaction Atomicity and Durability, Transaction Isolation, Serializability, Transaction Isolation and Atomicity Transaction Isolation Levels, Implementation of Isolation Levels.

#### **UNIT-V:**

**Concurrency Control:** Lock-Based Protocols, Multiple Granularity, Timestamp-Based Protocols, Validation-Based Protocols, Multiversion Schemes.

Recovery System-Failure Classification, Storage, Recovery and Atomicity, Recovery Algorithm, Buffer Management, Failure with loss of nonvolatile storage, Early Lock Release and Logical Undo Operations, Remote Backup systems.

#### **UNIT-VI:**

**Storage and Indexing:** Overview of Storage and Indexing: Data on External Storage, File Organization and Indexing, Index Data Structures, Comparison of File Organizations.

**Tree-Structured Indexing:** Intuition for tree Indexes, Indexed Sequential Access Method (ISAM), B+ Trees: A Dynamic Index Structure, Search, Insert, Delete.

Hash- Based Indexing: Static Hashing, Extendible hashing, Linear Hashing, Extendible vs. Linear Hashing.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Data base Management Systems, Raghu Ramakrishnan, Johannes Gehrke, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 3rd Edition
2. Data base System Concepts, A. Silberschatz, Henry. F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited I, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition
3. Database Systems, R Elmasri, Shamkant B.Navathe, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education

#### **REFERNCES:**

1. Database System Concepts, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel, Cengage Learning
2. Introduction to Database Management, M. L. Gillenson and others, Wiley Student Edition
3. Database Development and Management, Lee Chao, Auerbach publications, Taylor & Francis Group
4. Introduction to Database Systems, C. J. Date, Pearson Education

## VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech.

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

### (19OE1IT03) COMPUTATIONAL THINKING USING PYTHON

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand why Python is a useful scripting language for developers
- To create and execute Python programs and to Learn how to use lists, tuples, and dictionaries in Python programs
- To learn how to build and package Python modules for reusability
- To learn how to design object oriented programs with Python classes
- To learn how to use exception handling in Python applications for error handling

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Adapt and combine standard algorithms to solve a given problem (includes numerical as well as non-numerical algorithms)

**CO-2:** Adequately use standard programming constructs: repetition, selection, functions, composition, modules, aggregated data (arrays, lists, etc.)

**CO-3:** Explain what a given program (in Python) does identify and repair coding errors in a program

**CO-4:** Understand and use object based software concepts (constructing OO software will be dealt with in the course Software Engineering)

**CO-5:** Use library software for (e.g.) building a graphical user interface, web application, or mathematical software

**UNIT-I:**

Introduction, History, Features, Setting up path, Working with Python, Basic Syntax, Variable and Data Types, Operator, Conditional Statements-If, If- else Nested if-else Looping For While Nested loops Control Statements. Break Continue Pass String Manipulation Accessing Strings Basic Operations String slices Function.

**UNIT- II:**

Methods Lists Introduction Accessing list Operations Working with lists Function and Methods Tuple Introduction Accessing tuples Operations Working Functions and Methods Dictionaries-Introduction Accessing values in dictionaries Working with dictionaries Properties.

**UNIT- III:**

Functions - Defining a function Calling a function Types of functions Function Arguments Anonymous functions Global and local variables. Modules- Creation, Importing module, Math module Random module Packages.

**UNIT-IV:**

Composition -Input-Output-Printing on screen, Reading data from keyboard, Opening and closing file Reading and writing files, Functions. Exception Handling -Exception, Exception Handling, Except clause, Try ? Finally clause, User Defined Exceptions

**UNIT-V:**

OOPs concept - Class and object, Attributes, Inheritance, Overloading, Overriding, Data hiding, Regular expressions- Match function, Search function, Matching VS Searching, Modifiers, Patterns. Multithreading-Thread, Starting a thread, Threading module, Synchronizing threads.

**CGI** - Introduction, Architecture, CGI environment variable, GET and POST methods, Cookies, File upload.

**UNIT-VI:**

Database- Introduction, Connections, Executing queries, Transactions Handling error, Networking - Socket, Socket Module, Methods, Client and server, Internet modules, Sending email.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Learning Python, By David Ascher and Mark Lutz, O'Reilly

**REFERNCES:**

1. Python Programming: An Introduction to Computer Science by John M. Zelle, Second Edition, Kindle Edition
2. Python Essential Reference by David M. Beazley, Fourth Edition, Developer's Library



VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech.

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

(19OE1IT07) INTRODUCTION TO DATA ANALYTICS

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To be exposed to conceptual framework of big data
- To understand different techniques of data analysis
- To be familiar with concepts of data streams
- To be exposed to item sets, clustering, frame works and Visualization

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Understand big data fundamentals

**CO-2:** Learn various data analysis techniques

**CO-3:** Implement various data streams

**CO-4:** Understand item sets, clustering, frame works & Visualizations

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Big Data:** Introduction to Big Data Platform – Challenges of Conventional systems – Web data – Evolution of Analytic scalability, analytic process and tools, Analysis vs Reporting – Modern data analytic tools,

**Statistical Concepts:** Sampling distributions, resampling, statistical inference, prediction error.

**UNIT – II:**

**Data Analysis:** Regression modeling, Multivariate analysis, Bayesian modeling, inference and Bayesian networks, Support vector and Kernel methods

**Analysis of Time Series:** Linear systems analysis, nonlinear dynamics – Rule induction –

**Neural Networks:** Learning and and Generalisation, competitive learning, Principal component analysis and neural networks

**Fuzzy Logic:** extracting fuzzy models from data, fuzzy decision trees, Stochastic search methods.

**UNIT – III:**

**Mining Data Streams:** Introduction to Streams Concepts – Stream data model and architecture – Stream Computing, Sampling data in a stream – Filtering streams – Counting distinct elements in a stream – Estimating moments – Counting oneness in a Window – Decaying window – Real time Analytics Platform (RTAP) applications – case studies – real time sentiment analysis, stock market predictions.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Frequent Itemsets and Clustering:** Mining Frequent itemsets – Market based Modeling – Apriori Algorithm – Handling large data sets in Main Memory – Limited Pass Algorithm – Counting frequent itemsets in a Stream – Clustering Techniques – Hierarchical – K-Means.

**UNIT – V:**

Clustering high dimensional data – CLIQUE and ProCLUS – Frequent pattern-based clustering methods – Clustering in non-Euclidean space – Clustering for streams and Parallelism.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Frameworks and Visualization:** MapReduce – Hadoop, Hive, MapR – Sharding – NoSQL Databases – S3 – Hadoop Distributed file systems – Visualizations – Visual data analysis techniques,

**Interaction Techniques:** Systems and Applications

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Intelligent Data Analysis, Michael Berthold, David J. Hand, Springer, 2007
2. Mining of Massive Datasets, Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey David Ullman, Cambridge University Press, 2012

**REFERENCES:**

1. Taming the Big Data Tidal Wave: Finding Opportunities in Huge Data Streams with Advanced Analytics, Bill Franks, John Wiley & Sons, 2012
2. Big Data Glossary, Glenn J. Myatt, Making Sense of Data, John Wiley & Sons, Pete Warden, O'Reilly, 2011
3. Data Mining Concepts and Techniques, Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Elsevier, 2008

## VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech.

L	T/P/D	C
3	0	3

### (19OE1CS11) FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTER ALGORITHMS

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To reinforce algorithms analysis methods
- To analyse running time of an algorithm
- To understand different algorithm design strategies
- To familiarize with an assortment of important algorithms

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Apply algorithm design techniques and concepts to solve given engineering problem

**CO-2:** Analyze running times of algorithms using asymptotic analysis

**CO-3:** Develop efficient algorithms for computational tasks

**CO-4:** Computing complexity measures of algorithms

#### **UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Characteristics of algorithm. Analysis of algorithms: Asymptotic analysis of complexity bounds – best, average and worst-case behaviour; Performance measurements of Algorithm, Time and space trade-offs.

#### **UNIT – II:**

**Divide and Conquer:** General method, applications-Binary search, Quick sort, Merge sort, Strassen's matrix multiplication. Analysis of recursive algorithms through recurrence relations: Substitution method, Recursion tree method and Masters' theorem.

#### **UNIT – III:**

**Greedy Method:** General method, applications-Job sequencing with deadlines, 0/1 knapsack problem, Minimum cost spanning trees, Single source shortest path problem, Huffman Codes.

#### **UNIT – IV:**

**Dynamic Programming-I:** General method, Principle of optimality, applications-Multistage graphs, Matrix chain multiplication, Optimal binary search trees.

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Dynamic Programming-II:** 0/1 knapsack problem, All pairs shortest path problem, Travelling sales person problem, Reliability design.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Backtracking:** General method, applications- N-Queen problem, Sum of subsets problem, Graph coloring, Hamiltonian cycles.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, E. Horowitz et al., Galgotia Publications
2. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Lieserson, Ronald L. Rivest and Clifford Stein, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, MIT Press/McGraw-Hill

**REFERENCES:**

1. Algorithm Design, Jon Kleinberg and EvaTardos, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Pearson
2. Algorithm Design: Foundations, Analysis and Internet Examples, Michael T. Goodrich and Roberto Tamassia, Second Edition, Wiley
3. Algorithms – A Creative Approach, Udi Manber, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA
4. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Anany Levitin, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Publications

# GENERAL POOL

Offered by:

**HUMANITIES AND SCIENCES**

## Courses in the OE Pool:

- Professional Ethics & Human Values
- Entrepreneurship
- **Personality Development & Public Speaking**
- Foreign Language – French

**VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**B.Tech. VII Semester**

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<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**(19OE1HS03) PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLIC SPEAKING**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To develop skills and techniques for Effective Communication and Public Speaking
- To develop Leadership qualities and increase Self – confidence
- To get along with people and Team-Building
- To enhance career opportunities by Goal setting
- To develop an acceptable personality

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Communicate better and speak with confidence

**CO-2:** Exhibit Leadership qualities and increased Self – confidence

**CO-3:** Work towards Team-Building

**CO-4:** Use career opportunities by Goal setting

**CO-5:** Acquire a forceful personality to maintain a pleasant relationship between the seniors and subordinates and other stakeholders

**UNIT – I:**

**EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION**

- i. Fundamentals of Effective Communication
- ii. How to sell your ideas
- iii. Communication within Industry (awareness of motivation, ego states, games, etc.)
- iv. Guidelines on: Listening, Reading and Writing
- v. Non-verbal Communication (Body Language)
- vi. Barriers of Communication

**UNIT – II:**

**PUBLIC SPEAKING (SPEECH COMMUNICATION)**

- i. How to develop courage and self-confidence
- ii. Speech purposes, preparation patterns and outlining of speech
- iii. Fundamentals and secrets of good delivery
- iv. How to make your meaning clear and convince an audience / client
- v. How to close effectively and get action?
- vi. How to participate in conferences, group discussions and office meetings

**UNIT – III:**

**PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT - 1**

- i. Leadership - qualities of a successful leader ; Leadership Styles; Leadership in Administration; Problem-solving & Decision-making
- ii. Group Dynamics and Team Building

- iii. Importance of groups in organization; Interactions in group, Group Decision Taking, Team Building, Interaction with the Team, Building a good team

**UNIT – IV:**

**PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT -2**

- i. Interpersonal Relations- Introduction; Transactional Analysis in communication  
Awareness of Ego states and their application in communication
- ii. Conflict Management- Introduction & Causes of Conflict; Managing Conflict

**UNIT – V:**

**PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT -3**

- i. Positive Attitude & Ways to develop positive attitude  
Self Esteem & Confidence Building
- ii. Motivation- Importance of self-motivation;
- iii. Stress -Causes of Stress & Impact of Stress; Managing Stress

**UNIT – VI:**

**PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT -4**

- i. Goal Setting-Meaning; Short, medium and Long Term Goals;  
Importance of Goal setting & Steps for Goal Setting
- ii. Creativity-Meaning; Barriers to Creativity & Steps to stimulate Creativity  
Understanding and Importance of Human Values; Ideals in Life; Becoming a Role Model
- iii. Time Management - Time as a Resource; Techniques for better Time Management.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Advance Speaking Skills, Jeremy Harmer & John Arnold, Essex, Longman Group Limited, 1978
2. Developing Soft Skills, Sherfield R. M., Montgomery R. J., Moody P. G., 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson, 2010
3. Personality Development and Soft Skills, Barun K. Mitra, Oxford University Press, 2016

**REFERENCES:**

1. Body Language: A Guide for Professionals, Hedwig Lewis, Response Books (a division of Sage Publications India, Pvt. Ltd.,) New Delhi, 1998
2. Emotional Intelligence, Daniel Goldman, Bantam Books, 1995
3. Personality Development, Rajiv Mishra, Rupa & Co., 2004

# GENERAL POOL

Offered by:

**DEPARTMENTS**

## Courses in the OE Pool:

- Smart Cities
- Trends in Energy Sources for Sustainable Development
- 3D Printing and Design
- Embedded Systems for IoT
- Artificial Intelligence - A Beginner's Guide
- Blockchain Essentials
- Fundamentals of Robotics and Drones
- Fundamentals of Cyber Security
- Fundamentals of Data Science
- Introduction to Advanced Vehicle Technologies



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B.Tech.

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3	0	3

(19OE1CE09) SMART CITIES

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand smart city basic concepts, global standards, and Indian context of smart cities
- To explain smart community, smart transportation and smart buildings
- To understand Energy demand, Green approach to meet Energy demand and their capacities
- To identify Smart Transportation Technologies in cities and concepts towards smart city

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1: Explain and elaborate** smart city concepts and their international and national standards

**CO-2: Conceptualize** smart community, transportation and building concepts

**CO-3: Develop and calibrate** energy demand and their capacity limits

**CO-4: Predict** the various smart urban transportation systems and the transition from existing city towards a smart city

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Smart Cities:** Introduction to Smart Cities - Understanding Smart Cities - Dimensions of Smart Cities – World urbanization, Global Experience of Smart Cities, Smart City case studies-Indian scenario - India "100 Smart Cities" Policy and Mission.

**UNIT – II:**

**City as a System of Systems:** Systems thinking – Developing a smart city approach – Core elements of a smart city – Relevant open data for a smart city – Sustainability – Privacy and Ethics – Energy systems for smarter cities.

**UNIT – III**

**Smart Cities Planning and Development:** Introduction to Smart Community; Smart community concepts: Concept of Smart Community - Smart Transportation - Smart Building and Home Device - Smart Health - Smart Government - Smart Energy and Water - Cybersecurity, Safety, and Privacy; Internet of Things, Blockchain, Artificial Intelligence, Alternate Reality, Virtual Reality.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Smart Urban Energy Systems:** Conventional vs. Smart, City components, Energy demand, Green approach to meet Energy demand, Index of Indian cities towards smartness – a statistical analysis -Meeting energy demand through direct and indirect solar resources- Efficiency of indirect solar resources and its utility, Capacity limit for

the indirect solar resources- Effectiveness in responsive environment in smart city;  
Smart communication using green resources- **Relevant case studies**

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Smart Transportation Systems:** Smart Transportation Technologies - Driverless and connected vehicles - ride sharing solutions - The "improve" pathway - The "shift" pathway – Smart Roads and Pavement systems – Relevant case studies

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Future of Smart Cities:** The transition of legacy cities to Smart - Right transition process - the benefit of citizens, cities have to adopt effective management and governance approaches-factors in the transition phase of legacy cities to Smart cities and their managerial implications.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Internet of Things in Smart Technologies for Sustainable Urban Development, G. R. Kanagachidambaresan, R. Maheswar, V. Manikandan, K. Ramakrishnan., Springer, 2020
2. Society 5.0: A People-Centric Super-Smart Society, Hitachi-UTokyo Laboratory (H-UTokyo Lab), Springer, 2020
3. The Routledge Companion to Smart Cities, Katharine S. Willis, Alessandro Aurigi, Routledge International Handbooks, 2020

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Smart Cities in Asia: Governing Development in the Era of Hyper-Connectivity Yu-min Joo, Yu-Min Joo, Teck-Boon Tan, Edward Elgar Pub, 2020
2. Urban Systems Design: Creating Sustainable Smart Cities in the Internet of Things Era, Yoshiki Yamagata, Perry P. J. Yang, Elsevier, 2020
3. Smart Cities and Artificial Intelligence: Convergent Systems for Planning, Design, and Operations, Christopher Grant Kirwan, Zhiyong Fu, Elsevier, 2020

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(19OE1EE05) TRENDS IN ENERGY SOURCES FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the role of sustainable energy
- To know components of solar PV and wind energy conversion systems
- To understand the principles of Biomass, geo-thermal and wave energy systems
- To learn various energy storage methods

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Understand various sources for sustainable energy

**CO-2:** Understand Solar Photo voltaic and wind energy systems

**CO-3:** Learnt the harnessing techniques of Biomass, geothermal and ocean energy

**CO-4:** Familiarize with energy storage methods

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Trends in energy consumption - Conventional and renewable sources, Energy sources and their availability, Energy Conservation status in India -need of new energies for sustainable development.

**UNIT – II:**

**Fundamentals of Solar Radiation:** Introduction-The Sun as Source of Energy, Extraterrestrial and Terrestrial Radiations, Spectral Power Distribution of Solar Radiation, instruments for measuring solar radiation and sunshine recorder.

**Solar PV Conversion:** The PV Cell-Crystalline Solar cells -Thin film and amorphous solar cells, Module, Array, Equivalent Electrical circuit- Open circuit voltage and Short circuit current, I-V, P-V Curves. Developments in efficient non silicon solar cells

**UNIT – III:**

**Wind Energy:** origin of winds-Global (or Planetary) Winds- Local Winds-Factors Affecting the Distribution of Wind Energy on the Surface of Earth, Wind Turbine – Types, construction of HAWT, VAWT, performance characteristics, Betz criteria.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Bio-Mass:** Principles of Bio-Conversion, Anaerobic/aerobic digestion, types of Biogas digesters, combustion characteristics of bio-gas, utilization for cooking, I.C. Engine operation and economic aspects.

**UNIT – V:**

**Geothermal Energy:** Resources, types of wells, methods of harnessing the energy

**Ocean Energy:** OTEC, Principles utilization, setting of OTEC plants, thermodynamic cycles.

**Tidal and Wave Energy:** Potential and conversion techniques, mini-hydel power plants, and their economics.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Energy Storage:**

**Electro Chemical Storage:** lead-acid- nickel cadmium-nickel-metal-hydride and lithium type batteries-Principle of operation, Types, Advantages and disadvantages.

**Non-Electric Storage:** Methods of Energy storage –Pumped Energy Storage – Compressed air Energy Storage, Superconducting Magnet Energy Storage.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Non-Conventional Energy Sources, G. D. Rai, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Khanna Publishers, 2004
2. Non-Convention Energy Resources, B. H. Khan, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, 2017

**REFERENCES:**

1. Renewable Energy Sources, Twidell & Weir, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, CRC Press, 2015
2. Solar Energy, Sukhatme, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, 2008
3. Non-Conventional Energy, Ashok V. Desai, Wiley Eastern, 1990

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**(19OE1ME05) 3D PRINTING AND DESIGN**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the need and know about the applications of 3D Printing
- To understand the need of liquid and solid based 3D Printing systems
- To know about the laser-based 3D Printing systems and importance of CAD for 3D Printing
- To understand post-processing, inspection and testing involved in 3D Printing

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Summarize the importance of 3D Printing

**CO-2:** Explain the process involved in liquid and solid based 3D Printing Systems

**CO-3:** Explain about the laser-based 3D Printing systems and CAD for 3D Printing

**CO-4:** Plan post-processing techniques and perform inspection and testing in 3D Printing

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Introduction to 3D Printing, Classification, 3D Printing Process Chain, Materials for 3D Printing, Distinction between 3D Printing & Conventional Manufacturing.

**Applications:** Brief overview of applications in Aerospace, Automotive, Biomedical, Defense, Construction, Jewelry, Coin and Tableware Industry.

**UNIT – II:**

**Liquid Based 3D Printing Systems:** Introduction, Principle, Processes and Applications of Material Jetting and Stereolithography.

**UNIT – III:**

**Solid Based 3D Printing Systems:** Introduction, Principle, Processes and Applications of Fused Deposition Modeling (FDM) and Laminated Object Manufacturing (LOM).

**UNIT – IV:**

**Powder Based 3D Printing Systems:** Introduction, Principle, Processes and Applications of Selective Laser Sintering (SLS), Three-Dimensional Printing (3DP).

**UNIT – V:**

**CAD for 3D Printing:** CAD data formats, CAD model preparation, Part orientation and support generation, Overview of 3D Printing softwares like MAGICS and MIMICS only.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Post Processing:** Introduction, Post Processing Techniques like Support material removal, Cleaning, Sanding and Polishing.

**Inspection:** Introduction, Significance, Inspection techniques like Dimensional measurement along X, Y and Z axes, visual inspection of the surface finish (overall aesthetics and intact features), flatness or warp check, and FOD (foreign objects or debris) check.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Additive Manufacturing Technologies: Rapid Prototyping to Direct Digital Manufacturing, Ian Gibson, David W Rosen, Brent Stucker., Springer, 2010
2. Rapid Prototyping: Principles and Applications, Chua C.K., Leong K.F., and Lim C.S., 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, World Scientific, 2010

**REFERENCES:**

1. Rapid Prototyping and Engineering Applications: A Toolbox for Prototype Development, Liou L.W. and Liou F.W., CRC Press, 2007
2. Rapid Prototyping: Theory and Practice, Kamrani A.K. and Nasr E.A., Springer, 2006
3. Rapid Tooling: Technologies and Industrial Applications, Hilton P.D. and Jacobs P.F., CRC Press, 2000
4. Rapid Prototyping, Gebhardt A., Hanser, Gardener Publications, 2003

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**(19OE1EC09) EMBEDDED SYSTEMS FOR IOT**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Programming through C

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the basics of computing with Embedded Systems
- To expose the students to various smart sensors
- To make the students familiar with the programming concepts of Embedded development board
- To understand the basics of Internet of Things and Cloud of things

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Familiar with architectural and programming issues of Embedded Systems

**CO-2:** Able to select proper smart Sensor for a specific measurement application

**CO-3:** Analyze various protocols for Internet of Things

**CO-4:** Apply Internet of Things to different applications in the real world

**UNIT – I:**

**Embedded System Design:** Numbering and Coding Systems, Digital Premier, Inside the Computer

Embedded system - Definition, Characteristics of embedded computing applications, Design challenges, Requirements, Specification, Architecture design, Designing hardware and software components, system integration.

**UNIT – II:**

**Smart Sensors & Applications:** Introduction, Primary Sensors, Excitation, Amplification, Filters, Converters, Compensation, Information Coding/Processing, Data Communication, Standards for Smart Sensor Interface, the Automation.

**UNIT – III:**

**Sensors Applications:** Introduction, On-board Automobile Sensors (Automotive Sensors), Home Appliance Sensors, Aerospace Sensors, Sensors for Manufacturing, Sensors for environmental Monitoring.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Micro Controller Board:** Features of Arduino, Arduino components and IDE, Interfacing: Seven Segment Display, Pulse Width Modulation, Analog Digital Converter, Wireless connectivity to Arduino. Case study: From BT To WiFi: Creating WiFi Controlled Arduino Robot Car.

**UNIT – V:**

**Introduction to Internet of Things:** Definition and Characteristics of IoT, Physical Design of IoT, Logical Design of IoT, IoT enabled Technologies – Wireless Sensor Networks,

Cloud Computing, Big data analytics, Communication protocols, Embedded Systems, IoT Levels and Deployment Templates, M2M, IoT vs M2M.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Domain Specific Applications of IoT:** IoT Design Methodology, Applications of IoT–Home, Health, Environment, Energy, Agriculture, Industry and Smart City.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. The 8051 Microcontroller: Programming, Architecture, Ayala & Gadre, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Cengage Publications, 2008
2. Sensors and Transducers, D. Patranabis, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, PHI Learning Private Limited, 2013
3. Internet of Things: A Hands-On Approach, Vijay Madiseti, Arshdeep Bahga, Universities Press, 2015

**REFERENCES:**

1. Embedded Systems: Architecture, Programming and Design, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, TMH
2. The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems: Using Assembly and C, Muhammad Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillispie Mazidi, Rolin D. McKinlay, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2005
3. Internet of Things with Raspberry Pi and Arduino, Singh, R., Gehlot, A., Gupta, L., Singh, B., Swain, M., Boca Raton, CRC Press, 2020



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(19OE1CS09) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE – A BEGINNER'S GUIDE

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand and analyze the basic concepts of artificial intelligence
- To identify, explore the complex problem-solving strategies and approaches
- To analyze the concepts of basic concepts of neural networks and learning process
- To explore and analyze the methodology used in machine learning and computer vision

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Understand and apply the basic concepts of artificial intelligence and its use cases. lives

**CO-2:** Explore the various search strategies and approaches for problem solving

**CO-3:** Correlate the fields related to AI, and articulate various learning paradigms

**CO-4:** Describe several issues and ethical concerns surrounding AI

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to AI:** What is AI-On Overview, History of AI, Applications and Examples of AI, AI Concepts, Terminology, Key fields of AI. AI Issues, Concerns, and Ethical Considerations.

**UNIT – II:**

**AI as Search Process:** On overview of Search Strategy. Types of Searches- Uninformed, Informed, Bidirectional search, Heuristic search. Local search, Local beam search, Adversarial Search.

**UNIT – III:**

**AI as Knowledge Exploration:** Introduction to Propositional Logic, Rules of Inference, First Order Logic (FOL) Syntax, Semantics, Entailment, Tools to represent knowledge.

**UNIT – IV:**

**AI as a Learning Task:** Introduction to Learning, Learning types -Supervised, Unsupervised, Reinforcement Learning, Machine learning, Deep Learning, The link between AI, ML, DL.

**UNIT – V:**

**AI as Neural Networks:** Introduction to biological neural networks. Link between biological neuron and artificial neuron. Architecture of artificial neural network, Types of Neural networks-single layer, multilayer, Back propagation networks.

**UNIT – VI:**

**The Future of AI:** Computer Vision - Seeing the World Through AI, Bots - Conversation as a Platform, AI and the society, AI in action-the Use Cases, Building AI Projects.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall, 2010
2. Machine Learning, Tom M. Mitchell, M. C. Graw Hill Publications
3. Neural Networks-A Comprehensive Foundation, Simon Haykin, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2004

**REFERENCES:**

1. Artificial Intelligence, Elaine Rich & Kevin Knight, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, TMH
2. Artificial Intelligence, A New Synthesis, Nils J. Nilsson, Elsevier
3. Artificial Neural Networks, Yegnanarayana B., PHI

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(19OE1CS10) BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY ESSENTIALS

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To introduce and get the technological overview of blockchain technologies
- To study the foundation of Blockchain Technology and demonstrate the various types of Blockchain
- To explore the application area of Blockchain Technology
- To introduce smart contract, consensus algorithm and Security Mechanism
- Introduction to available platforms to implement Blockchain Technology

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Understand and explore the Blockchain Technology

**CO-2:** Describe smart contract concepts

**CO-3:** Explore different types of Blockchain

**CO-4:** Develop the platforms to implement Blockchain Technology

**UNIT – I:**

**Fundamental of Blockchain Part I:** Introduction to Centralized, Decentralized and Distributed system, computer network peer to peer connection

**Fundamental of Blockchain Part II:** History of Blockchain, Various technical definitions of Blockchain. Generic elements of a blockchain: Block, Transaction, Node, Why It's Called "Blockchain", Characteristics of Blockchain Technology, Advantages of blockchain technology, Limitations of blockchain as a technology

**UNIT – II:**

**Concept of Blockchain Technology Part I:** Applications of blockchain technology, Tiers of blockchain technology Blockchain 0, Blockchain 1, Blockchain 2, Blockchain 3, Generation of Blockchain X, smart contract

**Concept of Blockchain Technology Part II:** Types of blockchain: Public blockchain, private blockchain, hybrid blockchain, examples of Public, private, hybrid blockchain and its merit and demerit.

**UNIT – III:**

**Technical Foundations Part I:** Component of block, Structure of Block chain, Technical Characteristics of the Blockchain, genesis block, Nonce

**Technical Foundations Part II:** Cryptography, Hashing, Distributed database, Consensus mechanisms, and basic of Cryptographic primitives, Technical Characteristics of Secure Hash Algorithms (SHA), Digital signature.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Consensus Algorithm:** Proof of work (PoW), Proof-of-Stake (PoS), Byzantine Fault Tolerance (BFT), Proof of authority (PoA), Confidentiality, Integrity, Authentication,

Permissioned ledger, Distributed ledger, Shared ledger, Fully private and proprietary blockchains, Tokenized blockchains, Tokenless blockchains, CAP theorem and blockchain

**UNIT – V:**

E-Governance and other contract enforcement mechanisms, Financial markets and trading, Trading, Exchanges, Trade life cycle, Order anticipators, Market manipulation.

**Crypto Currency:** Bitcoin, Bitcoin definition, Keys and addresses, Public keys in Bitcoin, Private keys in Bitcoin, Bitcoin currency units

**UNIT – VI:**

**Implementation Platforms:** Hyperledger as a protocol, Reference architecture, Hyperledger Fabric, Transaction Flow, Hyperledger Fabric Details, Fabric Membership, Fabric Membership

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Mastering Blockchain, Imaran Bashir, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Packt
2. Blockchain Basic, Daniel Drescher, A Press

**REFERENCES:**

1. Blockchain For Dummies®, IBM Limited Edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc

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(19OE1EI05) FUNDAMENTALS OF ROBOTICS AND DRONES

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To classify based on coordinate system and control system
- To acquire knowledge on different types of Power Sources and Sensors
- To classify different types of Manipulators, Actuators and Grippers
- To acquire knowledge on kinematics and Vision systems used for different Robots
- To acquire knowledge on the basics of Drones

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Acquire knowledge on different types of Power Sources (actuators) and Sensors, Manipulators, Actuators and Grippers

**CO-2:** Acquire knowledge on different applications of various types of robots

**CO-3:** Analyze the direct and the inverse kinematic problems and calculate the manipulator dynamics

**CO-4:** Acquire knowledge on the applications of Machine Vision in Robotics

**CO-5:** Acquire Knowledge on the basics of Drones

**UNIT – I:**

**Basic Concepts & Fundamentals:** An overview of Robotics, classification of Robots, Robot Components, Robot degrees of freedom, Robot Joints, Robot Coordinates, Robot reference frames, Programming modes, Robot Characteristics.

**UNIT – II:**

**Sensors and Actuators:**

**Sensors:** Sensors characteristics, Position sensors, velocity sensors, acceleration sensors, torque sensors, micro switches, lighten infrared sensors, touch and tactile sensors, proximity sensors, range finders.

**Actuators:** Characteristics of activating system, comparison of activating system Hydraulic devices, Pneumatic devices, electric motors, magneto-strictive actuators.

**UNIT – III:**

**Manipulators and Grippers:**

**Grippers:** Robot end effectors, Classification, drive system for Gripper, Mechanical Grippers, Magnetic Grippers, Vacuum Grippers, Adhesive Grippers, Hooks, Scoops and other Miscellaneous Devices, Gripper force Analysis and Gripper Design, Active and passive Grippers.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Kinematics:** Matrix representation of translational and Rotational motion – Homogeneous Transformation-DH representation of standard configuration Robots-

Inverse Kinematics. Joint space vs. Cartesian space-Basics of Trajectory planning in joint and Cartesian space.

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Robot Vision:** Low level and High-level vision, Image acquisition, Illumination Techniques, Imaging Geometry, Some Basic Relationships between Pixels, Segmentation, Description, Segmentation and Description of 3-D Structures, Recognition, Interpretation.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Basics of Drones:** Theory behind how drones work, individual components that makeup a drone, basic concepts involved radio-controlled model flying, building a complete quad copter drone from scratch

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Introduction To Robotics: Analysis, Control, Applications, Wiley, Saeed B. Niku, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition
2. Industrial Robotics, Technology Programming and Applications, Mikell P. Groover, Nicholas G Odrey, Mitchel Weiss, Roger N. Nagel, Ashish Dutta, McGraw Hill, 2012

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Robotics Technology and Flexible Automation, Deb S. R., John Wiley
2. Robots and Manufacturing Automation, Asfahl C. R., John Wiley
3. Robotic Engineering–An Integrated Approach, Klafter R. D., Chimielewski T. A., Negin. M, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
4. Drones for Beginners, Udemy

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	3	0	3

(19OE1IT08) FUNDAMENTALS OF CYBER SECURITY

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** Basic Knowledge of Computers, Basic Knowledge of Networking and Internet

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To identify the key components of cyber security in network
- To describe the techniques in protecting Information security
- To define types of analyzing and monitoring potential threats and attacks
- To access additional external resources to supplement knowledge of cyber forensics and laws

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Understand, appreciate, employ, design and implement appropriate security technologies

**CO-2:** Demonstrate policies to protect computers and digital information

**CO-3:** Identify & Evaluate Information Security threats and vulnerabilities in Information Systems

**CO-4:** Understanding computer forensics and analyzing them

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction to Cybersecurity:** Cybersecurity objectives, Cybersecurity roles, Differences between Information Security & Cybersecurity, Cybersecurity Principles - Confidentiality, integrity, & availability, Authentication & nonrepudiation, The Trinity of IT Security (CIA), Computer Protocols, Cookies, The TCP/IP

**UNIT – II:**

Who are the cyber criminals, Classification of cybercrimes, E-mail Spoofing, Spamming, Cyber defamation, Internet Time Theft, Salami Attack/ Salami Technique, Data Diddling, Forgery, Web Jacking, Newsgroup Spam/ Crimes Emanating from Usenet Newsgroup, Industrial Spying/Industrial Espionage, Hacking, Online Frauds, Pornographic Offenses, Software Piracy, Computer Sabotage, E-mail Bombing/Mail Bombs, UseNet Newsgroup as the Source of Cybercrimes, Computer Network Intrusions, Password Sniffing, Credit Card Frauds, Identity Theft.

**UNIT – III:**

**Cyber Offenses: How Criminals Plan Them:** Introduction, Categories of Cybercrime, How Criminals Plan the Attacks, Reconnaissance, Passive Attacks, Active Attacks, Scamming and Scrutinizing Gathered Information, Attack (Gaining and Maintaining the System Access), Social Engineering, Classification of Social Engineering, Cyber stalking, Types of Stalkers, Cases Reported on Cyber stalking, How Stalking Works?, Real-Life Incident of Cyber stalking, Cyber cafe and Cybercrimes,

#### **UNIT – IV:**

**Security Threats:** Introduction to security threats-Virus, Worms, Trojan horse, Bombs, Trap Door, E-Mail Virus, Virus Life cycle, How virus works?, Malware, Network and Services attack- Dos attacks, Types of Dos attacks, Methods of attacks, Examples of attacks-SYN flooding, TCP flooding ,UDP flooding ,ICMP flooding ,Smurf, Ping of death, Tear drop, Security threats to E-commerce-Electronic payment system, Credit card/Debit cards, Smart cards, E- money, Electronic Fund Transfer, E-commerce security System, Electronic Cash, Digital Signatures

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Introduction to Computer Forensics:** computer crimes, evidence, extraction, preservation, etc. Overview of hardware and operating systems: structure of storage media/devices; windows/Macintosh/ Linux -- registry, boot process, file systems, file metadata. Data recovery: identifying hidden data, Encryption/Decryption, Steganography, recovering deleted files. Digital evidence controls: uncovering attacks that evade detection by Event Viewer, Task Manager, and other Windows GUI tools, data acquisition, disk imaging, recovering swap files, temporary & cache files, Computer Forensic tools, Network Forensic. Computer crime and Legal issues: Intellectual property, privacy issues, Criminal Justice system for forensic, audit/investigative situations and digital crime scene, investigative procedure/standards for extraction, preservation, and deposition of legal evidence in a court of law.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Fundamentals of Cyber Law:** Evolution of the IT Act, Genesis and Necessity , Salient features of the IT Act, 2000, various authorities under IT Act and their powers, Penalties & Offences, amendments, Impact on other related Acts Cyber Space Jurisdiction - Jurisdiction issues under IT Act, 2000- Traditional principals of Jurisdiction - Extra-terrestrial Jurisdiction- Case Laws on Cyber Space Jurisdiction Sensitive Personal Data or Information (SPDI) in Cyber Law (a) SPDI Definition and Reasonable Security Practices in India (b) Reasonable Security Practices – International perspective

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Cyber Security- Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics and Legal Perspectives, Nina Godbole and Sunit Belpure, Wiley
2. Fundamentals of Cyber Security, Mayank Bhusan, Rajkumar Singh Rathore, Aatif Jamshed, BPB Publications
3. Cyber Law & Cyber Crimes, Advocat Prashant Mali, Snow White Publications, Mumbai

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Computer Forensics and Cyber Crime: An Introduction, Marjie T. Britz, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2013
2. Digital Forensics with Open-Source Tools. Cory Altheide and Harlan Carvey, Elsevier, 2011 (ISBN: 978-1-59749- 586-8)
3. Network Forensics: Tracking Hackers Through Cyberspace, Sherri Davidoff, Jonathan Ham Prentice Hall, 2012
4. Cyber Law in India, Farooq Ahmad, Pioneer Books
5. Information Technology Law and Practice, Vakul Sharma, Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd



VNR VIGNANA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

<b>B.Tech.</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
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**(19OE1IT09) FUNDAMENTALS OF DATA SCIENCE**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To learn concepts, techniques and tools they need to deal with various facets of data science practice, including data collection and integration
- To explore data analysis, predictive modeling, descriptive modeling, data product creation, evaluation, and effective communication
- To understand the basic knowledge of algorithms and reasonable programming experience and some familiarity with basic linear algebra and basic probability and statistics
- To identify the importance of recommendation systems and data visualization techniques

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Understand basic terms what Statistical Inference means. Identify probability distributions commonly used as foundations for statistical modeling. Fit a model to data

**CO-2:** Discuss the significance of exploratory data analysis (EDA) in data science and to apply basic tools (plots, graphs, summary statistics) to carry out EDA

**CO-3:** Apply basic machine learning algorithms and to identify common approaches used for Feature Generation

**CO-4:** Analyze fundamental mathematical and algorithmic ingredients that constitute a Recommendation Engine and to Build their own recommendation system using existing components

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** What is Data Science? - Big Data and Data Science hype – and getting past the hype - Why now? – Datafication - Current landscape of perspectives - Skill sets needed - Statistical Inference - Populations and samples - Statistical modeling, probability distributions, fitting a model - Intro to R

**UNIT – II:**

Exploratory Data Analysis and the Data Science Process - Basic tools (plots, graphs and summary statistics) of EDA - Philosophy of EDA - The Data Science Process - Case Study: Real Direct (online real estate firm) - Three Basic Machine Learning Algorithms- Linear Regression - k-Nearest Neighbors (k-NN) - k-means

**UNIT – III:**

One More Machine Learning Algorithm and Usage in Applications - Motivating application: Filtering Spam - Why Linear Regression and k-NN are poor choices for Filtering Spam - Naive Bayes and why it works for Filtering Spam

#### **UNIT – IV:**

**Data Wrangling:** APIs and other tools for scrapping the Web - Feature Generation and Feature Selection (Extracting Meaning From Data) - Motivating application: user (customer) retention - Feature Generation (brainstorming, role of domain expertise, and place for imagination) - Feature Selection algorithms – Filters; Wrappers; Decision Trees; Random Forests

#### **UNIT – V:**

**Recommendation Systems:** Building a User-Facing Data Product - Algorithmic ingredients of a Recommendation Engine - Dimensionality Reduction - Singular Value Decomposition - Principal Component Analysis - Exercise: build your own recommendation system - Mining Social-Network Graphs - Social networks as graphs - Clustering of graphs - Direct discovery of communities in graphs - Partitioning of graphs - Neighbourhood properties in graphs

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**Data Visualization:** Basic principles, ideas and tools for data visualization 3 - Examples of inspiring (industry) projects - Exercise: create your own visualization of a complex dataset - Data Science and Ethical Issues - Discussions on privacy, security, ethics - A look back at Data Science - Next-generation data scientists

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Doing Data Science, Straight Talk From The Frontline. Cathy O'Neil and Rachel Schutt, O'Reilly, 2014
2. Mining of Massive Datasets v2.1, Jure Leskovek, Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey Ullman, Cambridge University Press, 2014
3. Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective, Kevin P. Murphy, 2013 (ISBN 0262018020)

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Elements of Statistical Learning, Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani and Jerome Friedman, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2009 (ISBN 0387952845)
2. Foundations of Data Science, Avrim Blum, John Hopcroft and Ravindran Kannan
3. Data Mining and Analysis: Fundamental Concepts and Algorithms, Mohammed J. Zaki and Wagner Miera Jr. Cambridge University Press, 2014
4. Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques, Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber and Jian Pei, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2011 (ISBN 0123814790)

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<b>B.Tech.</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>T/P/D</b>	<b>C</b>
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**(19OE1AE05) INTRODUCTION TO ADVANCED VEHICLE TECHNOLOGIES**

**COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:** None

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the layout of an automobile and functionalities chassis elements
- To provide the concepts of automotive electrical systems and electric & hybrid vehicles
- To present various intelligent automotive systems and levels of vehicle autonomy

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the student should be able to

**CO-1:** Explain the functionalities of automotive systems and subsystems

**CO-2:** Discuss the concepts of automotive electrical systems and electric & hybrid vehicles

**CO-3:** Describe various intelligent automotive systems and levels of vehicle autonomy

**UNIT – I:**

**Introduction:** Classification of automobiles, layout of an automobile and types of bodies.

**Automotive Chassis:** Introduction to chassis systems - engine, cooling, lubrication, fuel feed, ignition, electrical, driveline - clutch, transmission, propeller shaft, differential, axles, wheels and tyres, steering, suspension and braking.

**UNIT – II:**

**Engine:** Working principle of four stroke and two stroke SI and CI engines, fuel system – layout of petrol and diesel fuel systems, electronic fuel injection - multi-point fuel injection, gasoline direct injection, common rail direct injection.

**UNIT – III:**

**Electrical System:** Simple automotive wiring diagram and components of electrical system, starting system – starter circuit, standard Bendix and over running clutch drive, charging system – alternator, cut-outs and regulators, ignition system - conventional and electronic ignition system.

**UNIT – IV:**

**Electric and Hybrid Vehicles:** Electric vehicle – Layout, components, configurations, advantages and limitations. Hybrid vehicle - Concepts of hybrid electric drivetrain based on hybridization and powertrain configuration, architecture of series, parallel and series-parallel hybrid electric drivetrains, modes of operation, merits and demerits.

**UNIT – V:**

**Intelligent Vehicle Systems:** Automotive navigation, night vision, head-up display, airbag, seat belt tightening system, immobilizers, adaptive cruise control, forward collision warning, lane departure warning and anti-lock braking system.

**UNIT – VI:**

**Autonomous Vehicles:** Levels of automation, research, challenges, commercial development, sensor systems, sensor suits, environmental challenges, graceful degradation, V2V and V2I communication, sharing the drive, integrity, security, verification and policy implications.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Advanced Vehicle Technology, Heinz Heisler, Butterworth Heinemann, 2002
2. Intelligent Vehicle Technologies: Theory and Applications, Ljubo Vlacic, Michel Parent and Fumio Harashima, Butterworth-Heinemann, Oxford, 2001
3. Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles: Fundamentals, Theory and Design, Mehrdad Ehsani, Yimin Gao, Sebastien E. Gay and Ali Emadi, CRS Press, 2004

**REFERENCES:**

1. Automotive Mechanics, Giri N. K., Khanna Publications, 2006
2. Automotive Electrical Equipment, Kohli P. L., Tata McGraw Hill Co., Ltd., New Delhi, 1975
3. Electric and Hybrid Vehicles – Design Fundamentals, Iqbal Husain, CRC Press, 2010
4. Autonomous Vehicle Technology-A Guide for Policymakers, James M. Anderson, Nidhi Kalra, Karlyn D. Stanley, Paul Sorensen, Constantine Samaras, Oluwatobi A. Oluwatola, RAND Corporation, Santa Monica, Calif., 2016